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The Chronicle.

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WHAT THE COMPTROLLER'S LETTER MEANS.

The activity in Wall street and the large and general rise in values have drawn attention again to the question of certifying checks. This custom, as is known, has grown up out of the necessities of a stock-brokers' business. In executing the order of a customer the broker is compelled to acquire possession of the bonds or stock and therefore to pay for the same, before he can make delivery and receive a check in return, or (if a margin business) before he can obtain the loan which enables him to carry the stock. Of course, where the business of a Louse is large, a very unusual capital would be required, if the broker were called upon to actually pay out the money in every case before he received it or had the security on which to borrow it. To bridge over such transactions, therefore, the system has grown up among the banks of certifying the check of the broker, he making it good with his customer's check or with the proceeds of the loan, before the close of bank hours. This plan has always been looked upon with disfavor, and yet in the absence of any other as a

tinued, since in practice very few losses have actually occurred.

The attention of the banks has finally been called to this subject, by the Comptroller of the Currency; and consequently, during the past week, efforts have been made to devise some plan which shall relieve the banks, and at the same time not cripple the business of Wall street. It is a question of much difficulty, but will have to be met some time; and from present appearances it would seem that the Comptroller is determined that it shall be forced to a solution now. Under pressure, perhaps a good substitute for the present system will soon be devised. Some of the bank presidents propose a clearing-house for stocks. This has often been suggested before, and something of the kind is now in operation in Philadelphia. Others seem to favor a fortnightly settlement, as in London.

Of course there are obvious objections to either of these proposals. And, in fact, no plan can be devised which will, at least for a time, work as smoothly and as easily as the present. For the purposes and convenience of the broker, nothing could be better or more simple, than the credit of the bank standing between the seller and the purchaser during the transfer of the security. But with the volume of transactions so much larger than ever before, and covering very many stocks which are acknowledged to be worth far less than their selling price, whether the bank should still continue to use its credit in this way, is another question. To be sure, it may be said that, although the apparent risk is very great, the losses in practice have proved to be extremely small. Yet the Comptroller well replies that there is in that no guaranty that the losses will always be small; that it was never a lawful or proper custom for the banks to adopt; that there is far more danger in it now than ever before; and that under the law he has no discretion, but is required to see that the practice is modified.

From all we can learn of the purposes of the Comptroller and the disposition of the banks, we are inclined to the opinion that this subject will not be dropped until some change is made; that the intention is to push the matter to a solution. Some propose that the banks avoid the law by giving a daily discount to their customers. To this, of course, no objection can be made in case the security for the loan is good; but if it is a simple advance without security and that kind of business is as largely engaged in as would be necessary to make it a full substitute for "over-certifications," the Bank Examiner could and probably would take exception to it. substitute, has seemed to be necessary, and has been con- We think, therefore, it is not wise for our brokers to

fancy that the effort is to end in that way, or in any way except by a change of system. There is a deep feeling among conservat ve classes that "over-certification" has been carried too far; that there is no good reason why our banks should be used in such a way; and that, although there have been few losses in the past, it is a dangerous practice which in some emergency may so involve these institutions as to disturb the commerce of the whole country. The Comptroller, therefore, has probably not acted on an impulse, nor will a little scolding frighten him from his purpose; he believes the step he has taken is right, and will, we think, as we have already said, pursue the course he has indicated until a change is made.

At the same time, we feel satisfied that a sudden, absolute divorcing of the banks from this business should not be attempted, and we do not believe it will be. The system is one of long growth, and is so interwoven with the operations in Wall street, that it cannot be ruthlessly rooted out, without working great harm. It has been winked at under the law for years, and the same law exists now that has existed. Furthermore, the stock broker's business is just as legitimate as any other. There has of late been excessive speculation in securities, so has there been in breadstuffs and in cotton; but it would be very unwise to condemn those trades on that account, or to take a step which would disorganize the business of either. We think, therefore, there will be no disposition to deal harshly in this matter; and yet Wall street should take notice that a change will have to be made, and it would be as well not to delay consultations and efforts to that end.

EFFECT OF HIGH PRICES ON BREADSTUFFS MOVEMENTS.

The speculation for an advance in prices of wheat, which made such rapid progress during September and the first half of October, has already produced effects of the most important character, not only in causing a decided reduction in the volume of exports, but in promoting a moderate increase of deliveries from the hands of farmers, and, as a natural consequence, leading to a great accumulation of stocks. We referred to the probability of such results, the Governors of the States which have adopted the and to a reaction in prices as the natural conclusion from such conditions, while the movement was in progress.

It seems that the exports of wheat (and flour reduced to wheat) from the principal Atlantic and Gulf ports of the United States and from Montreal, for the two weeks ending 29th October, were 8,722,000 bushels. This is a large aggregate, truly, but the important fact is that it falls 3,774,000 bushels below the aggregate for the two weeks ending Sept. 24, when the total was 12,496,000 bushels. This decrease is made the more emphatic by the fact that in the fortnight last reported, considerable supplies of Spring wheat were available for export, which was not the fact in the case of the fortnight ending Sept. 24. The increase in the deliveries from the hands of farmers has not been quite so marked, but is still import ant. The receipts of wheat at the principal Western markets for the fortnight ending October 25 were 9,747,200 bushels (including flour reduced to wheat), against 8,514,700 bushels for the fortnight ending September 27-an increase of 1,232,500 bushels, which is made the more significant by the known unwillingness of farmers to sell on a rising market. Besides, these figures do not represent the full movement of the crop. A great quantity of wheat comes from the Ohio Valley direct to the seaboard or through towns whose receipts are not included in the above totals.

Here we have, however, according to the statistics of the Produce Exchange, as effects of the speculative rise in the value of wheat, an increase in a fortnight of about 1,250,000 bushels in the quantity marketed and a decrease of more than 3,750,000 bushels in the quantity exportedan aggregate difference of about 5,000,000 bushels against the market for two weeks in October. Very naturally, therefore, we have a rapid increase of stocks. The quantity of wheat in store at New York, early in October, was less than two million bushels. It had increased last Saturday to but little less than four million bushels. Advices from Baltimore say that stocks of grain have accumulated there so much that it is difficult to procure storage. The aggregate visible supply in the principal markets of the United States, which was 17,180,443 bushels on the 27th September, had increased to 23,295,349 bushels on the 18th of October, and was 25,692,223 bushels last Saturday.

The decline in prices, that has taken place the past week, is therefore the result of the assertion of legitimate influences. It brings back the regular trade to a sounder basis. It will probably promote a healthier movement. The reduced prices are still dear, as compared with those at which the season opened. But the demand has become more extended since then, from the continued unfavorable weather in Great Britain. On the whole, therefore, the present position of the market is highly satisfactory.

HOW BIENNIAL SESSIONS WORK IN PRACTICE.

The Massachusetts legislature, at its last session-like our own State-passed a concurrent resolution for a constitutional amendment providing for biennial legislative sessions, and this action, in each State, if approved by their legislatures next year, will go to the people for ratification, only in this State the measure may go over to 1881 if the legislature omits to act upon it next year. In view of the pendency of the subject, the Boston Herald has recently performed a public service by applying to it the most direct and conclusive test possible—that of experience, as furnished on application to

Illinois has never had any other system, so the Governor cannot speak of the effects of a change; but he emphatically says that the people have found no trouble with it, and are perfectly satisfied. Extra sessions can be called at any time, and repeatedly have been; the legislature can also hold adjourned sessions, and has sometimes done so. Some of the newspapers in the State, during the last session, even advocated holding sessions for general legislation only once in six years, and several plans for that end were actually proposed and discussed in the legislature. In his opinion, any action which may be taken will be to limit the sessions to a fixed number of days. Governor Gear, of Iowa, who served eight years as a legislator, and two as Speaker of the House, declared that "biennial sessions are emphatically the best and decidedly the cheapest." Iowa adopted them in 1858, the Senators holding four years and the Representatives two. The people are satisfied, and would not tolerate a proposal to change back. There is too much legislation even under the present plan; during the last six years 160 to 180 laws have been passed at each session, of which only 60 or 70 are of a general character. He summed up the reasons for approving biennial meetings thus: "Less legislation, "less expense, less work to do over in remedying that

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"legislation, mor satisfaction, and less comp's nt from "the people." In Minnesota, Governor Pillsbury said that the biennial meeting saves about one-fourth of the current expenses of the State government. Last year, he said, the State tax .was 2 3-10 mills per dollar of assessed valuation; this year, 11 mills; next year, when the legislature meets again, it will be 2 mills. State Auditor, who has been seven years in his place, said also: "Every other year we save \$100,000, the direct "expenses of a session, and \$50,000 on printing, station-"ery and other incidentals. Besides, there is a great "saving in appropriations. At every session these are "swollen by combinations of interests in the legislature "and by downright jobbery. There would be just "about as much of combination and jobbery every ses-"sion if the legislature met once in six months, and I "think there will be no more of it in one biennial session "than there would be in one annual."

In Indiana, Governor Williams was equally emphatic in his approval. Since 1852, the plan has been in use, and after nineteen years' service in the legislature, before assuming his present office, he pronounces it both the cheapest and the most satisfactory plan. One very notable feature of advantage he thus states:

notable feature of advantage he thus states:

This plan prevents changes in laws from being made before legislation has had a fair trial. It insures that the State shall have, at least, eighteen months without any possible change in the law. For six months after the legislature has been in session everything is in confusion. A great many acts are passed with what we call an emergency clause, by virtue of which they come into effect immediately they are signed and long before they have been officially printed. Those that have not this emergency clause are not operative until the laws have been printed and circulated in the various counties. But all this time lawyers and the general public are constantly in doubt as to what changes have been made. If the legislature met every year, this would be still worse; but, as it is, we get at least eighteen months of rest between the sessions, which gives an opportunity of subjecting new laws to a fair trial.

In Pennsylvania the biennial plan, although adopted, has not yet come into actual trial, but Gov. Hoyt expects beneficial results from it, and mentions as in its favor that the cost of holding legislative elections will be greatly reduced and re-furnishing the legislative halls need not be done as often as formerly. The same constitutional provision which made the change, however, nearly doubled the membership in each house, so that little reduction of salaries will be effected, but he adds:

For many years before the adoption of the new constitution, the work of the legislature consisted, chiefly, in the enactment of local and special laws—acts of incorporation, divorce bills, local laws regulating the maintenance of the poor, local road laws, special enactments creating new election districts—and a variety of other local and special matters engaged the attention of the legislature. All this has been changed. The cities, counties and townships retain their local laws, but a general law has been passed for the organization of city governments, and the courts now have jurisdiction on many matters which formerly were subjects of legislative action. The tax laws of the State require revision, and, after that shall have been accomplished, there will remain but little work for the legislature except the passage of the necessary appropriation bills.

As for Connecticut, Gov. Andrews earnestly favore

As for Connecticut, Gov. Andrews earnestly favors the plan. The proposition originated in the legislature in 1878, and passed by an almost unanimous vote; last winter, it again passed, with only a single opposing voice, that one being the voice of the only Greenbacker in the House; it was also earnestly endorsed, in 1878, by a special commission appointed in 1877 to investigate the subject of reducing State expenditures. The plan, as stated in his last message, "would tend to give stability "and permanence to legislative action, would lessen the "legislative expense nearly or quite one-half, and would "in a great measure relieve us from the growing mis-"chief of over-legislation."

The unfortunate rejection of the plan in Connecticut,

popular feeling there on the subject. Its defeat probably arose from the fact that those who favored it thought little about it, assuming that its success was a matter of course, and did not even take care to vote; those opposed worked actively and secretly, and brought out every vote at their command. The features in the biennial plan which constitute its merits are the very ones which aroused interested opposition, and one shrewd member of the legislature exactly touched the point when he said that "the crop of politicians who live "on the annual election spoils would mostly 'winter-kill' "if they got a chance at the public crib only once in "two years." This observation is an excellent thing to be kept fresh in the memories of people who have no desire for perpetuating that particular sort of crop.

The tendency, during the last twenty years especially, has been to attempt by constitutional provisions to make legislative sessions less frequent and shorter, and to restrict the scope of legislation in many ways. No State which has once had biencial meetings-whether originally adopted or not-has ever abandoned them. This fact is the most unanswerable demonstration, and it will be a serious backward step if the amendment now pending in this State is oversloughed as was the case in Connecticut. On the contrary, we have hopes of yet seeing the restrictive plan applied to Congress itself.

WHAT NEXT? (Communicated.)

After the writer appeared before the Silver Commission in November, 1876, he ventured to add to his testimony then given a suggestion that silver might have been depreciated by the excessive production of gold since 1850 rather than of silver, and he then and has elsewhere held that in spite of the substitution of gold for silver as the legal tender of Germany, and the consequent displacement of silver in the bank reserves of that country, it appeared that there had been gold enough in stock in other countries to supply this abnormal demand of Germany, without causing any scarcity of gold anywhere.

He has also held at various times that although Germany had displaced silver as an unlimited legal tender, and although France had ceased to coin silver, yet by neither act had it been demonetized. Silver is still true money, but of limited tender, in Germany and in this country, and has always been so in Great Britainsince gold became the standard or full tender.

Neither gold nor silver has become money by any process of law, but through custom based upon their fitness to serve the purpose; and as they have not been monetized by law, neither can either be demonetized by

All that law can do is to prescribe the weight of metal to be put into each coin and define by means of legaltender acts in what metal or coin a contract shall be

An alteration of the act of legal tender may cause a temporary disuse of one metal or the other, at a particular time and in a particular place. This is what Germany did.

The amount or quantity of silver affected by the action of Germany has therefore been only the sum formerly constituting the bank reserve—a sum absolutely large in itself, but relatively to the world's stock very small indeed.

Hence it seemed reasonable to suppose that as silver had not lost its purchasing power in the East, the sum there is every reason to believe, does not represent the disused in Germany would gradually find its way there. This appears to have happened—Germany has ceased to sell, the stock of silver is rather light in London, and the price of silver has been slowly and steadily rising, being now above 53d. per ounce. It is evident that silver is now finding its new ratio to gold, which must be determined by the relative supply, demand and use. The use of silver may in fact, have been but little affected in the long run by the action of Germany, as the silver-using races are vastly the most numerous and, as has been stated, silver still is and must continue to be very largely used as money even by Germany and other European States, as well as by ourselves.

Silver has not been and cannot be demonetized anywhere; but, to coin a word after a German fashion, it has been de-legal-tender-ized in some countries.

In attempting to forecast the future ratio of silver to gold, under these new conditions, the fact must not be forgotten that the relative production of gold since the discoveries in California and Australia has been and still is vastly greater than that of silver. That is to say, there has been a vastly greater sum of gold added to the money of the world than of silver, and in ratio to the existing quantity of metal in use, the production of gold is still much greater than that of silver. Silver may yet rise even above its old ratio, although this is not probable, but a rise to or near to its old ratio may be very near.

It has happened that even while Germany was substituting gold for silver in the manner described, the largest accumulation of gold which I believe was ever known, has accumulated in the Banks of France and England.

There has been no scarcity of gold anywhere, and may it not therefore be said that the abundance or excess of gold has been the cause of the temporary depreciation of silver? If Germany had not made a demand for gold for its bank reserves and full legal tender, where would the gold have accumulated, and what would have been the effect of its accumulation? Witness the vast sums that have piled up in France and England, in spite of the German demand.

It is upon this accumulation of gold in France and England that we also have lately been drawing, and although we have already depleted it in the sum of over \$50,000,000 since January 1, mostly in the last few weeks, still no scarcity of gold as yet appears anywhere.

How long we can continue this draft upon Europe without causing a temporary scarcity of gold, remains to be seen.

This country holds an absolute control over the gold reserve of the world and can draw upon it at will in payment for corn, meat, oil, and cotton, as the writer has many times attempted to prove during the past years when it has been alleged that we could not obtain gold for resumption purposes.

We now appear to have reached the beginning or perhaps have entered considerably upon the period of inflation upon a specie basis, long since predicted as likely to ensue after resumption.

Our great danger now consists in the continued use of legal tender United States notes nominally convertible into coin on demand, and until that danger is averted by a decision of the Supreme Court depriving the existing notes of their legal-tender quality, there can be no absolute assurance of stability in our finances. On the other hand, no absolute danger can be foreseen from this cause because we have as yet no experience on which to base the future of this country under its present conditions. What the people of this country may

accomplish, freed from the curse of slavery—served by 80,000 miles of railway and furnished with a currency on a specie basis, even though not the soundest possible—can hardly be conceived. No one can predict the precise danger, but the danger exists and may become active at almost any moment. He who could foretell the next ample harvest in Europe would be likely to predict the date of reaction here. We cannot predicate a continuance of prosperity on the continued adversity of our largest customers. Either their power of purchase must soon be impaired by continued adversity or they will not need to make such excessive purchases because they will have a larger home product.

The writer has been led to the present consideration of the subject by reading a paper presented by Mr. Robert Giffen to the Statistical Society of England, and published in their journal in March, 1879—a paper often referred to.

In this paper Mr. Giffen attempts to prove an appreciation or scarcity of gold by a comparison of prices at various dates.

It is admitted that the suspension of specie payments in this country and in several countries of Europe, may have caused a temporary and local excess and consequent depreciation of gold in Great Britain and an advance in gold prices in England between 1861 and the panic of 1873, and that there has been in England an aypreciation of gold since 1873, but this alleged appreciation even in England has been rather a restoration to a more normal condition than prevailed in that period of war inflation and extravagance from 1861 to 1873. If Mr. Giffen attempts to prove a general scarcity of gold for existing use, it seems to be now apparent that the facts are against him. Prices are now again rising in Europe as well as here; we have retained our own product of gold for many months, and have also drawn \$50,000,000 from Europe; yet the bank reserves in gold of Europe are still enormous.

But Mr. Giffen attempted in January last to prove much more than a temporary aberration in England only, and alleged that we had entered upon a gradual appreciation of gold as indicated by falling prices. For this purpose a list of the prices of 22 staple articles, compiled in the *Economist* annually since 1845, was used. In this list the average prices in London from 1845 to 1850 are established each at a standard of 100; the average of the 22 therefore gives an index number of 2,200. After 1850 the new gold supplies became an important factor in prices.

but in prices.		
The articles in this list	are—	
Coffee. Sugar. Tea. Tobacco. Wheat. Butchers' meat. Cotton of all kinds. Raw silk. Flax and hemp. Wool. Indigo.	12. Oils. 13. Timber. 14. Tallow. 15. Leather. 16. Copper. 17. Iron. 18. Lead. 19. Tin. 20. Cotton-wool, Pernambuco only. 21. Cotton yarn. 22. Cotton eloth.	
Tea. Tobacco. Wheat. Butchers' meat. Cotton of all kinds. Raw silk. Flax and hemp. Wool.	14. Tallow. 15. Leather. 16. Copper. 17. Iron. 18. Lead. 19. Tin. 20. Cotton-wool, Pernambuco e 21. Cotton yarn.	only.

In 1865 and 1866 the highest point was reached, the index numbers being respectively 3,575 and 3,564, both years having been greatly affected by the high prices of cotton.

In 1873 the index number marked 2,947, since which there has been a progressive decline, until Jan. 1, 1879, marked 2,227, or only a trifle above 1845–1850. Of 1879 we have as yet no record, but July 1, 1879, must have marked a lower index number than 1845–1850 by a small percentage.

A decline in prices in England has therefore been established, and a return to the ratio of a period when gold was relatively scarce is admitted—that is to the

ratio prevailing before the gold discoveries of 1849 and 1850. Other things being equal, Mr. Giffen's position would be completely established, -but are other things

equal?

Very far from it; and it may be held that in the very fact that the prices of these commodities are not very far below the index number of 1815-50 is to be found conclusive proof that gold has greatly depreciated since that date, because, in respect to almost every one of the commodities included in the list, there has been either a very great reduction in the cost of production or a very great increase in the supply relative to the demand, both facts tending to a decrease in the prices, if the supply of the precious metals had been kept uniform to the demand as compared to the previous quarter of a century. A slight consideration will prove this point. In respect to all the commodities named there has been a great decrease in the cost of transporting to England. This may suffice as to coffee, tea, raw silk, flax, hemp, and indigo. In respect to other articles named below the following points must be considered.

Sugar .- A vast improvement in the manufacture and in refining.

Tobacco.-Free labor in the United States, already cheaper and more effective than slave labor.

Wheat .- A revolution in the mode of production in the United States and the change which the railroad and steamship have made in distribution.

Butchers' Meat and Leather .- Texas, Colorado and the steamship combined.

Cotton.—Free labor and steadily increasing supplies at less and less cost.

Cotton Cloth and Yarn .- One operative now produces as much as three did in 1845-50.

Oils.—The discovery and use of petroleum and the use of cotton seed oil.

Timber.-The depletion of forests must have caused a rise in value. This is the only case of the kind in the list.

Wool and Tallow .-- California, Australia, Texas, and Oregon, with their vast flocks, unknown in 1845-50.

Copper.-The Calumet and Hecla mine alone sufficient to

reduce the price the world over. Lead and Tin .- Increased supplies and low cost of trans-

Iron.-The Bessemer process and all the other vast improve-

ments in metallurgy and in mining. In all the other products, arts and manufactures, who

can measure the reduction of the labor cost? Cannot one hand do as much as three in 1845-50 in almost any one that can be named?

It must be remarked here that since 1852 there has been a singular uniformity in the production of gold and silver combined, and this has been used as an argument for bi-metallism. In Cernuschi's last pamphlet a table is given of "Money issued by Mines, Mountains and Rivers," from 1849 to 1878 inclusive. The great annual production was reached in 1852, £26,550,000 of gold, £8,120,000 of silver; total, £34,670,000. The varia. tion since then has been, £4,500,000 over in 1853, £3,000,000 less in 1862, the average of 27 years having been £33,677,000. The total product of gold and silver for 27 years, according to this statement, has been as follows:

Gold. £617,905,060 Silver. 291,390,000 £909,295,000 \$4,400,987,800

This is rather a large sum, but it may be remarked that the value of the American cotton crop of the last ten years has been \$2,500,000,000 to \$3,000,000,000 in gold. We need more cotton than we do gold or silver.

But such a production of gold and silver the world never witnessed before.

What next? Surface washing is ended. In respect

to gold, hydraulic mining is established, and the Comstock lode also yields as much gold as silver. In respect to silver, Leadville now leads. Who knows the quantity of either gold or silver yet to come?

No scarcity of gold is yet apparent, and probably none will come, as the fund in Europe seems ample, and silver is in excess of all wants, but is being slowly absorbed by the East, and rising in ratio to gold.

Prior to 1850, not a mine of gold or silver of any importance was under the control of an English-speaking race, or within reach of science or the railway.

Now, the Western territories are permeated by 5,000 miles of rail, still extending. New Mexico and Arizona are just being explored. Science is applied under safe conditions; law is enforced, or soon to be, even in the most distant places; abundance is assured, and plenty of laborers are to be had at low wages. What next? What effect on land and mortgages? What effect on national debts, if these new factors in the supply yield larger and larger products of gold and silver, at lower

In the United States, liberty, peace, and order, with no standing army, and 50,000,000 of people in 1880, and nearly or quite 100,000,000 in 1900. What next?

The great plains are now fully stocked, and can carry no more cattle; therefore a number of cattle corresponding to each year's increase must come to market in that year. We cannot ourselves eat all our corn, wheat, pork, or cheese, and a good harvest in Europe next year may check the foreign demand upon us. If another bad harvest occurs there, how can Europe pay for our stores, even though the food be needed?

Lower prices of food must follow, and lower cost of manufacturing. It is useless to forecast the effect of such forces. What next?

What will or may come from an excess of food of all kinds, accompanied by an excess of both gold and

A study of the experience of England from the period of resumption in 1821 to the great financial collapse in 1825-6, on a nominally specie basis, might be useful reading at this time, and might perhaps cause a more intense desire to see the legal-tender notes withdrawn while the time is propitious. They constitute the subtle poison in our apparently full cup of prosperity. May not these notes cause the same inflation that was caused by the country bank notes in England at that time? It is true that the notes themselves cannot be dishonored, but the credits based upon them may work infinite mischief.

There is gold enough and to spare, silver more than enough. The legal-tender notes constitute an excess of what is used as money. It is not and cannot be money, but only a substitute for it. Law can make it serve a temporary use, but cannot give it value. It is not the purpose of this paper to re-argue this question, but only to present facts that prove an abundance of gold as well as silver, and to give all those who are determined to be rid of legal-tender paper money a more complete demonstration of the absence of any reason for its con-E. A. tinued use.

Boston, Oct. 30, 1879.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR SEPTEMBER, 1879.

[Prepared by the Bureau of Statistics.]

Below are the imports and exports of the United States for the month ended Sept. 30, 1879, and for the nine and the twelve months ended the same, compared with like data for the corresponding periods of the year immediately preceding.

[Corrected to October 27, 1879.] MERCHANDISE.

September (as as a his	For the month of September.	For the 9 months end- ed Sept. 30.	For the 12 months end- ed Sept. 30.
1879.—Exports—Domestic Foreign	\$64,130,1×8 714,605		\$708,728,766 11,054,664
Total			\$719,783,430 462,937,153
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports		\$160,894,246	\$256,846,277
1878.—Exports—Domestic Foreign	\$57,202,960 932,007		\$713,839,919 14,627,187
Total		\$533,939,277 324,611,718	\$728,467,106 433,543,769
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports	\$20,722,335	\$209,327,559	\$294,923,337

COLD	4 300	CITATION	/aom	ABTE	DETERMON
GOLD	AND	SILVER	(COIN	AND	BULLION).

1879.—Exports—Domestic	\$896,603	\$15,597,473	\$18,896,842
Foreign	334,397	5,436,390	7,042,887
Total	\$1,231,000	\$21,033,863	\$25,939,729
	28,361,587	46,515,595	53,104,550
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports	\$ 27,130,587	\$	\$ 27,164,821
1878.—Exports—Domestic	\$266,500	\$16,262,021	\$20,692,783
Foreign	391,191	5,697,313	6,762,264
Total	\$657,691	\$21,959,334	\$27,455,047
	1,578,888	22,278,788	27,932,929
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports	\$921,197	\$ 319,454	\$477,882

TOTAL MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE

TOTAL MUNICIPALITY OF BUILDING					
1879.—Exports—Domestic Foreign	\$65,026,791 1,049,002	\$524,498,260 13,166,237	\$727,625,608 18,097,551		
Total	\$66,075,793 72,586,293	\$537,664,497 402,251,983	\$745,723,159 516,041,703		
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports	6,510,500		\$229,681,456		
1878.—Exports—Domestic Foreign	\$57,469,460 1,323,19×	\$539,720,863 16,177,748			
Total	\$58,792,658 38,9\$1,520		461,476,698		
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports	\$19,601,138	\$209,008,106	\$294,445,455		

Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— OCTOBER 16.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
On-	Time.	Rate.	Latest Date.	Time.	Rate.
Amsterdam .	Short.	12.112@12.214	Oct. 16	Short.	12.10
Amsterdam .	3 mos.	12.334@12.414			
Antwerp		25.55 @25.60	Oct. 16	Short.	25.34
Paris	Short.	25.2712@25.3712	Oct. 16	66	25.2912
Paris	3 mos.	25.4212@25.4712	000.10		20 20 -2
Hamburg	66	20.59 @20.63			
Berlin	46	20.59 @20.63	Oct. 16	Short.	20:35
Frankfort	46	20.59 @20.63	000.10	Short.	
Leipzig		20.59 @20.63	1		*****
St.Petersb'rg	66	241516@25116	Oct. 14	3 mos.	25^{7}_{8}
Copenhagen.	66	18.42 @18.46	000.14		20.8
Vienna		11.95 @12.00	Oct. 16	3 mos.	117.30
Madrid	66	4678@47	Oct. 16	o mos.	47:50
Cadiz	46	47 @4718			47'00
Lisbon	90 days		*****		*****
Claraca	3 mos.		0.1.10	0	00.40
Genoa New York			Oct. 16	3 mos.	28.40
			Oct. 16	Short.	4.82
Alexandria			Oct. 17	3 mos.	· · · · · · · ·
Bombay	60 days		Oct. 16		18. 814d.
Calcutta			Oct. 16	"	18. 85 ₁₆ d.
Hong Kong .			O.t. 16	66	3s. 84d.
Shanghai			Oct. 16	66	5s. 15sd.

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, October 18, 1879.

The cheerfulness which has recently become apparent in certain departments of our commerce and also on the Stock Exchange has continued, and as far as trade is concerned there is some reason to believe that the improvement will be maintained. It would be unwise, however, to believe that we have suddenly changed our position from one of depression to actual prosperity; but the alteration has been great, and most probably we shall now make steady and favorable progress. It has long been a difficult question to understand how it was that prices remained so low without attracting the attention of numerous buyers. Previous to the recent depression, speculators regarded it as safe to buy when prices were below the average of seven years. As regards many commodities this has been the situation for about two years, and yet it is only within the last fortnight or three weeks that any impetus has been given to the markets, and this has been chiefly the effect of American purchases and speculations. The business transacted in metals, and especially in iron rails and old rails, has been very extensive, and prices have advanced to a considerable extent. The tin and copper trades have also been much more active, and the advance established in prices has been important. The trade for jute manufactures has also been more

active, large shipments having been made to the United States; but though the state of the cotton and woolen trades has been more satisfactory, there has been a much smaller participation in the improvement in them than in the other branches of commerce to which reference has been made. It is contended, and no doubt the inference is a correct one, that had the harvest in this country been a good average, and the agricultural classes more prosperous, the trade of the country would have been more active than it is. Fortunately, the war in South Africa has terminated, and further resistance to. British power in Afghanistan is seen to be useless. Even allowing for some unforeseen difficulties, which are likely to arise when barbarous or treacherous races have to be dealt with, it may be said that the British Empire is virtually at peace, and it is to be hoped that, after the troubles of the last two or three years in Europe, efforts will be made to promote that confidence in a pacific future the want of which has been felt so much, and which has contributed largely to the contraction of the world's commerce. But yet, Great Britain and Europe must not be too sanguine in regard to a largely-augmented commerce. As far as Southeastern Europe is concerned, the difficulties which have been so prominent of late years have not yet been surmounted, and there are some indications that Germany and Russia are not upon the best of terms. It is, nevertheless, evident that it would be very unwise for any European power to break the peace, as serious complications would arise. The anxieties, however, which such uncertainties give rise to, are contrary to the commercial interests, and must be taken into account. Again, the harvest has been very indifferent throughout the greater part of Europe, and, large sums of money having been remitted to pay for imported grain, the money markets of the Continent are assuming a firmer appearance. Large standing armies are also a drawback to commercial prosperity, and tend to diminish the purchasing power of the nation. Great Britain is certainly deriving the greatest benefit from the improved trade, and this is something in favor of a free-trade policy, to which the country intends to adhere.

France has been borrowing here, and gold has been sent away in larger quantities from this market to the United States. Germany has also taken a small supply, and the money market has, in consequence, presented a firmer appear-Last week the rate for three months' bills was only about 1/6, but it is now 11/4 per cent. The mercantile demand for money does not, however, appear to have improved, although it is said that in some quarters a better supply of mercantile paper exists. The increase in "other securities" is probably due chiefly to loans upon stocks, owing to the settlement here and on the Paris Bourse. This week's Bank return shows principally the payment of the dividends, though not to the same extent as that of last week. The Government have repaid the Bank a sum of £200,000; but as the Chancellor of the Exchequer cannot expect much revenue until the commencement of the new year, it will be very necessary for the Government to show as much thrift as possible. The elections, which cannot be far distant, will make it prudent for the Government to adopt a policy in this respect which will prove that, while they are taunted with extravagance, they have been able to combine efficiency with economy. The present quotations for money are as follows:

Per cent.

The following are the rates of interest allowed by the jointstock banks and discount houses for deposits:

Joint-stock banks.
Discount houses at call.
do with notice.

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of Middling Upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years:

	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Circulation, including	£	£	£	£
bank post bills	29,195,023	30,131,954	28,654,853	29,362,482
Public deposits	5.077,552	3,156,132	5,147,500	5,422,087
Other deposits	33,676,097	27,321,4 3	20,629,635	29,857,947
Governm't securities.	19,370,528	16,937,672	15,718,604	17,802,925
Other securities	17,771,748	23,024,358	18,575,244	16,107,468
Res've of notes & coin.	19,591,042	8,517,315	9,478,439	19,396,451
Coin and bullion in both departments	33,430,802	23,354,145	22,782,936	33,357,501
Proportion of reserve	50.09	27.69	36-27	54:36

	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Bank rate	2 p. c. 9734	4 p. c. 9419	5 p. c. 9434	2 p. c.
Consols	9734			94
Eng. wheat, av. price.	48s. 8d.	33s. 9d.	52s. 2d.	46s. 2d.
Mid. Upland cotton	6111ad.		612d.	5581.
No. 40 mule twist	91gd.	912d.	1034d.	10d.
Clearing-house return. 10	3,030,000	102,027,000	115,364,000	101,240,000

The Continental exchanges are less favorable to us, and as the American exchange has declined to 4.80%, a considerable quantity of gold has been forwarded to New York. A small amount has been also sent to Berlin. Silver is decidedly scarce, and is now worth 521/4d. per ounce. Mexican dollars are worth 503/4d. per ounce.

The following are the current rates of discount at the principal foreign markets:

Bank rate. Pr. ct.	Open market. Pr. ct.	Bank rate. Pr. et.	Open market. Pr. ct.
Paris 2	13402	St. Petersburg 5	534@6
Brussels 3 ¹ 2 Amsterdam 3	318@338	Vienna & Trieste. 4 Madrid, Cadiz &	3404
Berlin 412	418@138	Barcelona 4	4 @5
Hamburg 4 ¹ ₂ Frankfort 4 ¹ ₂		Lisbon & Oporto. 5 Calcutta 6	5 @6
Leipzig 412		Copenhagen 312@4	312@4
Geneva 4 Geneva 212	212	New York	6 @7

The stock markets were very firm in the early part of the week, and the value of British and American railroad securities had a strong upward tendency; but the outflow of gold from the Bank and the upward movement in the value of money on the Continent have induced speculators to take their profits, and a relapse has in consequence taken place. During the past fortnight business has been conducted on the Stock Exchange upon a large scale, but prices having in many instances experienced an important rise, a more cautious policy is now considered judicious.

The wheat trade during the week has presented a very firm appearance, and prices have risen fully 3 per cent per quarter. The deliveries of home-grown produce continue upon a very limited scale, and the quality is still very poor. The exports from the United States to Europe being reported as less extensive, and the imports from Russia small, the tone of the trade is exceedingly buoyant, and a further advance in the quotations s looked upon as certain. It is evident that we are alm ost entirely dependent upon America for supplies, and as there is considerable competition for them, it is by no means improbable that wheat will become very dear. The weather has been very favorable for agricultural work, but there seems to be indications of a severe winter. Snow has already fallen in Scotland. pretty certain to have it much their own way throughout the season, and as a fair quantity of produce has now changed han's at satisfactory prices, and as growers are becoming financially strong, less disposition will be shown to realize except at a further and perhaps important rise in price.

During the week ended October 11 the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales amounted to only 19,361 quarters, against 60,129 quarters in the corresponding week of last year; while it is computed that they were in the whole kingdom 77,500 quarters, against 240,500 quarters in 1878. Since harvest the sales in the 150 principal markets have been 109,896 quarters, against 404,267 quarters; while it is computed that they have been in the whole kingdom 439,600 quarters, against 1,617,000 quarters in the corresponding period of 1878. Without reckoning the supplies furnished ex-granary, it is computed that the following quanti-ties of wheat and flour have been placed upon the British

markets since narvest:			
Imports of wheat.cwt. 9,985,998 Imports of flour 1,452,311 Sales of home-grown	1878. 7,594,454 860,759	1877. 7,297.203 838,992	1876. 5,052,113 720,006
produce 1,903,000	7,007,400	5,935,200	6.981,000
Total	15,462,613	14,066,395	12,753,129
wheat and flour 178,892	401,571	290,250	156,104
Result13,164,417	15,061,042	13,763,875	12,597,025

The following figures show the imports and exports of cereal produce into and from the United Kingdom during the first seven weeks of the present season, compared with the corres ponding period in the three previous years:

TMPORTS.

vinelinositi (* inches	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Wheatcwt.	9,985,998	7,591,454	7,296,203	5,052,113
Barley	2.007,441	2.085,327	1.530,859	1,647,674
Oats	2,234.828	1.345.182	1.941,470	1.427.036
Pens	62,641	228,737	133,173	122,508
Beans	343,330	201,397	635,788	718,406
Indian corn	3,363,937	5,450,658	3,992,988	6,643,774
Flour	1,452,311	860,759	838,992	720,006

	EXP	ORTS.		1 100
and the second second	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Wheatewt.	153,090 3,459	388,2:4 11,123	285,9 9	149,098
Oats	1,807	10,221	1×,021	4,-23
PeasBeans	13,404 3,273	2,542 629	2, 38 1,743	1,788 2,858
Indian corn	236,5:14	44.691	22,256	81,638
Flour	25,802	13,347	4,521	7,066

English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, as reported by cable, are shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £1,160,000 during the week.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
	Oct.	Oct.	Ort.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.
	25.	27.	24.	29.	30.	31.
	5284	53	5318	53916	5334	53%
Consols for money 9	715:8	971516	971516	971816	9778	971316
Consols for account 9	18	98	98	971316	9778	971316
U. S. 5s of 1881		10519	10512	1054	10538	1054
U. S. 4128 of 189110		1093_{8}	10938	10938	1093	10912
U. S. 4s of 190710	0558	10558	10558	10538	10519	10512
Erie, common stock 4		4238	4038	3934	41	4012
Illinois Central10	00	10112	10012	100	100	10049
Pennsylvania			4912	4934	49'9	493
Philadelphia& Reading.	30	31	3112	3034	:18	304

Liverpool Votton Market .- See special report on co. to 1.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market .-

	Sa	it.	Mo	n.	Tue	28.	We	d.	Thu	irs.	Fr	i.	
	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	
Flour (ex. State) \$\pi\$ bbl.	.30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	0	30	6	
Wheat,spr'g,No.2,100lb	.11	0	11	0	10	9	10	8	10	6	10	8	
Spring, No. 3 "													
Winter, West.,n. "	11	7	11	7	11	6	11	5	11	3	11	4	
Southern, new . "	11	8	11	8	11	7	11	6	11	4	11	6	
Av. Cal. white "	11	3	11	3	11	2	11	2	11	2	11	2	
California club. "	11	11	11	11	11	9	11	9	11	9	11	9	
Corn, mix., West. # cent'	1 5	10	5	10	5	91	3 5	9	5	8	5	812	

Liverpool Provisions Warket .-

Sa	t.	Mo	n.	Tue	.86	We	d.	Thu	ırs.	Fr	i.
8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.
Pork, West. mess \$\text{9bbl.52}	0	52	0	52	0	52	0	52	0	52	0
Bacon, long clear, cwt33	6	34	0	34	0	34	0	34	0	34	0
Short clear " 34	6	35	0	35	0	33	0	35	0	35	0
Beef, pr. mess, \$\pi\ tierce.82	0	82	0	82	0	82	0	82	0	82	0
Lard, prime West. Wewt.38	6	38	6	39	Ö	39	0	37	6	37	6
Cheese, Am. choice " 63	0	63	0	63	0	63	0	63	0	62	0

London Petroleum Mark t .-

	Sat.	N	ion.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Pet'leum, ref. 🔁 gal Pet'leum, spirits "	714		@7 ¹ 8	7	6 2713	6120658	65 2719

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports of last and from several parts of the Continent reports of frost and of , week, compared with those of the preceding week, show early winter are published. The holders of good wheat are a decrease in dry goods and an increase in general merchandise. The total imports were \$7.798,317, against \$7,141,839 the preceding week and \$6.281,664 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Oct. 28 amounted to \$7,910,906, against \$7,763,314 last week and \$9,736,556 the previous week. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Oct 23 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Oct. 24:

Dry Goods General mdse	1876.	1877. \$929,015 3,941,758	1878. \$1,155,107 4,408,409	1879. \$1,776.894 6,021,423
Total week Prev. reported	\$2,901,027 234,906,209	\$4,873,773 266,061,927	\$5,563,516 232,152.829	\$7,798,317 260,719,283
	CONTRACTOR AND	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY.	NAME OF BUILDING STREET	THE STREET, ST

Tot. s'ce Jan. 1..\$237,807,236 \$270,935,700 \$237,716,345 \$269,517,600

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Oct. 28:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

For the week Prev. reported	1876. \$3,678,469 215,055,980	1877. \$7,808,369 228,499,408	\$5,69;,537 292.942.569	1879. \$7,910,906 27x,794,639
Tot. s'ce Jan. 1	\$218,734,448	\$236,307,777	\$288,639,106	\$286,705,565

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Oct. 25, 1879, and also a comparison of the total since January 1, 1879, with the corresponding totals for several previous years:

21-Str. Colon	84,150
23-Str. Baltic Liverpool Mex. silv. dols.	20,615
23-Str. Santo Domingo. Cape HaytlenAm. silv. coin	4,000
Mex. silv. dols.	51,920

Tot. since Jan.1,'79 (\$10	989,331 silv., and \$2,05	5,738 go'd).\$13.045,069
Same time in-	Same time in—	Same time in-
1878 \$11,103,094	Same time in— 1874 \$44,766,875	1870 \$54,703.285
1877 24,513,615	1873 44,551,850	1869 29,248,648
1876 41,288,166	1872 63,149,461	1868 67,942,601

The imports of specie at this port for the same periods have sen as follows:

Oct. 20—Str. Canima	Foreign gold	\$9,288
20-Str. C. of Richmond. Liverpool	Am. gold	243,325
20-Str. C. of Vera Cruz. Vera Cruz	Gold bars	233,592 6,528
20-Str. C. Of Vera Cruz Vera Cruz	Am. gold	12.850
	Foreign silver.	44,045
	Foreign gold	1,646
	Silver bars	325
20-Str. Alvo Greytown and		020
pinwall	Am. silver	526
	Am. gold	435
21-Str. Wieland Hamburg	Foreign gold	655,390
Havre	Foreign gold	823,145
21-Str. Pereire	Am. silver	193
	Foreign gold	1,681,995
	Gold bars	96,500
22-Str. ScythiaLiverpool	Foreign gold	214,061
	Gold bars	85,862
23-Str. ClaribelPorto Rico		13,122
	Am. gold	2,138
	Foreign silver.	264
04 04 4	Foreign gold	1,300
24-Str. Acapulco Aspinwall		8,642
	Am. gold	2,233
	Silver bars	1,700
	Gold bars	4,200 500
24-Str. EtnaKingston	Am silver	
24-5tr. EtuaKingston	Am. gold	650
	Foreign gold	1,460
24-Brig Thetis Curacoa	Am silver	300
24-Ding Tuens Curacoa	Am. gold	840
25-Str. CelticLiverpool	Am. gold	243,325
25-Str. Donau Southampton	Trade dola	72,998
Do Dur Dominion	Am. gold	484,509

Total for the week (\$149,143 silver, and \$4,798,244 gold)....\$4,947,387 Previously reported (\$6,726,747 silv., and \$43,844,948 gold).50,571,695

Tot. since Jan. 1,'79 (\$6	.875.890 silv	and \$48.6	43.192 g'd)	\$55,519,082
Same time in—	Same time	e in—	Same tir	ne in-
1878 \$17,766,292	1874	\$5,322,555	1870	\$11,108,919
1877 12,572,691	1873	13,720,787		14,778,523
1876 8,574,907	1872	5,206,549	1868	6,380,793
1875 11,095,163	1871	8,402,517	1867	2,870,374

The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

	1		112	Balar	ices.
		Receipts.	eccipts. Payments.		Currency.
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Oct.	25	1,206,853 03		131,601,459 97	
86	27	1,906,422 91		130,190,460 43	
44	28	747,000 80		129,737,058 98	
44	29	1,426,163 99		129,513,654 02	
48	30	1,477,443 36		129,475,946 28	
66	31	949,755 77	2,006,207 83	128,411,505 50	13,723,369 10
Tota	1	7.713,639 86	12,941,562 34		

A New Haven Road.—Articles of association have been filed in the office of the Secretary of State of Connecticut for the New York Connecticut & Eastern Railroad. The capital stock is \$4,000,000, divided into shares of \$100 each. The officers are George L. Clarke, of Providence, President, William W. Douglass, of Providence, Treasurer, and Andrew L. Winton, of Bridgeport, Secretary. Accompanying the articles is a sworn statement that cash to the amount of \$10,000 for every mile of the proposed route has been paid in. The route is virtually the same as that adopted by the former parallel railroad to compete with the New York New Haven & Hartford.

Railroad Freight Rates.—The following are the new rates on east-bound freights from Chicago, to take effect Nov. 10:

		Fourth	
	Grain.	Class.	Flour.
To Buffalo	.2213	.25	.45
To Albany	.35	.40	.70
To Baltimore	.37	.42	.74
To Philadelphia	.38	.43	.70
To New York	.40	.45	.80
To Boston		.50	.90

Southern Minnesota.-This railroad has just filed its annual Southern minnesota.—This railroad has just filed its annual returns in the office of the Railroad Commissioner in Minnesota. The road commences at La Crosse, Wis., and runs west through Southern Minnesota for a distance of 198 miles, and is projected to the western line of the State. The business of the company for the year ending June 30, 1879, was as follows:

Gross earnings. Operating expenses.	1879. . \$853,148	1878. \$534,426 272,422
Wat combany	0400 808	4000 001

In explanation of the above figures, it must be stated that the road passes through a country that was prostrated by the grasshopper scourge. The company, notwithstanding this depression, is vigorously prosecuting the extension of its road westward, and next year's returns will no doubt attest the reward of its energy and perseverance under difficulties.

Vermont & Canada—The annual meeting of stockholders ratified and confirmed the action of the directors in issuing a mortgage for \$500,000, dated October 1, 1879, the principal object of the mortgage being to retire bonds of the trustees and managers issued in 1871, endorsed by the Vermont & Canada Company, known in the markets as the Vermont Central and Vermont & Canada guarantee notes.

wisconsin Valley.—The Boston Advertiser says of this road:
"The considerable sales of the common and preferred stock of
this road in the Boston market recently have called attention to
it and given rise to many inquiries as to its condition. The
road was chartered in 1856 and opened in 1874, and is nearly 90
miles in length, running from Tomah to Wansau, Wisconsin.
he road has a capital stock of \$600,000, and issued about

\$1,800,000 8 per cent first mortgage bonds, which were in default for four years. Recently an arrangement has been made by which these bonds were scaled down to \$900,000 7 per cent bonds in place of the \$1,800,000 8 per cents, and preferred stock was issued to the amount of \$1,400,000. To each holder of \$1,000 8 per cent bond a \$500 7 per cent bond was given, with preferred stock to cover the remaining \$500 with the four years' over-due coupons. The success of this arrangement obviates all cause for foreclosure proceedings. The common stock remains as before. We understand that the road is now doing a good business, the earnings since July 1 showing an increase of 30 per cent over the corresponding period last year.

--From a circular recently issued by the Maverick National Bank we make the following extract, which will be found of special interest to many of our readers:

"The Addition of the Bond Department to the bank has proved so popular and so advantageous to our correspondents that we shall continue the same as a feature of the business. We shall, as heretofore buy and sell United States bonds of all kinds, and shall keep on hand a full line of the various issues, and be prepared to fill all orders promptly Exchanges made in Washington fer banks, and any business with the Government departments in connection with United States bonds will be transacted free of additional charge."

be transacted free of additional charge."

The Boston Journa' says of this, that "the efforts of this bank to serve the public as Government agents has met with a very general response from banks, capitalists, and private individuals throughout the New England States. Their business has so largely increased that they are now the acknowledged headquarters for all transactions in Government bonds. Their facilities for buying, selling and exchanging any of the various issues are not excelled by any bank in the country, and we take great pleasure in cordially and confidently recommending the Maverick Bank, Boston, to all who have money to invest in Government securities, either as trust funds or in a corporate or individual capacity."

or individual capacity."

—We herewith present some corrections of the quotations given in the advertisement in the October Investors' Supplement of Mr. William C. Noyes, No. 4 & 6 Pine street, New York, dealer in telegraph, trust company, gaslight, insurance and railroad stocks and bonds. By inadvertence, quotations of several weeks previous were printed, and they should be as follows: Central Trust, 115 bid; Equitable real estate mortgage bonds, 99@102; and, in Telegraph Company's stocks, International Ocean, 150 bid; Pacific & Atlantic, 48@54; Gold and Stock, 117 bid; gold and Stock bonds, 103@106; Franklin, 30@33; American District, 70@73; Lake Shore & Michigan Southern preferred 10 per cent stock, 120 bid.

—The attention of the first, second and third mortgage bond-

—The attention of the first, second and third mortgage bond-holders of the Marietta & Cincinnati RR. Company is called to the notice of Messrs. Arents & Young, No. 9 New street, New York, or John A. Hambleton & Co., No. 5 South street, Baltimore, who desire their address, with the numbers and description of their bonds, and at the same time express their views as to the proper measures to be adopted to protect their interests. A meeting will probably be called at a future day.

—We call the attention of investors to the advertisement of Messrs. De Jonge & Co., who are offering the direct six per cent 30-year bonds of the Michigan Central Railroad Co., secured by a first general mortgage on the Grand River Valley Branch. The securities of the Vanderbilt roads are in high favor with capitalists. The seven per cent bonds of the Michigan Central are now selling at about 121 on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Leadville Mining Co. has just declared dividends Nos. 4 and 5, on its capital stock of \$2,000,000. Dividend No. 4 is paid out of the earnings for September, and amounts to one per cent, Dividend No. 5 is paid out of the October earnings, and also amounts to one per cent. The aggregate for both months is 2 per cent, or 20 cents on each share of stock. November 10 is the date for payment.

—Mr. Stuyvesant Fish, Secretary of the Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Co., gives notice in our advertising columns that the valid first mortgage bonds of the Mississippi Central Railroad Co., due Nov. 1, 1879, will be paid at the company's office, No. 31 Nassau street, New York city. Interest will cease after above date on these bonds.

-The well-known house of Messrs. Prince & Whitely, 64 —The well-known house of Blessis. Prince & Whitely, 64 Broadway, has just opened a separate department for the purchase and sale of mining stocks in San Francisco and other markets, under the management of Mr. H. C. Logan, late of the San Francisco Stock Exchange. The mining interest will do well to take notice of this fact.

—The Denver South Park & Pacific Railroad first mortgage 7 per cent gold bonds are offered in limited amount by Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. It is exceptional now that a loan is offered bearing so good a rate of interest as this, and the bonds are secured on a road belonging to the famous Colorado system.

—The holders of the 2d mortgage preferred bonds of the St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute RR. Co. will take notice that coupons of series D. due May 1, 1873, will be paid at 3d National Bank on and after 31st inst.

—Messrs. Jesup, Paton & Co. give notice in another column of the various coupons to be paid by them on Nov. 1, which investors will do well to notice.

—Parties holding Cincinnati Wabash & Michigan Railroad bonds will do well to call on Mr. Floyd Clarkson, 71 Broadway, New York city, at once.

—An advertisement in this issue of the Chronicle calls for Vols. 1, 2, 11, 13 and 15 of this journal, for which a good price is a first of the calls of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for which a good price is a first of the calls for the calls for

offered.

The Bankers' Gazette.

No National Banks organized during the past week.

DIVIDENDS.
The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)		
Railroads.	200				
Cedar Rapids & Mo. River (quar).	\$1	Nov. 1.			
Oin. San. & Clev. pref	3	Nov. 1.			
Concord	5	Nov. 1.			
Manchester & Lawrence	5	Nov. 1.			
Nashua & Lowell	5 5 3				
N. Y. Prov. & Bos. (Ston'gton) quar	2		Nov. 3 to Nov. 10		
United N. J. R.R. & Canal (quar.).	\$2 50				
American Exchange Nat	3	Nov. 1.			
Nat. Bank State of New York			Oct. 31 to Nov. 9.		
Nat. Mechanics' Banking Ass'n	2		Oct. 29 to Nov. 1		
Union National	4		Oct. 29 to Oct. 31		
Oregon Railway & Nav. (quar.)	2	Nev. 15.	Nov. 1 to Nov. 15		
Prov. & Stonington S. S. (quar.)		Nov 10	Nov. 3 to Nov. 10		
Pullman Palace Car (quar)	2		MOV. 5 to MOV. 10		

FRIDAY, OCT. 31, 1879-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation. extraordinary activity in commercial and financial circles is well kept up, although it is noted that the past week has witnessed occasional reactions, both in stocks and merchandise. There is no revulsion in sentiment, however, and we find a generally stronger feeling now than when prices were far lower, some two months ago.

The imports of gold from abroad are still very heavy, and estimates place the amount likely to be brought in during the balance of the year at \$25,000,000 or more, so that the activity and buoyancy at the Stock, Produce, and Cotton Exchanges, so far as stimulated by the accessions of gold, may have cause to

show still further development.

The money market has again shown much stringency on stock business, and this is attributed in part to natural causes, such as the calling in of money preparatory to the interest payments on November 1, and in part to the agitation of the subject of the certification of checks for parties not having funds in bank at the time of certification. The Comptroller of the Currency proposes to put in force now for the first time the provision of the national bank act, which clearly forbids such certifications, and if the practice is an evil the question naturally arises, why has the law never been enforced during the previous ten years of its existence? It may be well and desirable in the interest of conservative banking to enforce such a law, but to treat the matter as a dead letter until stock brokers and bankers have based all their operations upon the idea of its non-enforcement, and then to put on the pressure and attempt to execute it at a time of extraordinary activity in the stock market, is certainly a great injustice to this branch of the business community. The relief from the difficulties and hazards attending the present methods of stock transactions, may be found in the establishment of a rational system of stock clearings, and the energy and ingenuity of leading men in financial circles here will not be baffled in fixing upon a system that will ultimately work to the satisfaction of all parties interested. The departure would be far less than the radical change which took place when bank clearings were first inaugurated.

rist inaugurated.

The rates for money have been high, and very little stock business has been done below 6@7 per cent, while commissions of 1-16 to ½ of one per cent a day have been paid by borrowers on the lower classes of stock collaterals. Government bond dealers have been supplied with money at 5@7 per cent. Prime commercial paper sells readily at 5½@½ per cent.

The Bank of England statement on Thursday showed a decrease of £1,160,000 in specie for the week, and the percentage of reserve was 48 per cent, against 49½ the previous week; the discount rate is unchanged at 2 per cent. The Bank of France showed a decrease in specie of 21,150,000 francs.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued October 25, showed a decrease of \$1,362,675 in the excess above their 25 per cent legal reserve, making a deficiency in the total reserve of \$82,700, against a surplus of \$1,279,975 the previous week

The following table shows the changes from the previous week

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years.

Date A series		Differ'nces fr'm previous week.		1877. Oct. 27.
Specie	27,682,600	Inc.\$1,927,800 Inc. 1,299,000		
Circulation Net deposits .	231,668,000	Dec. 1,137,300	211,096,700	193,848,700
Legal tenders.	30,151,700	Dec. 2,946,000	39,962,500	39,235,10

United States Bonds,. -The market for Government bonds has been strong with a fairly active business. There is no particularly new feature, and the Comptroller of the Currency reports that a out \$2,000,000 of new circulation has been issued to national banks this month.

Closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		Oct. 27.	Oct. 28.	Oct. 29.	Oct. 30.	Oct. 31.
	J. & J.						
	J. & J.						
6s, 1881reg.							
6s, 1881 coup.	J. & J.	10538	*10538	*10538	10519	1053	1054
5s, 1881reg.	QFeb.	1024	*10218	1024	*10218	*1024	1024
5s, 1881coup.	QFeb.	*10338	*1034	10338	1034	410338	*1034
4½8, 1891reg.	QMar.	*10578	*1053	110578	*10578	*10578	1:057g
4128, 1891 coup.	QMar.	*10534	*10534	1053	10578	*10578	1053
4s, 1907reg.	QJan.	10218	1024	*10218	1024	1024	1024
4s, 1907 coup.	QJan.	*10218	*10218	*10218	10214	1024	10218
6s, cur'ey, 1895reg.	J. & J.	*121	*12112	*12112	*12142	122	*122
6s, cur'cy, 1896. reg.	J. & J.	*12112	*122	*122	*122	*12210	*1224
6s, cur'cy, 1897reg.	J. & J.	*122	*12212	*12212	*12212	123	12210
6s, cur'ey, 1898reg.			*123	*123	123	*12310	*123
6s, cur'ey, 1899reg.	J. & J.	*123					*12312

* This is the price bid: no sale was made at the Board.

The range in prices since January 1, 1879, and the amount f each class of bonds outstanding Oct. 1, 1879, were as follows:

	Range since	Amount O	ount Oct. 1, 1879.		
	Lowest.	Highest.	Registered.	Coupon.	
6s, 1880-1ep. 5s, 1881ep. 4½s, 1891ep. 4s, 1907ep. 6s, eur'ney.reg.	10178 Aug. 27 104 Mch. 21 99 Apr.	10712 Jan. 15	275,245,400 166,139,750 472,862,400	\$77,015,700 233,194,950 83,860,250 264,294,650	

Closing prices of securities in London for three weeks past and the range since Jan. 1, 1879, were as follows:

		Oct. Oct. Oct.	Range since Jan. 1, 1879.			
	17.	7. 24.		Lowest.	Highest.	
U. S. 58 of 1981 U. S. 4 ¹ 28 of 1891 U. S. 48 of 1907.	10938	10938	10912	105 July 16 1064 Meh. 24	110 May 2	

State and Railroad Bonds .- The Southern State bonds are State and Railroad Bonds.—The Southern State bonds are generally strong, and to day Louisiana consols closed at 434. In Virginia the hot political contest over the debt question still goes on, but the best men of the State are in favor of sustaining the McCulloch compromise bill, and it is believed that a large majority will vote in favor of it.

Railroad bonds are held very firmly, and nothing which has any soundness can be bought at low prices. The speculative bonds have been a little less active, and Erie second consolidated close at 841

dated close at 841.

The following securities were sold at auction :

Bonds.
\$2,400 N. Y. Lake Erie & W.
RR. income (issued for
assessment on stock) 65
2,000 Jersey City 7 p. c. rev-
enue, due 1886 934
37,000 St. Joseph & Pac. RR.
2d mort. 7s 555
17,500 Kansas & Neb. RR. 2d
mort. 784738@471
10,000 Erie & Pittsb. equip-
ment mort., due 1890 90
15,000 Warren RR. 2d mort.
7s, due 1900
10,000 Roch. & State Line
RR. 1st mort. 7s 871
143,000 N. O. Mobile & Texas
RR., 8 p.c. income, May.
1875, coupons on, for \$89

Closing prices of leading State bonds for two weeks past, and the range since Jan. 1, 1879, have been as follows:

	Oct.	Oct.	Range since	Jan. 1, 1879.	
STATES.	24.	31.	Lowest.	Highest.	
Louisiana consols Missouri 6s, '89 or '90	44	4312		69 Jan. 6 1073 June 10	
North Carolina 6s, old		*25	18 Feb. 8		
Virginia 6s, consol	*86	*85	733 June 20 37 Sept. 25	733 June 20	
District of Columbia 3-65s		8414			

* This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

Ballroad and Miscellaneous Stocks .- The stock murket has been rather less active, upon the whole, and a little unsettled by the stringency in the money market. The most important has been rather less active, upon the whole, and a little unsective by the stringency in the money market. The most important news of the week, so far as concerns new combinations, was the report that the Wabash consolidation had made an agreement with Mr. Vanderbilt by which traffic east and southwest from Toledo is to be exchanged over the respective roads. A combination between Messrs, Gould and Vanderbilt is of rare occurrence, and "the street" will harrily look with confidence on the agreement until they have seen the practical working of this arrangement. Another announcement, or rather rumor, says that the St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern has joined forces with the Texas Pacific and that the latter road will be pushed forward to the west coast without Government aid. Still another report comes in a dispatch from the West that the St. Louis & San Francisco will command \$20,000,000 of Dutch capital to push San Francisco will command \$20,000,000 of Dutch capital to push across the continent. The magic word now in railroad circles is "trans-continental," and in Jay Cooke's Northern Pacific days the word "Duluth" had not half the charms for procuring

loans which trans-continental now has.

The market has been strong as a rule, and the Vanderbilts, the Gould stocks, the coal stocks, and some others, have advanced to higher figures than had been made before this week. After some reaction in consequence of tight money, prices close pretty

strong.

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The daily highest and lowest prices have been as follows:

	Saturday, Oct. 25.	Monday, Oct. 27.	Tuesday, Oct. 28.	Wednes., Oct. 29.	Thursd'y, Oct. 80.	Friday. Oct. 31.
Canada South.	7416 7516	78 7616	7416 78	7454 76	73 75%	7816 74
Cent. of N. J	76 7876	7734 8014	7036 7916	77 7816	75% 78	7516 78
Chic. & Alton.	97 97	•98% 100	99% 99%	9914 9916	9914 9916	9814 9814
Chic. Bur. & Q.	120 120	121% 122%	120 122	120 120%	120 120	119% 119%
Chic.M.& St.P.	7116 7316	72% 73%	7216 7316	7314 7516	73 74%	7234 7436
do pref.	9742 9386	*981 99	9816 9816	9874 9914	9914 9996	97% 9HM
Chic. & N. W	H516 8756	8814 8716	8814 8714	87% 90	8716 9016	8714 9016
do pref.	*103 103%	103 103%	00/8 01/4	103% 164%	103% 104	103% 104%
Chic, R. I. & P.	a 148	148 14816	148 148	147 147	147 147 .	147 147
Chic. St.P.&M.	4634 49	4716 49	4714 48	47 48	4516 47	* 47
Clev. C. C. & 1.	6734 69	6778 69%	6816 69	6814 7016	69 71	69 7016
Col.Chic.& L.C.	16% 1756	16 18%	18% 17%	1692 17	1556 1086	1514 1516
Del. & H.Canal	7414 7816	7716 8134	79% 81%	7916 81	78 79%	76% 79
Del.Lack.& W.	88 4 8952	85 90	8814 8834	8714 8814	8516 8836	8514 8814
Han. & St. Jo	31% 33	3274 35	331 34	33% 36%	35 3716	3416 3616
do pref.	58 59	59 61	5716 5914	58 6116	5916 6156	5874 6034
Dinois Cent	98 97%	9714 9714	96 97%	97 98	9716 9716	96% 98
Kansas Pacific	82 81	84 85	8414 85%	8416 85	83 85	81 84%
Lake Shore	97% 98%	9856 10156	100% 1013		99% 101%	99% 101%
Louisv.& Nash	71% 72	7214 7516		78% 75	7354 75	73% 76%
Mich. Central	90 91	91 93	9136 98	9214 9514	9216 9456	91% 94%
Mo. Kans. & T.	2614 2744	2616 29	2656 27%	26% 28%	26 28%	2614 2816
Mor. & Essex	100 101%			100% 101	100 100%	
N.Y. C. & H. R.			130 131%	130 132	129 131%	
N.Y. L.E. & W.	40% 42%	3876 4176	3816 39%	3814 3934	381 3934	3874 4034
do pref.	6514 6614	6314 661	63 64	6312 6432	6216 6514	63 65
Northern Pac.	34% 36%			35% 36%	34% 36	3474 38
do pref.			60 60%	5936 60%	59% 61%	
Ohio & Miss	2234 2314	2314 241		2316 2416	223 2136	23 23%
Pacific Mail	34 35	3474 36	34% 35%		3416 3556	
Panama	180	* 180	180	* 180	• 180	180
St.L &I.M.assd	4516 48	4874 52	4916 5116		48 50%	4816 4956
8t. L. K.C. & N.	87% 40%		4334 4514	4416 46	42 445	
do pref.	6414 66	65% 69%		68% 71%	68 71	67% 69%
Bt.L. & S.Fran.	2314 2514		278 28	27 274	26 27	26 27
do pref.	28 33	324 35	3314 3416		3216 3356	32 3314
do 1st prf.		52 56	549 55	35 55%	54% 54%	52 54
Butro Tunnel.	316 356	336 31	3% 31/4	316 33	314 314	
Union Pacific.		90 924	90 91%	91 92	90 91%	90 92
Wabash	4974 529		5814 5914	58% 60%	574 60	57% 59%
West, Un. Tel.		1024 1044		10334 108	103 106	103% 105%

These are the prices oid and asked; no sale was made at the Board. Total sales this week, and the range in prices for 1978 and since Jan. i, 1879, were as follows:

	Sales of	Prices sin	nce .	Jan. 1	1879	9.		ze for 78.
Ald to be all of the	Week. Shares.	Lowest		Hi	ghest		Low.	High
Canada Southern	6,750	454 Jan.	3	7712	Oct.	23	38	454
Central of N. J	83,330	3312 Jan.		804		27	134	
Chicago & Alton	1,598	75 Mch	. 3	9978		28	6634	85
Chie. Burl.& Quincy.	2,155	11118 Jan.		124	Oct.	21		1143
Chic. Mil. & St. P	108,210	3438 Jan.	4	7518	Oct.	29	2710	
do do pref.	2,058	743 Jan.	4	10112		25	64	843
Chicago & Northw	146,960	4958 Jan.		9018		30	3210	
do do pref.	4,290	7678 Jan.		104 34		29	593	794
Chic. Rock Isl.& Pac.	1.187	119 Jan.		1484		18	9838	
Chic. St. P.& Minn.	4,085	21 May		51	Oct.	21		1
Clev. Col. Cin. & Ind.	8,244	344 Jan.	2	71	Oct.	30	23	381
Col. Chic.& Ind. Cent	16,690	5 Jan.	4		Oct.	23	218	
Del. & Hudson Canal	46,318	38 Jan.		81%		27	3438	
Del. Lack. & Western	155,402	43 Jan.	2	90	Oet.	27	41	617
Hannibal & St. Jo	57,370	134 Jan.	4	374		30	10	167
do do pref.		34 Jan.	10	6158		30	2158	
Illinois Central	2,910	7914 Mch		983		20	7238	
Kansas Pacific	5,224	918 Jan.		854		28	4	125
Lake Shore	131,859	67 Jan.		1013		28	5578	715
Louisville & Nashy	19,345	35 Feb.		7619		31	35	39
Michigan Central	41,496	73% Jan.		9514	Oct.	29	5810	
Missouri Kan. & Tex.	103,425	538 Jan.		304		23	2	71
Morris & Essex	9,004	7518 Jan.		1024		23	6738	89
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.R.	9.124	112 Meh			Oct.	27	1033	
N.Y. Lake E. & West	528,020	2118 Jan.		4312		24	758	
do pref	11,900	3719 Jan.		674		10		
Northern Pacifict							2112	
	15,001	16 Aug				21		
Ohio & Mississippi	21,457	4414 Aug			Oct.	21		
Pacific Will	33,490	734 Jan.		2478		10	63,	
Pacific Mail	104,930	1038 Jan.			Oct.	31	1212	
Panama	-: 10°	123 Jan.			Oct.		112	131
St. L. I. Mt. & South.	71,405	13 Jan.		52	Oct.	27	5	155
Bt. L. K. C. & North.	58,470	7 Jan.			Oct.	29	312	
do pref.		2512 Jan.			Oct.	29	19	264
St. L. & S. Francisco.		318 Jan.			Oct.	27	112	
do pref.		418 Jan.		35	Oct.	27	112	
do 1st pref.	9,910	934 Jan.			Oct.	27	512	
Sutro Tunnel	11,170	238 Jan.			Mch	17	312	
Union Pacific	32,760	5712 Jan.			Oct.	20		
Wabash	187,725	173 Meh			Oct.	29		
Western Union Tel	109,024	8858 Aug	. 4	116	June	11	754	102

Total sales of the week in leading stocks were as follows.

		Lake Shore.	St. Paul.	North- west.	Del. L. & West.	West'rn Un. Tel.	N. Y. L. E. & W.	Wabash
Oct.	25	6,600				13.000	105,300	24,900
41	28	50,314 24,730	18,050 9,854				149,900	
**	29	23.570	34,600	63,125	11,350	37,402	67.900	37,100
41	30	13 150 13.465	19,400 11,766	29,500 19,085				
Who	lestock.	131,859 491,665	108,210	146,960 149,886	155,402 524,000	109,024 410.291	528.020 780.000	169,000

The total number of shares of stock outstanding is given in the

The total number of snares of stock outstanding is given in the last line for the purpose of comparison.

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest dates are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" farnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second column.

—Latest ear	nings rep	orted.	Jan. 1 to la	test date
Week or Mo.	1879.	1878.	1879.	1878.
Atch. Top. & S. F.3d wk Oct	\$203,500	\$112.255	\$	\$
Atl. & Gt. West August	423,403	369,761		
Atlantic Miss. &O. September	177,342	153,880	1,166,007	1,199,143
Bur. C. Rap. & N. 3d wk Oct	34.860	29,620	1,147,806	1,228,963
Burl. Mo.R. in N. 1st wk Oct.	93,229			
Cairo & St. Louis 2d wk Oct	6,564			
Central PacificSeptember				12,863,951
Ches. & Ohio September	222.601	2:0,743		1,440,671
Chicago & Alton. 3d wk Oct.,	161.605			
Chie. Burl. & Q Angust	1,315,559			8,996,425
Chie. Clin. D. & M. September				
Chie. & Rast. Ill. 3d wk Oct.	23.247	21.818	678 597	632 127

—Latest ear	mings rep	orted	Jan. I to la	test date
Week or Mo.	1879.	1878	1879.	1878.
11. 2. 3. & St. P.3d wk Oct	\$292,000	\$188,269	\$7,400,000	\$6,666,837
Lane.& Northw 2 wks Oct.	828,493		12,144,013	
Chic. St. P. & Mm.3d wk Oct.,	30,729	22,676	853,019	712,577
Chie, & W. Mich .2d wk Oct	14,083	12,069		
Clev. Mt. V. & D3d wk Oct	9,468	8,264	316.129	301.625
Dakota Southern, September	15,566	17.431	147,205	156,896
Denv.S.P'k& Pac.September	95,532		495,419	,
Dubuque& S.City.3d wk Oct	24,719	21.128	670,742	763,170
Frank.&Kokomo.July	4,580	3,088	22,953	19,003
Gal. Har. & S. An. July	98,580	83.877	22,000	
Gal. Houst. & H. August	37,317	35.859	281,330	230,250
Grand Rap.& Ind.September	132,191	103,172	201,000	200,200
Grand Trunk, Wk.end. Oct. 18	213,880	198,487	6,979,217	7.033,889
Gr't Western, Wk.end, Oct.17	112,873	90,345	3,444,896	3,645,266
Haunibal & St. Jo. 3d wk Oct	53,367	52,143	1,458,585	1,582,674
Houst. & Tex.CSeptember	365,440	332,555	1,987,084	1,705,552
Illinois Cen.(Ill.). September	542,575	495,299	3,979,257	4,097,414
do (Iowa). September	144.766	135,087	1.028.414	1.144.387
Int. & Gt. North 3d wk Oct	52,079	51,764	1.222.021	1,089,931
Kansas Pacific 1st wk Oct.	147,900	107,377	-,,	
Louisv.Cin.& Lex.September	105,709	86,971	*******	
Mo. Kans. & Tex. 3d ws Oct	93,420	82,454	2,440,800	2,335,145
Mobile & OhioSeptember	158,532	91,403	1,219,205	1.237,992
Nashv.Ch.&St. L.September	157,363	123,457	1,271,021	1,188,032
N.Y.L. Erte & W. July			8,938,324	8,289.356
N. Y. & N. Engl'd September	216,421	89.180		
Northern Pacific.September	258.000	123,000	*******	******
Ogd. & L. Champ.September	59,000	53,802	0000 000	*******
Fad.& Elizabetht.2d wk Oct	8,739	6,192	230,650	249,381
Pad. & Memphis2d wk Oct	2,650	1,347	117,672	142,577
Pennsylvania September	3,336,528	2,858,646	24,516,212	22,819,918
Phila. & Frie September	319,770	288,084	2,190,781	2,025,890
Phila. & Reading Sentember			10,834,482	8,840,418
St.L.A.&T.H.(brs)3d wk Oct	13,180	13,010	426,245	389,549
St.L. Iron Mt. & S.3d wk Oct	182,575	155,518	3,791,284	3,371,213
St. L. & San Fran . 3d wk Oct	46,845	27.102	1,165,954	948,170
St.L.&S.E St.L3d wk Oct	18,299	17,995	58 ,922	522,706
St. Paul & S. City 3d wk Oct	27,173	31,778	868,619	854,681
Scioto Valley September	28,125	29,151	230,942 421,771	203,724
Southern MinnSeptember	67,244	34,538		490,875
Tol. Peoria & War . 3 1 wk Oct	30,495	30,559	988,169	1,042,627
Union Pacific 21 dys Oct.	1,003,402	831,316		
Wanash3d wk Oct	146,480	109,020	3,947,033	4,035,316
Wisconsin Valley . 2 wks Oct	12,495	9,462		
The state of the s				

· Consolidated road.

*Consolidated road.

Exchange.—The situation remains about the same, and foreign bills show no higher prices. To-day bankers' 60-day bills sold about 4.80‡, and demand bills at 4.83. Cable transfers at 4.83‡. Silver in London is quoted 53‡d.

In domestic bills the following were the rates of exchange on New York at the undermentioned cities to-day: Savannah—buying 3-16 off, selling 1-16 off; Charleston—plentiful, buying ‡, selling ‡@par; New Orl-ans—commercial, 250@:300 discount, bank 100 discount; Chicago—weak, 80 discount; Boston—35 discount.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows:

Остовек 31.	60 days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London.	4.8019 2 4.8119	4.83 @4.831
Good bankers' and prime commercial	4.80 @4.8012	4.8212@4.83
Good commercial	4.79 2 24.80	4.82 @4.8219
Documentary commercial		4.41 @4.82
Paris ('ranes)	5.255825.2438	5.23 4 @ 5.21 %
Antwerp (francs)	5.264 25.25	5.234 25.217
Swiss (fraucs)	5.25 25.23%	5.224 @5.217
Amsterdam (guilders)	3934 @ 3978	40 @ 4016
Hamburg (reichmarks)	94 7 9414	94340 95
Frankfort (reichmarks)	94 @ 944	944 @ 95
Bremen (reichmarks)	94 @ 944	94340 95
Berlin (reichmarks)	94 @ 9414	94347 195

Boston Banks,. -The following are the totals of the Boston banks for a series of weeks past:

	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders.	Deposits.	Circulation.	Agg.Clear.
June 2	129,489,000	3,563,400	3,886,700	*43,895,000	26,437,800	44,083,227
" 9	129,973,500	3,948,500	4,168,200	*44,391,200		51,329,031
" 16	130,510,500	3,559,400		*43,997,000	26,704,100	49,413,576
" 23	130,963,600	3,557,700		*43,606,400	28,675,100	45,176,058
" 30	130,583,300	3,547,400		*44,795,300		47,775,068
July 7	134,824,800	3,585,200		*45,332,100		51,738,637
" 14	129,931,700	3,620,400		*45,858,600		47,866,112
" 21	128,606,500	3,590,900		*47,067,900		49,241,607
" 28	127,896,500	3,572,600		*46,772,700		43,383,417
Aug. 4	128,035,500	3,567,500		*46,838,500		43,253,354
" 11	129,133,000	3,561,200		*46,854,900		43,813,978
" 18	130,578,100	3,498,300		*45,803,800		48,198.104
" 25	131,174,200	3,474,900		*44,409,300		51,820,024
Sept. 1	129.447,200	3,531,200		*42,945,600		44.612,5 €
8	127,747,900	3,304,200		*43,340,700		47,305,866
" 15	127,793,200	3,347,600		*43,853,300		44,932,820
" 22	126,748,000	3.267,100		*43.664.300		48,392,118
" 29	126,027,300	3,271,400		*44.524.800		45,506,856
Oct. 6	126,225,100	3,262,900		*45,828,300	27,836,200	57,189,771
" 13	126,903 100	3,251.100		*47,210,000		55,617,716
" 20	123,015.000	3,254 200		*48,063,400		64,281,244
" 27	130,491,300	3,246,300	4,528,800	*48,907,100	28,372,700	66,499,862

* Other than Government and banks, less Clearing House checks Philadelphia Banks ... The totals of the Philadelphia banks

T mrrmmork.		THE POL	CRIB OF AM	- minagery	THE PROPERTY
are as follows	:				
	Loans.	Lawful Money.	Deposits.	Circulation.	Agg. Clear.
July 7	62,221,496	16.205.151	51,378,936	11,398,306	37,789,094
" 14	62,171,993		51,811,642	11,406,680	34,090,465
" 21	61,974,527		51,512,347	11.423.816	37,197,358
" 28	61.415.446		51.901.368	11.415.745	34,940,697
Aug. 4	61.932.961	17,396,896	52,980,548	11.406.477	35,745,324
" 11	62,740,441		52,719,432	11,437,610	35,792,049
* 18	62 698,249	17,011,709	52,015,168	11,438,106	32,011,+5
" 2	62,972,906	16,308,517	51,415,739	11,430,549	31,318,958
Sept. 1	62,784,728	16,539,218	51,565,795	11,445,171	30,002,487
8	62.830,264	16,569,557	51,580,453	11,500,647	33.978,324
* 15	62,749,928		40,609,121	11.516 320	35.106,898
" 22	62,550,000		52,817,043	11,568.656	88,264,128
* 29	62 639 944	17,500,784	53,224 187	11.788,858	34,061,706
Oct. 6	63,355,250		51,442,646	11,795,908	42,799,257
** 13	64,708,995		54,709,355	11,814.680	44,106,759
" 20	65,942,232		54,812,858	11.853,039	52,253.037
11 97	66 274 801	15.699.404	54.598.094	11.878.284	64.606.17E

New York City Banks The following statement shows the
condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week
ending at the commencement of business on Oct. 25, 1879:

	1		Ave	rage amou	int of	
Banks.	Capital.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net dept's other than U. S.	Circula tion.
	8	. 8	. 8	8	8	8
New York	2,000,000	9,028,100	1,160,500	878,000	8,290,300	494,30
Manhattan Co	2,050,000	5,786,500	402,000	522,500	3,937,600	40
Merchants	2,000,000	6,731,100	468,200 902,100	711,600	5,266,600	272,30
Mechanics'	2,000,000 2,000,000	6,681,500	902,100	388,500	5,268,700	272,30 44,50
Union	1,200,000	4,378,400	381,000	745,200	8,571,300	135,00
America	3,000,000	9.145,700	847,400	943,000	6,991,900	1,10
Phoenix	1,000,000	2,872,000	351,000	182,000	2,474,000	282,00
City Tradesmen's	1,000,000	7,089,900	1,205,200	298,000	6,481,500	
Tradesmen's	1,000,000	3,022,800	324,000	138,200 296,700	1,873,800	794,70
Fulton	600,000	1,587,400	165,000	296,700	1,172,400	****
Chemical	300,000	10,665,800	2,349,400	681,900	10,703,100	
Merch'nts' Exch.	1,000,000	3,723,400	317,800	479,900	3,007,500	628.70
Gallatin Nation'l	1,000,000	3,664,900	281,800	208,300	2,008,400	531,70
Butchers'& Drov.	300,000	1,339,800	194,600	131,600	1,132,500	261,80
Mechanics' & Tr.	300,000	1,126,000	80,000 12,500	208,000	938,000	198,00
dreenwich	200,000	868,200	12,500	155,400	737,000	2,70
Leather Man'f'rs	600,006	2,863,500	323,700	298,700	2,215,800	473,10
eventh Ward	300,000	929,700	104,200	117.800	862,000	37,80
tate of N. York.	800,000	2,375.400	1.889,000	310,900	1,701.500	540,00
American Exch	5,000,000	12,379,000	1.889,000	545,000	8,503,000	449,00
ommerce	5,000,000	15,018,600	1,743,600	589,400	8.353.900	1,492,90
Broadway	1,000,000	4,665,606	453,100	329,000	3,217,200	898,70
dercantile	1,000,000	3,260,600	806,900	385,100	2,850,600	179,80
Pacific	422,700 1,500,000	2.047.800	60.100	403,100	1,884,100	or it is
Republic	1,500,000	4,472,800	100,700	359,000 554,100	1,931,200 2,988,500	989,60
hatham	450,000	3,131,700 1,497,500	168,900	304,100	2,955,000	401,00
People's	412,500	1,497,300	62,000	177,200	1,431,000	5,40
North America	700,000	1,616,000	148,000	80,000	5,779,600	rcia no
Ianover	1,000,000	6,133,600	735,500	680 700		588,80
rving Metropolitan	3,000,000	2.495,700 18,811,000	238,600	801,800	2.250,800	350,60
itizens'	800,000	1 898 000	955,000	1,673,000	9,979,000	2,240,00
Vassau	600,000	1,638,000 2,006,600	139,300	214,900	1,531,000	247.00
forket	1,000,000		11.200	258,000	1,894,100	3,90
t. Nicholas	500,000 500,000	2,454,200	95,900	420,100 810,500	1,452,900	448.40
hoe & Leather.	500,000	1,907,700 3,275,000	70,500 486,300	343,000	3,265,700	450,00
orn Exchange	500,000 1,000,000	4 004 400	900,000	168,000	2,631,600	450,00
ontinental	1,000,000	4.094,400 4,875,600	223,000	1,139,600	4,858,206	780,90
riental	300,000	1.581.100	115,700 17,700	250,000	1,424,900	100,80
tarine	400,000	2,598,000	171,000	485,000	2,611,000	357,00
tarine mporters' & Tr	1,500,000	17,024,100	1.160.200	3 418,100	17,986.360	1,088,20
ark	2,000,000	13,949,700	1,160,200 1,726,700	2,150,000	18.341.000	536,20
lech. Bkg. Ass'n	500,000	727.5001	115,800	49.800	575,100	311,10
rocers'	225 000	793,100	5,500	116,200	734,000	
orth River	240,000	815,200	36,000	150,700	825,200	***
ast River	250,000	822,600	108,100	69,400	653,400	161,20
lanuf'rs & Mer.	100,000	300,000	1,000	90.000	365,000	101,20
ourth National	3,200,000	15.451.300	1,399,000	2,226,100	14.623.106	787,20
ourth National. entral Nat	2,000,000	8,446,000	581,000	1,141,000	7.174,000	1,491,00
econd Nation'l.	300,000	2,500,000	203,000	430,000	2,636,000	269.06
inth National.	750,000	4,245,900	297,800	825,900	4.065.300	598.00
irst National	500,000	11.102.500	1,981,900	825,900 410,500	10,828,000	450,00
hird National	1,000,000	11.102.500 6.705.200	1,382,500	392,500	6,742,800	798,50
. Y. Nat. Exch	300,000	1,271,400	89,700	152,700	925,700	268,50
lowery National	250,000	1,289,000	22,000	247,000	1,047,000	224,00
. Y. Nat. Exch lowery National . York County	200,000	1,130,100	11,800	372,400	1,277,100	180,00
erm'n Americ'n	750,000	2,131,000	220,200	372,400 123,700	1,883,600	100,00
hase National.	300,000	2,390,100	123,300	424,000	2,226,000	270,00

Mar. 1 244, 716, 900 16, 456, 500 42, 651, 800 213, 429, 700 19, 289, 400 501, 328 Mar. 24, 247, 674, 200 16, 945, 90 40, 503, 800 213, 328, 100 19, 289, 500 501, 328 Mar. 15 244, 324, 500 17, 312, 400 39, 173, 400 210, 363, 300 19, 385, 300 400, 41 Mar. 22 243, 583, 600 18, 303, 700 36, 72, 600 206, 501, 400 19, 512, 100 369, 300 413, 83 Apr. 235, 583, 600 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 18, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 39, 385, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 385, 500 38, 3	lear.
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Apr. 5 235,836,000 18,935,000 31,15,800 193,121,700 19,635,500 441 19,421,700 19,635,500 441 19,421,700 19,635,700 19,600,700 423,22 20,422,900 18,721,200 487,640 19,502,100 19,502,700 19,721,200 487,44 487,440 49,724 40,724	9 857
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Apr. 19 231,151,300 18,2875,600 40,672,100 900,255,000 19,721,300 487,84 Apr. 38 231,069,000 18,281,00 45,224,500 904,514,300 19,707,600 508,10 May 3 239,357,800 18,716,200 49,440,500 214,331,700 19,683,100 546,70 May 10 242,941,600 18,745,600 33,750,700 224,337,300 19,685,000 558,22 May 24 257,638,500 18,783,900 49,150,300 230,424,700 19,685,600 568,22 May 24 257,638,500 18,783,400 43,284,900 227,845,600 19,856,600 529,00 May 31 257,272,800 18,783,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,866,600 529,00 May 31 257,272,800 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,866,600 329,00 489,731 267,272,800 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,866,400 439,7	0.550
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May 10. 249.9137,900 18.516,200 49.440,500 214.331,700 19.683,100 546,73 May 10. 242.941.600 18.745,600 53.576,700 224.937,200 19.685,000 588,22 May 17. 253.838,500 18.783,900 49.150,300 223,424,700 19.685,400 568,22 May 24. 257,263,500 18.862,400 43.284,900 227,345,600 19.866,600 529,600 May 12. 257,272,800 18.785,400 41,701,400 225,754,000 19.866,400 439,7	
May 10 242,941,600 18,745,600 53,576,700 224,937,200 19,685,000 561,324 May 17 258,838,500 18,738,900 49,159,90 230,424,700 19,685,000 568,23 May 24 257,838,500 18,892,400 43,284,900 227,345,600 19,856,600 529,98 May 31 257,272,500 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,866,600 439,7	
May 17 253,838,500 18,783,900 49,150,900 230,424,700 19,685,400 596,23 May 24 257,636,500 18,502,400 43,284,900 227,345,600 19,856,600 529,00 May 31 257,272,800 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,808,400 439,7	0.770
May 24 257,636,500 18,802,400 43,284,900 227,345,600 19,856,600 529,96 May 31 257,272,800 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,869,400 439,7	
May 31 257,272,800 18,785,400 41,791,400 225,754,000 19,869,400 439,7	
	8,088
June 14 256,291,000 18,780,900 44,851,900 227,316,700 20,056,800 450,06	
June 21 255,901,600 19,296,900 43,859,400 226,177,000 20,156,200 456,96	1 901
June 28 253,575,500 19,666,400 46,902,600 226,113,600 20,371,300 432,73	5,600
July 5 257,082,500 19,889,600 49,544,600 236,007,300 20,542,900 482,52	6.468
July 12 262,951,900 19,971,500 51,301,900 241,328,800 20,509,900 391 89	5.780
July 19 262,719,800 20,011,700 50,508,900 240,154,300 20,531,600 481,69	
July 26 260,582,600 19,927,600 54,288,100 243,383,000 20,549,500 494,79	
Aug. 2 267,280,100 19,652,400 57,655,100 254,770,700 20,594,800 491,71	
Aug. 9 272,936,000 19,624,100 50,435,500 253,230,200 20,682,100 560,03	
Aug. 16 274,311,000 19,553,200 43,974,000 248,474,600 20,719,500 605,01	
Aug. 23 263,570,100 19,031,100 41,838,600 235,953,900 20,827,500 482,68	
Aug. 80 258.160,300 19,684,700 41,279,300 228,S17,400 20.942,500 476,56	
Sept. 6 257,386,800 19,753,800 40,088,900 226,635,600 21,372,300 452,34	
Sept. 13 256.960,400 19.876,900 39,481,100 225,572,900 21,603,500 507,10	9,348
Sept. 20 259.391,000 19,942,000 42,029,400 228,271,000 21,384,900 530,92	1.366
Sept. 27 260.763.700 20,017.400 40,047,700 229,983,000 21,531,900 591.85	0.560
Oct. 4 266.364,300 20.149.100 38,093.500 231,920,700 21,932,400 747,27	
Oct. 11 288,701,800 22,565,300 36,438,500 232,780,500 22,080,100 741,44	
Oct. 18 267,505,500 26,383,600 33,097,700 232,805,300 22,286,800 798,96	
Oct. 25 269,433,300 27,682,600 30,151,700 231,668,000 22,448,700 761,27	7 798

QUOTATIONS IN BOSTON. PHILADELPHIA AND OTHER CITIES.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	1	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
BOSTON.			HUDIA CO	olony, 7s	11000	10034
				a & S. Western, Ss		
Atch. & Topeka 1st m. 7s		1131/8	Lucol	& Ark. Vailey, 7s	10534	
do land grant 7s	113	1	Kutiai	nd 6s,ist mort ont & Canada, new 8	142	92
do 2d 78	11 4	114	Verm	nt & Mass. RR., 6s	8	***
do land inc. 8s.,	108%	lair.	AGLIMA	STOCKS.		
Boston & Albany 7s	12174	12114	Atchi	on & Topeka	10014	1'9%
Boston & Lowell 78	115	118	At hi	o & Nebraska	5716	58
Boston & Lowell 68		1075	Bo-to	& Albany	139	14 16
Boston & Maine 78	120	1:0%	Bosto	n & Lowel'	. 1 795c	80
boston & Providence 74			Bosto	a & Maine	1118	
Burl. & Mo., land grant 78	11534	11336	Bosto	a & Providence	1126	
do Neb. 68		1	Burlin	gton & Mo. in Neb	112816	129
do Neb. 8s, 1985	10034		Chesh	re preferred		
Conu. & Passumpsic, 7, 189		l'ain.	Chic. C	Clinton Dub. & Min.	5516	16
Eastern, Mass., 4 , s, new	63%	83%	Cin. Bi	andusky & Clev	1536	15%
Fitchbirg RR , 6a	***		Conco	rd cticut River	143	
Fort Fcot' & Gu'f 78	98	99	Conn	& Passumpsic	44	50
Bate 1.11. 74 D at 10 72 18.		00	Easter	T. (Mass.)	23	24
Asu. Ch, Tep. a n., 78, 18,	107		Raster	B (New Hampshire)		1 00
K. ('Ity I aw ouce & Fo. 4'	803€		Fitchb	arg	****	1124
Hartto d & Erle is Dew	4530	45%	Kan. (ity Ter. & Western		
Kao, City "t. Jo. & C. B. a.	103	108:0	K. C.	law & Bruth r.	46	49
Kar. 1 5 tt. 0 & In.		69 .	K. C	t. Jo. & Council I.	f os	30
New York & New E. g	:07	1 736	Manch	ester & Lawrence.		
Orgensburg & Lake Ch. sa.			Nashu	a & Lowell		

804C0V, P41	610	BL	PILL. EtcContlan	ed.	
SECURITIES.		Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
New York & New England	40%	4084 87%	Phil. & R. cons.m.6s,g.1.1911	10236	
New York & New England Northern of New Hampshire Norwich & Worcester. Ogdenso. & L. Champlain do pref	18%	19	Phil. & it. Coal & Iron deb. 78.92	5234	55
Old Colony	63%	1094	do mort 78, 1892-3		
Old Colony	.00%		Phila. Wilm. & Balt. 6s, 78; Pitts. Clin. & Eds. L. 7s, cou., 190; do do 7; r. 18; 19; dhamokin V. & Pottav. 7s, 190; Staubenv. & Ind. (st, 6s, 1884, Stony Creek ist m. 7s, 90; Sunb. Hsz. & W., 1st m. 5s, 73; Sunbury & Errie ist m. 7s, 97; -yra, Gen. & to rn's, 1st, 1s, 1s' do cons m. 6s, 91, 190; Union & Tiusv. ist m. 7s, 98; United N. J. cons. m. 6s, 94 Warren & F. Ist m. 7s, 98.	1051	
Pullma Palace Car.	1004	2234 1003	Shamokin V.& Pottav. 7s, 1901		
Pueblo & Ark nsas Rutland, preferred Vermont & Massachusetts	27%	1005 67% 28	Steubenv. & Ind. 1st, 6s, 1884. Stony Creek 1st m. 7s 1907	10234	
Worcester & Nashua	57%	57%	Sunbury & Erie ist m. 7s. '97	****	88
PHILADELPHIA.			Texas & Pac. 1st m ,6s, g1905	100	90
Penna. 5s, g'd, int., reg. or cp.			Union & Titusy, ist m 78 '94	65 52	
do 58, new, reg., 1892-1902 do 68, 10-15, reg., 1-77-'82.	10134	11214	United N. J. cons. m. 68, '94 Warren & F. 1st m. 7s, '95		
do 6s, 15-25, reg., 1882-'92. do 6s, In. Plane, reg., 1879			Union & Titusv. ist m 78, '94. United N. J. cons. m. 68, '94 Warren & F. 1st m. 78, '95. West Chester cons. 78, '91. West Jersey 68, deb., coup.,'88	115%	
STATE AND CITY BONDS Penna. 68, grd, int., reg. or Cp. do 5s, cur., reg. or Cp. do 5s, cur., reg. do 5s, new, reg., 1892-1992 do 6s, 10-15, reg., 1477-82, do 6s, 15-25, reg., 1892-92, do 6s, in. Flanc, reg., 1876-60, do 6s, n., rg., 1995-6 over Allegheny Cluy 1s, reg. Pitaburg 4s, coup., 1913. do 6s, rg., do, 1913. do 6s, rg., do, 1913. do 6s, rg., do, 1913. do 7s, vt. ring., &co., do 7s, vt. ring., &co., do 7s, vt. ring., &co., St. St. N. Jersey 8s, reg., and coup			West Chester cons. 7s. '91. West Jersey 6s., deb., coup., '85. do 1st m. 6s., cp., '96. do 1st m. 7s., '95. Western Penn. RR. 6s., 'p., 1899 do 6s P. B., '96.	110	
do 6s,n.,rg.,prior to '95 do 6s,n.,rg.,1395 & over		117	do 68 P. B., '96.		:::.
Allegheny City 78, reg	1:::	:	CANAL BONDS. Chean. & Dela 1st 5a, rg., 98 Delaware Division 6s, cp., 78. Lehigh Naviga. m., 6a, reg., 93 do mort. RR., rg., 93 do mort. RR., rg., 94 do mort. Roid, 97. Morris, boat ioan. reg., 1885. Pennsylvania 6s, conjr., 1910. Schuyik, Nav.ist m.6s.rg., 91, do 2d m. 6s. reg., 1957 do 5a, boat&car.R., 1213	80	100
do 58, reg. & cp., 1913.	95		Lehigh Naviga. m., 6a, reg., '84	107 108%	108
do 7s, w't'r in,rg. &co.	1034		do m. co v. g., r. g., 94		10034
do 78, w't'r ln,rg. &c., 10 78, tr.lmp., reg., '33-86. N. Jersey 8s, reg. and coup do exempt. rg. & coup.			do cons. m. 7s, rg.,191! Morris, boat loan, reg., 1885.		
do exempt, rg. & coup. Camden County 6s, coup Camden City 6s, coupon do 7s, reg. & coup		-	Pennsylvania 68, cong., 1910 Schuylk, Nav.1st m.68.rg., '97.	8014 88	
do 7s, reg. & coup Delaware 6s, coupon Harrisburg City 6s, coupon	****		do 2d m. 6s, reg., 1907 do 6s, boat&car,rg.,1213 do 7s, boat&car,rg.,19 5	63	75
Harrisburg City 6s, coupon RAILROAD STOCKS.‡			do 7s, boat&car.rg.,19 5 Susquehanna 6s, coup 9.8.*	70	.::
Camden & Atlanticdo do pref	27	34	BALTIMORE. Maryland 68, defense, J.& J	108	109
Catawissa	49	18	Maryland 6s, defense, J.& J do 6s, exempt, 1887 do 6s, 1890, quarterly	110	115 118 105 109 110
Delaware & Bound Brook		48%	10	108	105
do new pref Delaware & Bound Brook East Pennsylvania Eimira & Williamsport			do 68, 886, J.& J do 68, 1890, quarterly	108	110
do do pref Har. P. Mt. Joy & Lancaster Huntingdon & Broad Top do do pref.			do 6s, park, 1890, Q.—M do 6s, 1898, M. & S	112	114 114 119
Huntingdon & Broad Top do do pref.	11	6 1114 4996	do 6s, exempt, 35, M. & 8 do 6s, 1900, Q -J	1:5	115 6 11636
Little Schuylkill	49	4996	do 5r, 19 6, new	108	1089
Nesquehoning Valley	101	5834	BAILBOAD STOCKS. Par.	155	156
Norristown. North Pennsylvania Pennsylvania Philadelphia & Erie Pulladelphia & Read ng. Philadelphia & Trenton. Philadelphia & Trenton.	4919	101% 50 48%	do 2d p f	10	118
Philadelphia & Erie	1436 2034	144 2038	do Wash, Branch, 100 do Parkersb'g Br 50	140	8
Philadelphia & Trenton		***	Northern Central50 Western Maryland50 Central Ohio50 Pittsburg & Connellaville50	3	254
Philadelphia & Trenton. Phila Wilming. & Baltimore. Pittsburg Titusv. & Buff St. Paul & Duluth R.R. Com	61/6 281/8	634 28 ₇₂	Central Ohio	87	38
do do pref. United N. J. Companies West Chester consol. pref West Jersey	58,4	149	Balt. & Ohio 6s, 1880, J.&J	102	100%
West Chester consol. pref West Jersey	:::	:::	N. W. Va. 3d m., guar., '85, J&J	108	108 108 112
CANAL STOCKS. Chesapeake & Delaware Delaware Division			Central Office (1988) Balt. A. D. Balt. A. B. Balt. B. B	110 108 105	109
Delaware Division Lenigh Navigation	31%	36 3414	do 6s, gld, 1900, J.&J.	10516	109 106 1084 107
Morris do pref Pesnsylvanis Schuylkili Navigation do pref			W. Md. 6s. 1st m., gr., '90, J.&J. do 1st m., 890, J. & J	13	108
Schuylkili Navigation	****		do 2d m., guar., J. & J do 2d m., pref	118	115
Susquehanna		11	do 2d m.,gr. by W.Co.J&J do 6s, 8d in., guar., J.& J.	10H 113	110 115 1034
Allegheny Vai., 78-108, 1896			do 2d, M. & N	10314 7450 3914	7434
RAILEOAD BONDS. Allegheny Vai., 73-10s, 1895 do 7s, E. ext., 1910 do inc. 7s, end '94 Belvidere Dela. ist m., 5s, 1902. do 3d m. 6s. '85 do 3d m. 6s. '57			Union RR. ist, guar., J. & J do Can on endorsed.	110	30%
do 2d m. 6s. '81 do 3d m. 6s, '57	103%		CHNCHNINA'IL	25343	****
do 88 coup, 39	100	10-16	Cincinnati 6s, iongdo 7s	105	108
do mort. 6s, '89 Cam. & Atl. 1st m 7s, g., 1903	114	.::		1144	1144
do mort. 6s, 789. Cam. & Atl. 1stm Ts. gr. 1993 do 2d m., 1s, cur., 1879 do 2d m., 1s, cur., 1879 do chat.m., 10s, cur., 1879 do chat.m., 10s, 788. do chat.m., 10s, 788. do chat.m., 10s, 788. do chat.m., 10s, 788. Delaware mort., 6s, various. Del. & Bound Br., 1st, 7s. 1905 East Penn. ist mort. 7s, 788 do Ss, perp. 381. do 2d m. 7s, 2014, 790. do 3d m. cons. 7s, 953 thaca& Athensist g. d., 1s, 2010 do 2d mort. 6s, 19.0 thigh atl mort. 6s, 52. do 2d mort. 6s, 19.0 thigh atl mort. 6s, 52. do 2d mort. 6s, 19.0	:::		do South RE. 7:08a do	102	1053
do chat. m., 10s, '88	****	::::	Cin, & Cov. Bridge at'k, pref	110	
Connecting 6s, 1900-1904			Cin. Ham. & D. 1st m. 7s, '80 †	101	101
Delaware mort., 6s, various		***	Cin. & Indiana set m. 7s	81	85
East Penn. 1st mort. 7s, '88 El.& W'msport, 1st m., 7s, '80.			Colum. & Xenia, st m. 78, '77. +	104	
Harrisburg 1st mor' 6s, '81.			do 24 m. 78. '84.+	102	****
H. & B. T. 1st m. 7s, gold, '90.' do 2d m. 7s, gold, '95.	111	11219	Dayton & West. 1st m., '81	10014	
Ithacad Athens 1st g d, 78., '53		****	ind. Cin. & Lat. 1st m. 7s 1	77101	***
do 2d mort. 6s, 19.0	116	***	do (I.&C.) 1st in.7s,'8:+ Little Miami 6s, '83	100 100 50	101
do 2d mort. 6s, 19.0 Lehigh Valley, 1st. 6s, cp. 1896. do do reg., 1895 do 2: m. 7s, reg., 1910. do con. m., 6s, r.c., 1925. Little Schuylkili, 1st m. 7s, -2 Morth. Penn. 1st m. 6s, cp., 55. do 2d m. 7s, cp., 1903. do gen. m. 7s, reg., 1903. do gen. m. 7s, reg., 1903. Oil Creek ist m. 7s, coup. 5c. rittsb. Titusv. & B., 7s, cp., 366.	116		Cin. Hain. & Dayton stock. Columbus & Xenia stock	114	
do con. m., 6s,rg.,1943 do do 6s, p.,19 3	100	100%	Dayton & Michigan stock do 8. p.e. st'k, gus Little Miami stock		50 112
Little Schuylkiii, 1st m. 7s, '-2 North. Penn. 1st m. 6s, cp., 85.			T OF THE STREET	11214	••••
do gen. m. 7s, cp., '96.' do gen. m. 7s, cp., 1903.	112	***	Louisville 78	108	107
off Creek 1st m. 7s, coup., '84.	113	88	do 68, '97 to '94	02 102 103	1025 1025 1025 1025 1025 1025
Pa.& N.Y.C. & RR. 78, 895	***		do water stock 6s, 97.4	103	10212
	104%	116	do wharf 6s	1.3	051
Pennsylv., 1st m., 6s, cp., '80. do gen. m. 6s, cp., 1910. do gen. m. 6s, 'g., 1910. do cons. in 6, 'g., 1905. do cons. in 6, cp., 1905.			do 2d m., 78		1 3 4
do cons. m. 6s. cp., 1905. do Navy Yard 6s. rg. al	10816				11
do cons. in 6, 7g., 1945 do cons. in, 6s, cp., 1965, do Navy Yard 8s, rg, 'si Pe n. o. 6s, reg. rerktomen ist in, 6s, co., 6s, Phila, & Erie ist in, 6s, cp., 8s Phila, & Read, 1st in, 8s, '43-'44 do 2d in, 7s, cp., 5s	103	193%	Louis, & Fr'k., Louisv. in, 6s, '8 Louisv. & Nashville— Leb Br. 6s, '86,	100	10136
Phila. & Erie ist m. 6s, cp., '8: do 2d m 7s, cp., '88		111	st m. Leb. Br. Ex.,78, 80-85.1 Lou. In. do 68, '83.	103	104 10234 104
Phila. & Read. 1st m. 6s, '43-'44' do d) '48-49'. do 2d m., 7s, p., 5'			Jefferson Mad. & Ind stock.	Lussa	104
do deben., cp.,'41'	43	11514	St. Louis 6s, lo g	104	Line
do do cos. ot.	90	83	do do do new.	106	0056
do scrip, 18-2. do In. m. 7s, cp, 1826 do cons. m. 7s, cp., 1911. do cons. m. 7s, rg., 1911.	111%		do ren wsi, goid, 6s.† go sewer, g. 6s, '9 -2-3, t	15	107
			Jefferson Mad. & Ind stock. ST. LOUIS. St. Louis 5s, lo g	107	Men
on de'au			+ And Inter	100	-

QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.

U. S. Bonds and active Railroad Stocks are quoted on a previous page. Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	A
abama-5s, 1883	48	-:	Illinois-War loan	-		New York-6s, gold, reg., '87			Rhode Island—9s, coup. '93-9 South Carolina—6s Islan, £ July April & Oct. Funding act, 1886. Land Com, 1889, J. & J. O. 7s of 1888. Non-fundable. Tennessec—6s, old 6s, new. 6s, new series. Virgina—6s, old 6s, new, 1896. 6s, new, 1897. 6s, consol, 5onds 6s, consol, 2d series. 6s, deferred.	112	-
8, 1886	48		Kentucky—6s Louisiana—6s	100 20		New York—6s, gold, reg., '87 6s, gold, coup., 1887 6s, loan, 1883 6s, do 1891 6s, do 1892			South Carolina-6s	60 30	
i, 1888. i, Montg. & Eufaula RR. is, Ala. & Chatt. RR. of 1892.	48		6s, newdobt	20		6s, do 1891		::::	April & Oct.	5 80	1
Ala. & Chatt. RR	25		7s, penitentiary	20				26	Land Com., 1889, J. & J	50	-
s of 1893	25		7s, penitentiary	20 20		North Carolina—ds, old, J&J 6s, old, A&O 6s, old, A&O 6s, old, A&O 0, Car. RR., J. & J. 0, do coup. off, J. & J. 0, do coup. off, J. & J. 0, do coup. off, A&O Funding act, 1896. New bonds, J. & J. 0, Chatham RR Special tax, class 1 0, class 2 0, old 0, class 3 0, old 0, ss. 1881. 0, ss. 1881. 0, ss. 1881.	25 25	26	7s of 1888	50	1
of 1893 lass A, 2 to 5 lass B, 5s lass C, 2 to 5	481 <u>6</u> 80 56	4916	8s, do of 1875 8s, of 1910	20	15	No. Car. RR., J. & J	108 108	***	Non-fundable	3716	
lass C, 2 to 5	56	58	7s, consolidated	4234	431/2	do coup. off, J. & J.	88 88		6s, new	3716 3116 81	
L. Rock & Ft. Scott iss.	4		7s, small			Funding act, 1866	9	1016	Virgina—6s, old	27 28	1
ansas—6s, funded L. Rock & Ft. Scott iss. Memp. & L. Rock RR. L. R. P. B. & N. O. RR. Miss. O. & R. P. RR. Arkansas Central RR.	4		78, 1890. Missouri—6s, due 1882 or '83 6s, due 1886. 6s, due 1887	102	105%	New bonds, J. & J	151/4	10%	6s, new, 1867	28	1
Arkansas Central RR.	416	::::	68, due 1887	103½ 104¼	105%	Chatham RR	1514	161/2	6s, ex matured coupon	85 6436	
orgia-6s	1001/4 1108/4		6s, due 1888	****		do class 2	4	514	6s, consol., 2d series	716	
newendorsed.	11034	111	Asylum or Univ., due '92.	10732		Objords 1881	104	0	6s, deferred. D. of Columbia—3'65s, 1924. Small. Registered.	84	1
nois-6s,coupon, 1879	110 100	112	6s, due 1887 6s, due 1888 6s, due 1889 or '90 Asylum or Univ., due '92. Funding, 1894-95 Hannibal & St. Jo., 1886. do do 1887.	101/2	106	6s, 1886			Registered		1
nois-os,coubon, 1879	100	R			LT. A	NEOUS STOCKS AN	D F	ONI	1		1
1		1	Chie. & Northw Sink. f'd	1	11117	Pacific RR, of Mo1st m.	103			106	17
Railroad Stocks.			Consol. bonds Extension bonds	107% 118%	109	2d mortgage Income, 7s	106	107	Long Island—1st mortgage. Montclair & G.L.—1st, 7s, n. N. J. Midland—1st, 7s, gold.	30 64	
tree previously quoted.)			1st mortgage	10854	108%	Income, 7s	1001		N. J. Midiand—1st, 7s, gold. 2d mort	16	1
ton & N. Y. Air L., pref.	roi.		Coupon gold bonds	11514		Kansas Pac	200/2	1	N. Y. & Osw. Midl'd-1st m.	241/2	٤
any & Susquehanna ton & N. Y. Air L., pref. l. Cedar Rapids & No ar Falls & Minnesota sapeake & Ohio do do 1st pref. do do 2d pref.	5914	61	Registered gold bonds Iowa Midland, 1st m., 8s	118	1144	1st m., 6s, '96, with cp.ctrs	113	11734	do not assented	90	2
do do lst pref.	1312		Galena & Chicago, exten. Peninsula, 1st m., conv			South Pac, of Mo.—1st m. Kansas Pac,—1st m., 6s, '95, with ep.ctfs 1st m., 6s, '96, do 1st m., 7s, Leav, br., do 1st m., 7s, Land gr't, '80, do 2d mort. '88 do	92	:::	St. Joseph & West'n—1st m. 2d mortgage	50	I
do do 2d pref.	15%	16	Chic. & Milwaukee, 1st m.		116	1st m.,7s,land gr't,'80.do		100%	Stock	25 87	1
esgo & Alton, pref c. St. Louis & N. O c. & Pittsburg, guar puque & Sioux City	****	104	Chic. & Milwaukee, 1st m. Winona & St. P., 1st m. Go 2d m. C. C. & Ind's—1st, 7s, s. f. Consol. mortgage. C. St. L. & N. O Ten. lien 7s	111		2d mort., '86 do Inc. coup. No. 11 on 1916 Inc. coup. No. 16 on 1916. Den. Div. 6s ass. cp.ctf	71	75	2d mortgage. Stock		
ouque & Sioux City	59	104	Consol. mortgage	111	:::	Den. Div. 6s ass. cp.ctf	72	75 108%	St.L.& S.ECons., 7s, g., '94	80	1
ston & Texas Central	52	5336	C. St.L.& N. O Ten. lien 7s 1st con. 7s	\$105¼ 99		Pitts Ft. W.& Chie 1st.m		128	St.L. Vandalia& T.H.—1st m	107	1
lemston & Texas Central . Cin. & Laf			Del. Lack. & West.—2d m	10216 \$107	104	do do 2d m			2d mortgage, guar South Side (L. I.)—1st mort South Minn.—1st m., 7s, '88. 1st mortgage, 7s (pink)	88	-
do do pref.			78, convertible Mortgege 78, 1907 Syr. Bit yh. & N. Y., 1st, 78 Morris & Essex, 1st m do 2d mort	112	114	Cleve.& Pitts., consol., s.f. do 4th mort Col. Chic. & I. C., 1st con do 2d con	116	120	1st mortgage, 7s (pink)	100	1
do do pref. Erie & Western Bloom. & Muncie			Morris & Essex, 1st m	125	::::	Col. Chic. & I. C., 1st con	7814	110	Extension. Texas & Pac.—1st, 6s, 1905 Consol. 6s. 1905	95	1
	55	571e	do 2d mort do bonds, 1900	1141/8		do 2d con do 1st Tr't Co.ctfs.ass. do do suppl. do 2d do ass.	\$37% 77%	011%	Consol. 6s. 1905	81	1
ietta & Cin., 1st pref	55	94.6	do construct'n		100	do do suppl.	7774	3684		30	
hattanietta & Cin., 1st pref do do 2d pref ropolitan Elevated	120	120%	do 78 of 1871. do 1st con., g'd Del.& Hud.Canal—1st m., '84	105	110 106	Rome Wat. & Og.—Con. 1st. St. L. & Iron Mount'n—1st m	60	63	Tol. Can. S.& Det.—Ist, 7s, g Union & Logansport—7s U. Pac. South Branch	95 95	1
ile & Ohio, assented hville Chat. & St. Louis.	5816	59	1 1st mortgage, 1891	10816	105	St. L.& Iron Mount'n-1st m	‡113 98	100		1	1
Jersey Southern			do extended.			Arkansas Br., 1st mort Cairo & Fulton, 1st mort Cairo & Fulton, 1st mort Cairo Ark. & T., 1st mort St.L. K.C. & N.—R. E. & R., 7s Omaha Div., 1st mort 7s St.Chas. B'dge 1st. 7s. 1908	101		Southern Securities.	1	-
. New Haven & Hartf.	128 161	129½ 163	do Coup., 7s, 94 do Reg. 7s, 94. lst Pa. div., coup., 7s, 1917 do reg., 7s, 1917.	108	1000	Cairo Ark. & T., 1st mort.	103	104	(Brokers' Quotations.)	, Tory	1
s. Ft. W. & Chic., guar		114	do reg., 78, 1917	\$1081 ₄	109	Omaha Div., 1st mort. 78	1041	10836	N. Carolina.—New 4s	64	1
& Mississippi pref s. Ft. W. & Chic., guar. do do spec'l. sselaer & Saratoga			do reg., 7s, 1917. Albany & Susqueh., 1st m. do 2d mort do 3d mort do 1st con., guar	1041	113½ 106	St.Chas.B'dge,1st, 7s, 1908	102	10314	Rejected (best sort)	80	.1
e Watertown & Ogd ouis Alton & T. H		20	do 3d mort	103	100	North Missouri, 1st m., 7s St. L. Alton & T. II.—1st m.	111		Rejected (best sort). Texas = 6s, 1892. M. & S. 7s, gold, 1892-1910. J. & J. 7s, gold, 1904. J. & J. 10s, pension, 1894. J. & J. Virginia New 10-40s. OITIES.	+108 +111	1
do do pref.		17	Rens.& Saratoga, 1st, coup	+105%	108	do income	95 78	:::	78, gold, 1904J.& J.	+1112	1
do do pref!			Denv.& R. Grande—1st, 1900	97% 123	9734	2d mortgage, pref. do income. Belleville & So. III., 1st m. St. P. & Sioux C. 1st 6s. 1919 Tol. Peo. & W.—1st m., E.D. 1st mortgage, W. D. Burlington Div. 2d mortgage, 1886. Consol. 7s. 1910	104	95	Virginia-New 10-40s	199 52	1
re Haute & Indianapolis			Denv.& R. Grande—Ist, Feg. Denv.& R. Grande—Ist, 1900 Erie—Ist mort extended 3d mortgage, 7s, 1883 4th mortgage, 7s, 1889 5th mortgage, 7s, 1889 1st acceptage 7s, 1889	123		Tol. Peo. & W1st m., E.D.	120		CITIES. Atlanta, Ga.—7s	100	1
re Haute & Indianapolis edo Pecria & Warsaw ted N. J. RR. & Canal		::::	4th mortgage, 7s, 1880	10514 10114 111016	10134	Burlington Div	121	1 ::::	8s	107	- 13
ted N. J. RR. & Canal			5th mortgage, 7s, 1888 1st cons, gold 7s, 1920	\$110½ 113¼		Zd mortgage, 1886		1	Augusta, Ga7s, bonds	108	-
coallaneone City			Ist cons, gold 78, 1920 Long Dock bonds Buff. N.Y.& E, 1st m., 1916 N.Y.L.E.&W.,n.2d,con.,6s do 1st,con.,f.cp.,7s do 2d,con.,f.cp.,5s,6s Han & St 10s - Ss cony.	111512		2d mortgage, 1886. Consol., 78, 1910. Pur. Com. rec'pts, 1st, E.D do 1st, W. D. do Bur. Div.	117		Atlanta, ca.—7s. Sa. ter works. Augusta, Ga.—7s. bonds. Charleston, S. C.—Stock, 6s. 7s. F. L. Columbus, Ga.—7s. bonds. Macon—Bends, 7s. Memphis—Bonds, C. Bonds, A and B. Compromise. C. RR.	55	1
scellaneous St'ks.	100	100	N.Y.L.E.&W.,n.2d,con.,6s	841/4	8416	do Bur. Div.	22.	60	Columbus, Ga7s, bonds	55 70 70 70 70 5 5	1
ms Expresserican Express	106 56 52	106% 57%	do 2d,con.,f.cp.,5s,6s	80	8012	1st inc, for consol	57	60	Memphis-Bonds, C	5	1
erican Expressted States Express	10316	5336	Han. & St. Jos8s, conv Hous. & Tex. C1st. m. 1.7s	10616		Wabash RRMtg. 7s of '79.	80 107		Endorsed M. & C. RR.	5	1
do prefantic & Pacific Tel	1716 50	1816 54%	1st mort., West. Div., 7s	105	107	1st pref. inc. for 2d mort. 1st inc. for consol. Wabash RR.—Mtg. 7s of 79. T.&Wab., 1st ext.7s,ex cp. 1st St. L. div.7s,ex mat.cp. 2d mortgage ext. ex coup Equipment bonds, 7s, 1883 Consol. conv. ex coupon.	100	101	Compromise	15	1
intic & Pacific Tel	4134	42%	2d C., Main line, 8s	107	111	Equipment bonds, 7s, 1883	97	100 40 95	8s, coupons on	10	1
d & Stock Telegraph	95	::::	Inc. and ind'y, 7s	95		Gt. Western, 1st m., ex co	94		Montgomery-New 5s	40	1
erican District Tel. 1 & Stock Telegraph. ton Co., Baltimore erican Coal. solidation Coal of Md. oberland Coal & Iron. yland Coal. ng Mountain Coal. do pref. gaio Silver Mining Co do pref. gaio Silver Mining	561/4	56%	do 2d.con,f.cp.,5s,6s Han. & St. Jos. = Ss, conv. Hous.& Tex. C.—Ist, m. I, 7s 1st mort., West. Div., 7s. 1st mort., Waco & N., 7s. 2d C., Main line, Ss 2d Waco & N., 8s Inc. and ind'y, 7s. Ill.Cent.—Dub.&Sioux C. 1st Dub. & Sioux C., 2d div. Cedar F. & Minn., 1st m. Lake Shore—			Q. & Tol., 1st. 7s. 99,ex cp	9834 95	100	New 3s Nashville—6s, old	25 40 35 80	
solidation Coal of Md			Cedar F. & Minn., 1st m	‡103		West Un Tol 1000 ex cp	117		6s, newProm 5s	80	1
yland Coal	28	31	Mich S. & N. Ind., s. f., 7s.	1111		1900, registered	‡113½		Consolidated, 6s	31	1
ng Mountain Coal	156	::::	do new bonds.	±1109 ±1110	115	Spring.V'y W.Works, 1st 6s.		9914	Norfolk-3s	100	1
iposa L'd & Mining Co	4		Lake Shore— Mich S. & N. Ind., s. f., 7s. Cleve. & Tol., sink. fund do new bonds. Cleve. P'ville & Ash., old.	102		Equipment bonds, 7s. 1885 Consol. conv. ex coupon. Gt. Western, 1st m., ex cp. do 2d m. 7s, '89.ex cp. Q. & Tol., 1st, 7s, '90.ex cp. Jll. & So. 1s., 1st m. 7s.ex cp. West. Un. Tel.—1900, coup. 1900, registered. Spring. V y W. Works, 1st 6s. INCOME BONDS. Central of N. J., 1908. Central of N. J., 1908. Lake Erie & W'n Inc. 7s, '90 Lake Erie & W'n Inc. 7s, '90 Lake Erie & W'n Inc. 7s, '90	82	88	bs, funded. Montgomery—New 5s New 3s. Nsilville—6s, old 6s, new Consolidated, 6s. Railroad, 6s. Railroad, 6s. Rorfolk—3s Petersburg—6s 8s.	100	1
do do pref. ario Silver Mining nestake Mining	9094	41	Buffalo & Erie, new bds	112		Leh. & Wilkes B. Coal, 1888	673		8s Richmond—6s. Savanonah—Cons new, 5s.	107	1
	3994	2916	Kal'zoo & W. Pigeon, 1st.			Lake Erie & W'n Inc. 7s, '99 Laf. Bl. & Mun. Inc. 7, 1899	62	64			-
man Palace Car	1001/6		Lake Shore Div. bonds	#1121/2	1141/4	Mobile & O. 1st pref. deben. do 2d do	58	45	Ala.&Chat.—Rec'rs ctfs,var Atlantic & Gulf—Consol	50 102	-
tailroad Bonds.			do new bds Buffalo & Erie, new bds Buffalo & State Line, 7s Kal'zoo & W. Pigeon, 1st. Det. Mon. & T 1st., 7s. 1906 Lake Shore Div. bonds do cons. coup., 1st. do cons. reg., 1st., reg., 1st., reg., 1st.	120 117	118	do 2d do do 3d do do 4th do	31	1	Consol., end. by Savan'h	30	- (
lock Exchange Prices.			do cons. reg., 1st	115	116	do 4th do St.L.I.M.&S.—1st 7s,prf.int. 2d int., 6s, accum'lative	79	32½ 80	Stock	110 72 96	1
H & Erio_let m	4416	45	do cons. coup., 2d. do cons. reg., 2d. Louisv.& Nash.—Cons.m.,7s 2d mort., 7s, gold. Cecilian Branch, 7s.	11356				72	Stock. Charl'te Col.& A.—Cons., 7s 2d mortgage, 7s. East Tenn. & Georgia—6s. E. Tenn. & Va.—6s.end. Tenn E. Tenn. Va. & Ga.—1st, 7s. Stock. Georgia RR.—7s.	96 70 90	-
mort., guar. Ced.R.& North.—1st,5s nn.& St. L., 1st, 7s, guar sap.& O.—Pur. m'y fund	881/2	88%	Cecilian Branch, 7s	104	1001	Miscellaneous List.		1	E.Tenn. & Georgia-6s	90	1
nn.& St. L., 1st, 7s, guar	\$10i		Nashv. & Decatur, 1st, 7s.	\$10484 091	105	PATT POADS		1	E. Tenn. Va. & Ga1st, 7s.	100	-
	5636 29	5736	Nashv. & Decatur, 1st. 7s. L. Erie & West'n 1st 6s, 1919. Laf. Bl'n & Mun. 1st 6s, 1919 Marietta & Cin.—1st mort.	9410	95	Atchison & P. Peak-6s, gld	108	118	Georgia RR7s.	35 116	1
currency, int. deferred ago & Alton—1st mort.	117%		lst mort., sterling	103	::::	Atchison & P. Peak-6s, gld Bost. & N. Y. Air-L-1st m. Cent. of Ia.—1st m., 7s, gold Chick Care	106	100	6s Stock	103 82	1
		108	lst mort., sterling	13214	1021/2	Cent. of Ia.—Ist m, rs, gold Chic.& Can. So.—Ist m, g., 7s Chic. & East. III.—Ist m, 6s 2d mortgage, inc., 7s. Chic. St.P. & M'polis—Ist. 6s 2d mortgage, inc., 7s. Chic. St.P. & M'polis—Ist. 6s Land grant Income, 6s. Chic.& Southwest.—rs, guar Cin. Lafayette & Ch.—Ist m Cin. & Spr.—Ist. C. C. C. & 1, 7s. Cl. & Hock V.—Ist, 7s, 30 yrs 12d, 7s, 20 years. Denver Pac.—Ist, 7s, 1d, gr., g. Eric & Pittsburg—Ist m, rs Con. mortgage, 7s. 7s, equipment.	60 92	65 95	Stock. Greenville & Col.—7s, 1st m.	65	
liet & Chicago, 1st m	ŧ	110	1st mort., 8s, 1882, s. f	107	110	2d mortgage, inc., 7s	55	1 60	78, guar. Macon & Aug.—2d, endors. Memphis& Cha'ston—1st,7s 2d, 78. Mississippi Cent.—1st m., 7s		1
king fund	10712	102	Mo. K.& T.—Cons.ass. 1904-6	8814	88	Land grant Income, 6s	1031	1	Memphis& Cha'ston—1st,7s 2d, 7s	97	1
ss.Riv.Bridge,1st,s.f,6s	\$106°		2d mortgage, inc., 1911 H. & Cent. Mo., 1st., 1890.	42%	43½ 111	Chic.& Southwest7s, guar	108	110	Mississippi Cent —1st m., 7s	102	1
. Bur. & Qo p.c., 1st m	110	11038	Mobile & Ohio new mtg. 6s.	106	83	Cin.& Spr.—1st, C.C.C.&L.,7s	963	78 96½	Will Have Con Obsesses and Constitution	100	
neol. mort., 78 sinking fund . Rk. I.& P.—68, cp., 1917 . 1917, registered . cok. & Des M., 1st, g., 5s, trai of N. J.—1st m., '90, consolidated . do . overtible . assented . overtible .	±9834		N. Y. Central—6s, 1883 6s, 1887			Col.& Hock. V.—1st,7s,30 vrs	106 +106	110	Miss. & Tenn.—1st m., 8s, A 1st mortgage, 8s, B N. O. & Jacks.—1st m., 8s Certificate, 2d mort., 8s Nashville Chat. & St. L.—7s. 1st, 6s, Tenn. & Pac. Br 1st, 6s, McM.M. W. &Al. Br Norfolk & Petersb.—1st, 8s. 1st mortgage, 7s	110	1
1917, registered	1144		6s, real estate			1st, 7s, 10 years	+101		Nashville Chat & St. I. 7	107	
tral of N. J.—1st m., '90	90 ±1141	9312	N. Y. C. & Hud., 1st m., ep.	1941	125%	Denver Pac1st,7s,ld. gr.,g	80	90	1st, 6s, Tenn. & Pac. Br	100%	6
consolidated	100	1001	Huds. R., 7s, 2d m., s.f., 85	1241/2	140	Con. mortgage, 7s	100	104 104	Norfolk & Petersb.—1st, 8s.	110	1
nvertible	102	10210	Harlem, 1st m., 7s, coup.	÷12614	85%	7s, equipment Evansy, & Crawfordsy.—7s.	85 102	95 105	1st mortgage, 7s	105 106	1
ljustment, 1903.	105	195 108	N. V. Elevated let 7a 1000		1121/2	Evansy. T.H. & Chic78, g.	65	80 102	Northeast., S. C.—1st m., 8s.	.00	. 1
do assented. do assented. dinstment, 1903. chigh & W. B., con., g'd. do assent'd m. Dock & Impr. bonds.		115	6s, real estate. 6s, subscription. N.Y. C. & Hud., 1st m., cp. Hudos. R., 7s, 2d m., s.f., 7s Canada South., 1st, int. g. Harlem, 1st m., 7s, coup N. Y Elevisten St. 7s, 2 (200) Ohio & Miss.—Consol. s. Fd Consolidated	111	112%	Evansy. & Crawfordsy.—7s. Evansy. T.H. & Chic.—7s.g. Flint & Pere M.—8s. I'd gr't Galv. Hous. & H.—7s. gld, '71 Gr'nd R. & Ind.—1st. 7s. l. g. gu	90	102	1st mortgage, 7s. 2d mortgage, 8s. Northeast., S. C.—1st m., 8s. 2d mortgage, 8s. Orange & Alex'a—1sts, 6s.	99	1
m. Dock & Impr. bonds.	1011	9238 102 10116	9d concelidated	1 111	11116	Gr'nd R.&Ind.—1st,7s,l.g.gu	108	98	2ds, 6s	9632	é
Mil. & St.P.—1st. Ss. P. D.	10114	1011/2	1st m., Springfield div	61	631/2	1st, ex land grant, 7s	94 72	1 77	4ths, 8s	3216 95	si
mort., 73-10, P. D	110	125 1121 ₂	lst m., Springfield div Pacific Railroads— Central Pacific—Gold bds. San Joaquin Branch. Cal. & Oregon, 1st. State Aid bonds. Land grant bonds	110	110%	1st, 7s, ld. gr., not guar 1st, ex land grant, 7s Hous.& Gt.N.—1st,7s,g.1900 Indiana Bl, & W.—1st m	90 67	93	2ds, 6s. 3ds, 8s. 4ths, 8s. Rich & Dan.—1st consol., 6s Southw. Ga.—Conv., 7s, '86. Stock	103	-
t m., La C. Div	11236	11294	Cal. & Oregon, 1st.	102	100	Incomes	91	35	Stock S. Carolina RR.—1st m., 7s.	80 100	1
t m., I. & D	110	112	State Aid bonds	106		Stock	21	25		58	-
t m., H. & D	109		THE PARTY OF THE P	AULTE		Stock. Indianapolis & St.L.—1st, 7s Indianap.& Vinc.—1st,7s, gr International (Tex.)—1st, 7s	73½ 101	(104	West Ala.—1st mort., 8s 2d mort., 8s, guar. PAST-DUE COUPONS.	109	
m. Dock & Impr. bonds. do assente. do assente. b. mort., 73-10, P. D. t m., 78, \$ gold, R. D. t m., 18, C. Div. t m., 18, L. D. t m., 18, L. D. t m., 78, I. & D. Ext. west div., 1st 68, 1909 *Prices non.	110	114				International (Tex.)—1st, 7s	90	95 35	PAST-DUE COUPONS.		1
mortgage	108	10816	Land grants, 7s	112	11256	Int. H. & Gt. No.—Conv., 8s Jefferson RR.—Ist, 7s Kansas & Nebraska, 1st m. do 2d m.	100	107	South Carolina consol	10	1
t m., 78, L. & D. levt							77	80	Virginia coupons do consol. coupons	20	

NEW YORK LOCAL SECURITIES.

COMPANIES.	c	APITAL.	Surplus	1	DI	VIDEN	IDB.	PR	ICE.
Mark'd thus (*)	18	Amount	dates. 5		1877.	1878	Last Paid.	Bid.	1
are not Nat'. America' Am Exchange Jowery Froadway Froadw									
merica*	100	8,000,000	1,287,400	J. & J.	8	8	July, '79. 31	141	100
m. Exchange	100	5,000,000	1,323.800	M.&N.	12	6	Nov. '70 8	109%	113
owery	100	250,000	194,400	1. & J.	12	11	July, '79, 5		1
roadway	20	1,000,000	1,101,300	T & J.	16	16	July, '79. 8 July, '79. 3	1.22	
entral	100	2,000,000	336 90	I & J	8	7	July 270 914	104	105
hase	100	300,000	41,200					120	
hatham	25	450,000	141,000	J. & J.	9	8	July, '79. 8		****
hemical	100	300,000	3,251 700	Bi-m'ly	100	100	Sept. 79.15		
itizens'	25	600,000	109.000	J. & J.	636	6	luly, '79. 3		
ity	100	1,000,000	1,488 200 2,604,100 142,900 791,600 65 000 11,800 49,500 150,7,0	M. &N.	10	10	Nov., 19. 5	135	
ontinentel	100	1,000,000	142 900	I & I	6	8	July, 79. 4 July, 79. 35		
orn Exch'ge	100	1.000,000	791,600	F & A	10	10	Aug. '79. 5	1041/2	150
ast River	25	250,000	65 000	1. & J.	616	816	July, '79, 816		
th Ward	25	100,000	11,800	1. & J			July, '76, 3		
ifth	100	150,000	40,500	J. & J.	10		July, '79. 3		
ontinental orn Exch'ge*. ast River ith Ward* ifth Avenue*. ifth Avenue*. irst. ourth uiton allatin	100	100,000	150.7. 0 8.958,500 928,200 406,100 676,700 51,100		12		and a second of the second of		
ourth	100	300,000	994 200	Q-J.	616	12		106	
ulton	36	600,000	406,100	W 4-14	10	10		100	108
ultonallatinerman Am.* erman Exch.* erman'a*	50	1,000,000	676,700	1.80.	7	7			
erman Am.	75	750,000	51 100	F. & A.					81
erman Exch.	100	200,000	58,500	May.	8	5	May, '79. 5		
erman'a*	100	200,000	54,100	May.	8		May. '77. 6		
reenwich	25	200,000	17,800	M.&N.	7		May. 79. 3		
rocers*	30	225,000	169 9:0	1. & J.	3 7		Jan., '77. 3		
anover	100	1 500 000	1 785 200	J. & J.	14	14	July, '79. 316	114	
ving	50	500,000	127,100	I & I	8	14	July, '79. 4		
land City'	50	100,000	7.200	J. & J.	616	8	Jan. '78 9	***	
eather Manuf.	100	600,000	434.400	J. & J.	12	11			
allatin allatin erman Am erman Exch erman Exch erman's reenwich rocers anover np.& Traders ying sland City eather Manuf anuf.& Mer. arine arine	50	2,050,000	1.015.900 9.400 100.800 274.800 9.6.900 83.900 87.900 £20,90 671,100 153,700 58.400 192,000	F. & A	8	8	Aug. 79, 350	14036	143
anur. & Mer.	20	100,000 400,000	100,800	J. & J.			July, 79. 216	22.7	
arine	100	500,000	974 800	J. & J.	71/6	7	July, '79. 3	104	
echanica'	95	2 000,000	9:6 900	J & J	972	8	July, '79. 314 July, '79. 4	135	
ech. Assoc'n.	50	500,000	83.00u	M. &N	21/6	2	NOV. '70 9	80	80
ech'ics & Tr.	25	800,000	87,900	M.A.N.	750	~	July, '79. 214		
ercantile	100	1,000,000	220,90	M &N.	8 736 636	6	May, '79, 8		
erchants'	50	2,000,000	671,100	J. & J.	736	616	July '70 91/	128	130
erchants' Ex.	50	1,000,000	153,700	J. & J.	636		July, 79, 236		80
etropolis.	100	2 000,000	20.400	J. & J.	10	10	July, '79. 316		
nerow Tille	100	100,000	182,000			12	July, '79. 4	1321/2	100
BRROW!	100	1.000,000	58.800	M.&N.		12	May '79 914	88	
ew Yors	100	2,000,000	689,900	J. & J	736	5	July, '79, 4		
. Y. County	100	200,000	66,100	J. & J.	8	8	July, '79. 4		
anut. & Mer. arine. arket cehanics. ceh. Assoc'n. echics & Tr. ercentile. crchants Ex. etropolita. uorray till' assud' X. N. Exch. Inth. C. America. orth River' riontal	100/	300,000	58.800 689,900 68,7,900 76,500 105,500 77.9 0 167,700 214,300 255,900 120,000 174,100	F. & A.	8	8	July, '79. 4 July, '79. 6 May, '79. 214 July, '79. 4 July, '79. 314 July, '79. 314 July, '77. 3 July, '77. 3 July, '79. 4		
ntil	100	750,000	76,300	J. & J.	3		July, '79. 25	89	
orth River	70	240,000	77.900	J. & J.	6		July, '77. 3		85
riental*	96	800,000	167.700	J. C.J.	11	10	July, 79. 350	***	
eide.	50	422 700	214 300	0.000	10	10	July, '79. 4		
rk	100	2 000 000	255,900	1 4 1	12	6	1 1 70 9		
ople's*	25	412,500	120,000	1. & J.	10	8	Nov, 79. 25, J. ly, 79. 3 July, 79. 356 Jan, 79. 3		
enix.	20	1,000,000	174,100	J. & J.	6	6	Jan , '79. 3	98	
oduce	50	125,000	51,100						757
Alabolas	100	1,500,000	374,100	F. & A.	616	6	Jan , 79. 3 July, 74. 35 Au . 79. 35 Aug. 79. 3 July, 78. 3 July, 78. 3	10816	
venth Word	100	500,000	117,300	F. & A.	3	8	Aug. '79. 3	105	
cond	100	300,000	74.000	1 4 1	10	9	July 170 4		***
oe & Leather	100	500,000	172.800	I & J	10	10	July, '79. 4 July, '79. 4		
xth	100	200,000	46,300	J. & J	7	R		****	
scific* ark sople's* senix oduce* epublic Nicholas wenth ward sond soe & Leather xth ate of N. Y.	100	800,000	241,300	M.&.N.	7	7	Nov, '79. 332 Jan., '78. 3	x	
aird	100	1,000,000	52,800	J. & J.	3	3	Jan., '78. 3"		
hird radesmen's nion est Side*	40	1,000,000	174,100 51,100 874,100 117,300 53,300 46,300 241,300 241,300 52,307 266 200 685,670 101,700	J. & J.	10 7 7 3 9 8 8	716	July, '79, 814		
ort Sido	50	1,200,000	685.600	M.&N.	8	10	Nov, '79. 4 July, '79. 6		
one Dide	100	200,000	101,700	J. & J.	8	8	July, '79, 6		

3 The figures in this column are of date Oct. 2, 1879, for the Natio of date Sept 18 for the State banks.

Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds.

[Gas Quotations by George H. Prentiss, Broker, 24 Broad Street.]

GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period.	Pate	Date.	Bid.	Ask
rooklyn Gas Light Co	25	2,000,000	Var.	5	May, '79	130	140
tizens' Gas Co (Bklyn)	20	1,200,000	Var.	216	July, '79		75
do bonds	1,000		A. & O.		1898	100	103
arlem	50	1.850 000		3	Feb., '78		45
ersey City & Hoboken	20	750,000		716		135	145
anhattan	50	4,000,000	J. & J.	5	Ju e, '79		155
etropolitan	100	2,500,000		5	Aug , '79	115	125
do certificates	Vr.	1,000,000		316	Aug . '78	98	101
utual, N. Y	100	5,000,000			Jusy, '79	56	60
do bonds	1,000	1,000,000			1882	100	104
assau, Brooklyn	25	1,000,000		3	July, '79	70	75
do scrip	Va .	700,000			Nov. 74	95	100
ew York	100	4,000,000		4	May, '79	90	96
sople's (Brooklyn)	10	1.000,000		314	Jan., '76	30	40
do do bonds	1.000		M. & N.	7	1997	90	100
do do certificates.	Var		J. & J.		July, '79	90	100
entral of New York	50		F.& A.		Auc., '79	50	60
liliamsburg	50	1,000,000		2	July, '79	73	80
do scrip	Var.	1,000,000	I & I		July, '79	90	95
etropolitan, Brooklyn	100	1.000,000	MAN		May, '79	80	90
unicipal	100	1,500,000			Ju e, '79	139	150
do bonis		750 000	M. A.V.	8	1888	106	110

| Quotations by H. L. Grant, Broker, 145 Broker | 150 Bro 90 65 103 150 110 150 100 102 9214 55 110

110 160 115 40 101 20 90 100 82 81 95 115 130 102 173 104 Nov.1904 99 10 85 84 95 80 75 85 105 125 101 Nov.1904 99 10
July '94 85
Apr. '78 94
Apr. '85 95
May, '85 95
May, '85 95
July, '90 105
Aug. '79 125
July, '90 105
Aug. '79 127
July '90 105
Aug. '79 129
May '93 163

Insurance Stock List.

			-	14		100
[Quotations	Dy	K. 8	. BAILEY.	Broker	.7 Pine	street.]

COMPANIES. CAPITAL.		Net Surplus,	Surplus. D			DIVIDENDS.			
COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount	July 1, 1879.*	1876.	1877.	1878.	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask
Adriatic	25	200,000	4,877	10	10	5	July, '78. 5	40	
Ætna	100	200,000	-10,944	25	10 15	816	Inly 78, 356	55	65
American Exch	100	200,000	4460,19 68,826	15	15 10	14	July. '79. 314	125	100
Amity	100	200,000 200,000	00,020	8	4	N'n?	1 1 1 1 1 1 A	50	-
Bowery	50	200,000	000 886	10	10	10	Inly 79 5	185	70
	25 25	300,000 200,000	398,757 298,201	20 20	20 20	20		180	200
Brooklyn	17	153,000	197.092	20	20	20	In v '70.10	170	
Citizens'	20	300,000	4×3, 81 163,191	20	20	20	Ju y, '79.10	185	195
linton	100	210,000 250,000	145,144	20	1736	10.72	Aug. '79. 5	110 110	120
Columbia	30	300,000	-1,422	10	5	N'ne	1117 177 5	50	. 55
Commercial	50	200,000	-1,422 100,780 1,040,755 531,670	25	25	10	Jan. 79.10	112	120
		1,000,000	1,040,755	11.45	12.50	18 40	Ju y, '79.6.83	167	200
Cagle Empire City	100	200,000	80,008	14	20 14	20	July, 79. 5	95	103
xchange	30	200,000 200,010	80,008 105,240	20	15	10	Aug. '79. 5	100	107
	17	200,000 204,000	185.892 68,258	15	15	15		115	125
iremen's Fund	10	150,000			12	10 N'ne	July, 19 350	95 45	100
Tremen's Tr	10	150,000	73,678 147,088 822,547 703,104 124,986	12	12	11	July, '77. 5 July, '79. 5	100 120	
ranklin&Emp	100	1,000,000	147,088		10			120	130
erman-Amer. Jermania		500,000	822,547	10		10		135	140
Hobe	50	200,000	124,936	20	30 20	22 10	July, '79. 7	107	1
lobe reen wich	25	200,000			40	90	Ju y. '79. 5 Ju y. '79. 7%	250	
uardian	100	200,000	28,078 127,694 639,569 56,883 1,179,594	10	10	7 1716 10	in v '70 Sta	60	70
lamilton	15 50	150,000 500,000	699 560	20	20	1756	July, re. o	120	125
loffman	50	200,000	56,883	10	10 10	10	July, '79.15 July, '79.5	80	87
Iome	100	3,000,000	1,179,594	10	10	10		128 55	
lone	25	1 0.000			10 12	10		55	100
nporters'& T	50	500,000	94,260 86,070 7,453 +288,638 188,040	12	12	10		85 97	166
rving	100	200,000	7,453	10	12 13	10 10	July '76 St4	60	100
efferson lings Co.(Bkn)		200.010	+288,638	10	10	10	Sept. 79 0	125	136
(ings Co.(Bkn)	20 40	150,000 280,000	3,420	20	20	20	Iniv '79 10	160	
afayette(Bkn)	50		148,118 93,141 85,537 260,704 81,194 208,802	20	10 20	5 16	Jan. '79. 5 July, '79 6	120	130
amar	100	200,000	93,141	10	10	10	In v '70 5	95 80	105
enox	25 50	150,000	35,537	10	10	10	Jaly 79 5	80	130
ong Isl.(Bkn.)	25	200,000	81.194	20	20	16		120	70
	100	200,000	203,802	11	10 12	10 12	July G. o	133	70 140 105
fanhattan fech & Trad'rs' fech 'ics' (Bkn)	100 25 50	200,000 150,000 200,000 800,000 200,000 250,000	119,904 240,995	14	20	10	July '79. 5	95 155	105
lech.&Trad'ra'	25	200,000 150,000 200,000	179 803	80	30	20	July, '79.10	155 165	170
fercantile.	50	200,000	38,280	10	20 10	20 10	July, '79.10 July, '79. 5	75	88
ferchants'	50	200,000	158,269	20	20	16	July, '79, 5	120	130
iontauk (Bkn) assau (Bklyn) ational	50 50	200,000 200,000	240,995 179,803 88,280 153,269 98,541 165,652	20	18	12	Iniv '79. 5	108	112
assau (Bklyn)	3736	200,000	104.695	18	20 14	20 10	July, 79.10 July, 79.5	100	162
V Equitable	35	210,000	304,366 138,855	20	90	90		160	170
Y. Equitable lew York Fire Y. & Boston lew York City	100	200,000 210,000 200,000 200,000 300,000	133,855	20	17	14	Aug '79. 5	110	120
. Y. & Boston	100	200,000	21,126 22,054 454,28	10	****	N'ne	47200 the 4 1	50	60
ew York City	100 50 25		454,28		10 12	N'ne	Jan., '79. 5 July, '79. 6	130	100
lagara orth River	25	950,000 200,000 200 000	114,976 400,203 102,046 198,687 104,055	12	ii	11 10	Oct '79. 4	100	110
acinc	25	200,000	109 046	30	20	30		195 106	206
eter Cooper	100	150 000	198,687	90		12	July, '79. 6 July, '79.10	180	
ecer Cooper	20 50 50	150,000	104,055	20		20 12	July, '79.10 July, '79. 6	109	113
eople's henix (Bklyn)	50	1,000,000	497,251	20	20	15	July, '79 5	114	
roduce Exch.	100	200,000	46,949	10	31/2	N'ne		100	
elief	100	200 000 150,000 150,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000 300,000	24.638	10	10 10	10	July, 79, 5	65	70
epublic idgewood	100	200,000 200,000		18	12	10		95	
		200,000	193,078	25	20	20	July, 79.10	150	160
afeguard	100 25	200,000			16	16	July, '79 8	70	
afeguard t. Nicholas tandard	50	200,000 200,000	23,325 160 272 148,074 34,310	11:55	10 12:35	6.23	Aug. '79 5 July, '79, 814	110	125
		800,000	118,074	15	1736	121/2	July, '79, 6	10.)	115
terling	100	800,000 200,000	34,310	10	10	10	An c. '79, 356	70	80
tuvvesant	25 25	200,000	143,401 106,523	20	16	14	July, '79. 5 July, '79. 5	93	100
radesmen's Inited States	25	300,000 250,000			20 16	10 12	Inly 170 5	120	1
Vestchester Villiamsb'g C.	10	300,000	101,565 403,362	10	10	10	Aug "vy. o		110
71331	50	250,000	409 989	00	20	20	July, '79.10	195	

• Over all liabilities, including re-insurance, capital and scrip. † Inclusive o scrip. Pigures with a minus sign (—) indicate extent of impairment.

City Securities. [Quotations by Daniel A. Moean, Broker, 27 Pine Street.]

		INTERES	T.	D d.	PR	ICE.
	Rate.	Months	Payable.	Bonds due.	Bid.	Ask
V. 2p York:						1
Water stock 1841-63.	5	eb., May	Aug.& Nov.	1880	100	101
Croton waterstock 1845-51.	5	do	do	1890	104	105
do do1352-60.		do	do	1883-1890	104	107
Croton Aqued'ct stock . 1865.	6	do	do	1884-1911	106	112
do pipes and mains	6	May & N	ovember.	1884-1900	110	124
to reservoir bonds	6		Aug.& Nov.	1907-1911	169	112
Central Park bonds. 1853-57.	5	do	.co	1898	108	109
do 491853-65.	6	do	do	1895	108	109
Dock bonds1870.	7		ovember.	1901	123	128
	6	May & M	ovember.	1898	107	109
do	0	Man & N	overnber.	1894-1897	118	119
	4	May & N	do	1889	107	108
Improvement stock 1869	0			1879-1890		118
do1859.	7	do	do	1901	113	115
Consolidated bondsvar	6 g.	40	do	1888		105
Street imp. stockvar.	6	do	do			
do dovar.	7	do	do	1879-1882	102	105
New Consolidated	6 g.	January	& July.	1896	113	115
Westchester County	7	do	do	1894	118	119

[Quetations by N. T. BRERS, Jr., Broker, 1 New st.]

	January & July, do Jo do Jo do May & November. January & July. do do	1879-1880 101 1881-1895 102 1915-1924 123 1900-1924 120 1904 1912 190 1899-1905 110 1881-1895 023 1880-1885 101 1924 109 1907-1916 109	103 111 126 124 125 113 111 108 167 113 112
--	--	---	---

[Quotations by C. ZABRISKIE, 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City.]

			_	-
Water loan long	67777	1805 1899 1902 1878-1879 1878-1879 189' 94	95	98 103 97 97

Investments

STATE, CLCY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The Investors' Supplement is published on the last Saturday of each month, and furnished to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. No single copies of the Supplement are sold at the office, as only a sufficient number is printed to supply regular subscribers. One number of the Supplement, however, is bound with THE FINANCIAL REVIEW (Annual), and can be purchased in that shape.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Great Western of Canada,

(For the half-year ending July 31, 1879.)

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The statement of accounts for the half-year ended July 31, 1879, is now submitted in the usual form. The statutory general meeting of shareholders has been called pro forma for October 23, but it is proposed that the meeting shall be adjourned to Dec. 11. At that time the President, and two members of the board who have accompanied him to America, will have returned to London, and it is the intention of the board to summon a special general meeting to submit a report of their proceedings for the approval of the shareholders.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

REVENUE ACCOUNT. The following summary exhibits a comparison of the half-year's results with those of the corresponding half-year ended

July 31, 1878:		
Gross receipts, including the Galt and Guelph (now	lly 31, '78.	July 31,'79
incorporated with the main line and branches). Cash working expenses, including renewals (being at the rate of 75.43 per cent, as compared with 75.93 per cent in the corresponding per-	£393,460	£365,771
iod last year.)	291,167	275,896
Interest on bonds, debenture stock, &c., and loss	£92,293	£84,875
on working leased lines	94,024	100,047
Deficit	£1,731	£10,172
The comparison is, therefore, unfavorable 48.441. The expenditure upon renewals d		

£8,441. The expenditure upon renewals during the half-year amounted to £17,716, of which £868 has been charged to the lecomotive and car funds, and £16,848 to working expenses, but no transfers to the reserve funds have been made this half-year. After charging the interest on bonds and debenture stock, &c., the half year's net revenue exhibits a deficiency of £10,172, but the credit balance from the previous half-year reduces this to £6,260, which will form a charge against future revenue. The half-year's dividend on preference stock, amounting to £12,644, has been also carried forward to the debit of the next half-year.

EARNINGS. The gross receipts on the main line and branches (including the Galt and the Guelph) compare with those of the half-year ended 31st July, 1878, as follows:

Decrease in through freight earnings. Decrease in through live-stock earnings Decrease in through passenger earnings. Decrease in local passenger earnings.	7.930 2.587 1.939
Decrease in local freight earnings	39

	4	219,844
Increase in local live stock earnings	£478 1,678—	2,156
Not decrees	_	222

The principal causes of the decrease in the receipts for through traffic during the half-year have been low rates and the interruption of the live-stock traffic, owing to the continued prohibition by the Canadian authorities of the transit of American cattle through Canada.

The balances of the reserve funds show the following altera-ons on July 31, 1879:

done on sury or, 1078.	1	Debit or cred	lit
	Balance	during the	Balance
	Jan. 31, 79.	half-year.	July 31. '79
Ferry steamers renewal fund	18,250	æ	18.250
Locomotive renewal fund	120.944	D. 000	
Can papared fund	120,944	Dr. 395	120,549
Car renewal fund	39,363	Dr. 473	38,890
Rail and bridge renewal fund	27,570	*******	27,570
Insurance fund	2,055		2.055
Leased lines suspense account	Dr. 48,023	Cr. 1,761	Dr. 46,261
	160.159	Cr. 893	161,053

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

During the half-year £60,000 5 per cent perpetual debenture stock have been issued. The amount at the debit of capital account has been reduced on July 31, 1879, to £2,156. The charges to capital account in the half-year amount to £20,453.

LEASED LINES.

Omitting the Galt and Guelph (the receipts and working expenses of which, for the half-year to July 31, 1879, are incorporated in the accounts of the main line and branches) the loss in working the leased lines is £12,988, as compared with £6,946 in the corresponding half year. A large proportion of this loss is attributable to the Wellington Grey & Bruce Railway, upon which the decrease of earnings has been chiefly caused by the line having been blocked by snow for some weeks at the commencement of the half-year; whilst the large expenditure for maintenance still found necessary, arising, as explained in previous reports, from the original imperfect construction of he line, continues seriously to affect the net results. Under

traffic agreements with the Wellington Grey & Bruce Co., the sum of £2,573, being the equivalent of 20 per cent of the half-year's additional traffic interchanged with that company, will be applied to the acquisition, on the 1st of January, 1s80, of Wellington Grey & Bruce bonds at par.

DETROIT GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE.

The working of the Detroit Grand Haven & Milwaukee Railway, since its re-organization under the control of the Great Western, has been in all respects satisfactory, and it is expected that the operations of that road for the current year will result in material advantage to this Company.

Western Maryland Railroad.

(For the year endi g September :0, 1879.)

At the recent annual meeting of stockholders, Col. John M. Hood, President and General Manager, presented his annual report, which shows the gross earnings, \$347,442; expenses (operating and extraordinary), including construction and equipment, \$274,347; net earnings, \$73,095. The gross earnings as compared with 1878 show an increase of earnings of \$241; the expenses as compared with 1878 show a decrease of \$15,798; increase in net earnings \$16,030

report, which shows the gross earnings, \$41,442; expenses (operating and extraordinary), including construction and equipment, \$27,437; net earnings, \$73,095. The gross earnings as compared with 1878 show an increase of earnings of \$241; the expenses as compared with 1878 show a decrease of \$15,798; increase in net earnings, \$15,009.

The gross is a \$21,275, and the net revenue as \$129,926, while under the head of construction and equipment a further expenditure of \$72,870 was reported. Although this latter amount was expended—or rather invested—in valuable assets in the way of necessary additions and improvements, such as new equipment, iron bridges, steel rails, &c., these were regarded as necessary expenditures, largely reducing the amount otherwise applicable to the payment of interest on the bonded debt. It was therefore determined by the board of directors that the construction and equipment of extraordinary expense account should be closed, and thenceforth all such expenditures should be included in the ordinary or operating expenses and be deducted with them from the gross in obtaining the net revenue. In order, therefore, to make a comparison with 1878, the statement for that year has been revised, and the actual net revenue reduced from \$129,926 to \$7,056 by deducting \$72,870 expended as above set forth. Considered in this way, the expenses for the fiscal year just closed are shown to be 79 per cent of the gross earnings, while the actual expense of maintaining and operating the road was little over 60 per cent This plan, though generally unpopulation.

Among the improvements made during the year may be mentioned the laying of nearly 500 tons of steel and re-heated iron rails, the construction of 3,710 feet of new sidings, the building of 206 feet of iron plate girder bridges and 212 feet of wood and iron truss bridges, six new abutments and piers, several hundred feet of platforms, a water tank, turn-table, sand-house with dryer, coal bins, &c.

There were carried during the year 362,109 and 184,250

at an early day, this route will give the towns of Hanover, Gettysburg, New Oxford, Berlin, and many others of minor importance, together with a large scope of thickly-settled and highly-improved country, much more direct communication than heretofore enjoyed with Baltimore, their natural market, and in using 20 miles of the Western Maryland Railroad between Emory Grove and Baltimore, it is believed that the traffic from this sou ce will largely increase the revenues of this company without materially adding to its expenses. The Baltimore & Cumberland Valley Railroad was also expected to be in operation by this time to the town of Waynesboro'. Pa., seven miles distant from Edgemont, its terminus on the Western Maryland Railroad. The grading, ma-onry and bridging upon this section are now entirely finished to the town, but the date of firal completion has been made uncertain by the difficulty experienced in obtaining rails of the required quality, all mills of good standing being overrun with orders for months to come. There is a prospect, however, that this difficulty may be speedily overcome. If so, this track can be completed within 30 days from the time the rails are delivered. This seven miles is but the entering wedge to a line which, when further prosecuted, must prove of incalculable benefit to this company, and must restore to Baltimore much of her long-lost trade with the Cumberland Valley. the Cumberland Valley.

GENTRAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Brookly Gus Companies—A meeting of the directors of the Fulton Municipal Gaslight Company, to consider the terms of consolida in with the other Brooklyn companies, was held at 231 Broadway, in the office of Henry Davison, the contractor for building the works and laying the pipes for the new company. Nothing definite was determined upon, the officers said, and the de ails of the consolidation remain to be settled. The Trib n reports that the board of directors are not a unit, and a strong minority opposes any consolidation, as in effect organizing a gigantic monopoly and not carrying out the intention expressed to the residents of Brooklyn when the company was organized.

expressed to the residents of Brooklyn when the company was organized.

A lawyer supposed to have information on the subject said to a "how reporter that, despite the opposition of some of the directors of the new company, the consolidation would be carried out, and the capital, \$1,250,000, of the Fulton Municipal Company admitted above par into the new association. He adds, "There is a legal point in the way of the new scheme, however. It is doubtful whether the companies can consolidate without the consent of every owner of a share, unless they can come in under the charter of the Metropolitan, which contains a provision allowing it to consolidate. None of the others do. After all difficulties are settled, the stockholders will have thirty days to consider before voting on the matter."

days to consider before voting on the matter."

The capital of the consolidated company, as alleged, is to be \$6,669,000, divided as follows to each company:

| Brooklyn Co. | \$2,000,000 | Williamsburg Co. | \$750,000 | Citize, # Co. | 910,000 | N ssau Co. | 600,000 | Metropolitan Co. | \$69,000 | Fulton Municipal Co. | 1,250,000 | Pople's Co. | 300,000 |

The debts are to be fixed according to the following schedule:
 Brooklyn Co.
 \$800,000
 Williamsburg Co.
 \$1,000,000

 Citizeng Co.
 300,000
 Nasau Co.
 700,000

 Metropo tan Co.
 None.
 Fulton Municipal Co.
 200,000

 Pooples' Co.
 600,000
 Fulton Municipal Co.
 200,000

Cincin at Lafayette & hicago.—The Lafayette, Ind., correspondent of the St. Louis Globe D morret has received the following information regarding the sale of the Cincinnati Lafayette & Chicago Railroad:

Lafayette & Chicago Railroad:

"It was understo a that Mr.Ingalls accomplished his object by purchasing the controlling interest in the second-mortgage bonds of the short-line, which carries with it the stock and the control of the road. The second mortgage bonds alluded to were owned by Adams Earl, President of the road, who some time since gave Mr. Ingalls, of the Indianapolis i heimati & Lafayette, the "option" for their purchase. This he accepted Fiddy, and on the 1st of next mouth the transfer will probably be m de It is understood hat the L. B. & M. folks made an advance on the option held by Mr. Ingalls, which, of course, could not be secepted by Mr. Earl. It is believed that the officers of the road will remain in the ity. One week from next Weenesday, at the annual election, the old board will be returned, and Mr. Earl will retire from the presidency, Mr. ngal's succeeding him. No consolidation of the Cincinnati Lafayette & Chicago and Indiana oils Cheimati & Lafayette can be made, because of the fact that that the latter is in the hands of a receiver, and, also, only roads may consolidate when their lines connect, and the Central Lafayette & Chicago proper begin—at Templeton, eighteen niles west of this city, using that distance of the track of the Lafayette Bioomington & Indiana Central.—The principal of

Columbus (bicsgo & Indiana Central.—The principal of the 10 per cent bonds of the Indiana Central Railway Company, about \$665,500, is to be paid off at par and interest, on Jan. 1, 1880, by the receiver of the C. C. & I. C. Railway Company, as announced in advertisement elsewhere. Messrs. A. Iselin & Co., 48 Wall street, will buy them up to Nov. 10, at 101 and interest. This payment is made pursuant to an order of the court, and according to the option of payment before maturity given by the terms of the bond.

Covington Columbus & Black Hills.—This road was sold under decree of the United States Court at Omaha, for the sum of \$64,000, to Mr. E. F. Drake, President of the St. Paul & Sioux City Pailread Company. The purchase is understood to have been made in the interest of the St. Paul & Sioux City Co.

Delaware & Hudson Canal Company.—From London we are in receipt of a compara ive statement of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company, showing the earnings and expenses of the railroads owned and leased by this company, for the month of railroads owned and August, as follows:

Gross earnings	ugust, 1878. . \$128,167 . 184,313	August, 1879 \$457,732 215,013
Net earnings	. \$243,854	\$242,719
Increase in gross earnings	expenses o	f the Albany
	\$95,321	August, 1879. \$92,552 49,129
Net earnings	\$55,445	\$43,428
Decrease in gross earnings	Canyon ca	12,022

postponed by Judge Hallett until November 17.

Elevated Railreads in New York.—The Evening Post money article gives a summary of the facts concerning these roads as follows: "There are three rapid transit companies, to wit: The New York Elevated, the Metropolitan Elevated and the Manhattan Railway Company. The two former own all the rapid transit lines in the city, and they are both leased to the Manhattan Railway Company. The capital of the New York Elevated is \$6,500,000, and that of the Metropolitan is \$6,500,000. The stock of each of these companies is guaranteed by the Manhattan ten per centum per annum, payable quarterly, January, April, July and October, the first dividend being due January 1, 1880. The New York Elevated has a surplus of about 7 per cent not put into the Manhattan company's lease which it is expected will be divided before the regular ten per cent dividends begin in next January. The capital of the Manhattan Railway Company is \$13,000,000, of which one-half was paid to the individual stockholders of the New York Elevated and the other half was paid to a company called the New York Loan & Improvement Company, which built the Metropolitan Elevated road. The New York Loan & Improvement Company holds this \$6,500,000 Manhattan Railway Company's stock in one block, and therefore has only to buy one additional share of Manhattan Company's stock to own the absolute control of every foot of rapid transit railroad in the city. Although the Loan & Improvement Company's stock is not on the Stock Exchange, we may as well say that its capital is \$3,000,000, all paid; its assets consist of the \$6,500,000 Manhattan Railway Company's stock is mamed and \$500,000 Metropolitan Railroad stock, which, at current market prices, have a value of \$4,525,000, or about 150 per cent. We hear that the Loan & Improvement stock is selling privately at 114@120; if it was on the Stock Exchange list, or was generally known, it would probably sell much above its book va ue (about 150), for the reason that it practically co Elevated Railroads in New York .- The Evening Post money

Evansyll'e Terre Haute & Chicago —It is rumored that this road, running from Terre Haute, Ind., to Danville, will soon pass into the possession of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Compass into the pos pany by lease or consolidation.

Indianapolis Cincinnati & Lafayette.—Mr. M. E. Ingalls, Receiver, reports the receipts and disbursements of this road during October as follows:

during October as for	Ows.		
RECEIPTS.		DISBURSEMENTS	
Balance September, 1879	\$25,973	Loans	
Loans	20,100	Interest	2,068
Interest	28	Pond interest	31,538
Expre-s companies	2.660	Rents	7.829
United States mail	8	Salaries and wages	52,936
Rents	1,488	Steel rails	24,000
Sale of scrap iron and rails	4.693	Legal expenses	
Agents of company	176,831	Insurance	303
Other r ilroad companies		Supplies	31,094
(balances)		Raifroad balances	28,441
Miscellaneous sources		Miscellaneous vouchers	17,149
		Balance October 31, 1879	29,074
Total	\$269,939		0000 000

International & Great Northern.—The second sale of this road was made in Austin, Tex., October 14, and the road was bought by Samuel Sloan and J. S. Kennedy as trustees for the bondholders joining in the agreement of reorganization. This sale was made to complete title to the road and remove all doubts as to the rights of the purchasing bondholders.

Logansp rt Crawfordsville & outhwestern.—The purchasers of this road at the recent foreclosure sale have organized the Terre Haute & Logansport Company and filed articles with the Secretary of State of Indiana. W. R. McKeen, J. G. Williams, D. W. Minshall, J. B. Hager and G. S. Farrington are incor or tors. They are all connected with the Terre Haute & Indiana, polis Company.

liams, D. W. Minshall, J. B. Hager and G. S. Farrington are incor or tors. They are all connected with the Terre Haute & Indianapolis Company.

Nashua & Low-II.—The Boston Advertiser reports that the net earnings, after paying rentals in full (including rent of Peterborough Railroad, which is now in dispute), for the six months ending October 1, 1879, was \$50,917; October 1, 1878, \$13,935, showing an increase of \$36,982. This does not include any revenue from property in Boston, which cost over \$280,000. A dividend of \$3 per share has been declared, payable Nov. 1. The road purchased at the low price prevailing last summer the 800 tons of rails necessary to complete the steel line from Nashua to Lowell.

New Jersey & New York.—The plan of reorganization for

New Jersey & New York.—The plan of reorganization for this road contains the following:

The railway of the New Jersey & New York Railway Company extends from its junction with the Erie Railway, near Carlstadt, Bergen County, N. J., by way of the city of Hackensack, through Bergen County, New Jersey, through the State line between New York and New Jersey, near Pearl River, and thence through Rockland County, New York, to Nanuet; and thence, by its main line, partly over the track of the Erie Railway to Spring Valley, and thence to Stony Point, in the said County of Rockland, on or near the Hudson River; and a branch also extends from Nanuet aforesaid to New City, in the said also extends from Nanuet aforesaid to New City, in the said County of Rockland.

County of Rockland.

There are four mortgages upon the said railway, namely:

1. A mortgage, known as the Hackensack & New York mortgage, upon the portion of the railway south of the upper Hackensack station (about six miles), securing one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of bonds, which mortgage was made January 1st, 1867, by the Hackensack & New York Railroad Company, to Cornelius L. Blauvelt (now deceased) and Garret Ackerson, Jr., as trustees. This mortgage has been foreclosed.

foreclosed. 2. A mortgage known as the Hackensack Extension Mortgage. 2. A mortgage known as the Hackensack Extension Mortgage, issue of 1869, upon the portion of the railway lying between New Bridge, Bergen County, and the New York and New Jersey State line (about seven miles), securing about seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) of bonds, now outstanding, which mortgage was made May 1st, 1869, between the Hackensack & New York Extension Railroad Company and C. L. Blauvelt (now deceased) and John T. Fox, as trustees. This mortgage has been foreclosed.

3. A mortgage known as the Hackensack Extension mortgage, issue of 1870, upon the profiton of the railway lying between

of 1870, upon the portion of the railway lying between P lge aforesaid and the northerly terminus of the main line at crassy Point or Stony Point, securing about five hundred and thirty-three thousand dollars (\$533,000) of bonds, now outstanding, which mortgage was made Nov. 1st, 1870, by the Hackensack & New York Extension Railroad Company, to John T. Fox, C. L. Blauvelt (now deceased) and Henry M. Peck, as

trustees.

4. A mortgage, known as the gold mortgage, upon the entire property and railway, from the junction with the Erie Railway to Stony Point, or Grassy Point, and also the New City branch, securing about twelve hundred thousand dollars (\$1,200,000) of bonds, now outstanding, which mortgage was made March 1st, 1373, by the New Jersey & New York Railway Company, to the New York State Loan & Trust Company, as trustee, David P. Patterson being now the successor of the said trustee under such mortgage. such mortgage.

The remaining portion of the railroad and property of the New Jersey & New York Railway Company is to be sold, as soon as possible, under decrees of sale in foreclosure suits in the States of New Jersey and New York, in such manner as counsel shall advise, to the end that by such foreclosure sales or by the release or discharge of any of the mortgages upon such railway, not extinguished by foreclosure suit, title may be procured free and clear of all mortgage lipus.

such railway, not extinguished by foreclosure suit, fitle may be procured free and clear of all mortgage liens.

The title to the said railway and property, including the several sections or portions of railroad heretofore included in said New Jersey & New York Railway Company, to be procured free from all mortgage liens by purchase, consolidation or otherwise, in such way as counsel shall advise, by a committee to be known as the purchasing committee, in trust, which committee shall consist of Louis Fitzgerald, of the city, county and State of New York, William S. Opdyke, of Tenafly, Bergen County, New Jersey, and John J. McCook, of the city of New York.

County, New Jersey, and John J. McCook, of the city of New York.

Such purchase shall be for the benefit of all the holders of the bonds secured by the above-described mortgages who shall come into the purchase or reorganization under this plan.

The purchasing committee shall transfer the property so purchased or obtained to a new corporation or corporations, to be organized under their direction, under the laws of the States of New Jersey and New York, to be known as the New Jersey & New York Railroad Company.

As soon as practicable after the complete reorganization, a board of directors shall be elected by the new stockholders to serve for one year; prior to which time temporary directors may be selected by the bondholders' committee.

The new corporation or corporations shall issue four hundred thousand dollars of first mortgage, six per cent currency, thirty-year bonds, secured by mortgage to Ashbel Green, trustee, upon the entire reorganized railway, rolling-stock and property, which bonds shall be dated to bear interest from July 1st, 1879.

The mortgage bonds and capital stock of the reorganized company shall be distributed as follows:

1. There shall be issued \$400,000 of first mortgage six per cent bonds covering the entire road and rolling-stock, to run 30 years from July 1st, 1879, to be used as follows:

1 For the purchase of the Hackensack Railroad \$125,000
2 For purchase of Hackensack Extension Railroad 50,000
3 For the purchase and payment of locomotives and cars 100,000
4 For exceptional cases of bills payable and loans with excessive collaterals 56,000
5 Surplus in hands of committee for discounts, deterred interest, receiver's indebtedness, expenses of reorganization, &c., about 29,000

\$400,000 II. There shall be issued by the reorganized company preferred stock not to exceed in amount the sum of \$800,000, entitled to dividends at not to exceed the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, to be used in exchange for the Hackensack Extension bonds, issue of 1870, on the following

basis: Each holder to receive for his bonds and accrued interest twelve shares of preferred stock of the par value of \$100 per share for each \$1,000 of bonds. The balance of said stock or so much thereof as may be necessary to be used by the purchasing committee for the purpose of reorganization and the settlement of any claims which, in their opinion, might become a claim against the new organization. This stock to have and retain the entire voting power for the election of directors and managers of the road until such time as there shall have been declared and paid six consecutive semi-annual dividends of three per cent each, out of the net earnings of the road, provided that after such payments have been made and the common stockholders have assumed the control and management, if a period of six months pass without a payment of a dividend upon said preferred stock at the rate of six per centum per annum, then in such case the entire management and control of said railroad and property shall revert to and be assumed by the preferred stockholders, as theretofore.

III. There shall be issued common stock in shares of the par value of \$100 each, for such amount as may be necessary to be used in exchange for the gold bonds upon the basis of twelve shares of stock for each \$1,000 bond, holders of claims secured by gold bonds as collateral to receive, upon surrender of their collaterals, twelve shares of stock for each \$800 of their claims, with interest computed to September 1st, 1876.

The unsecured claims, amounting to about \$60,000, against the New Jersey & New York Railway Company, may be audited

The unsecured claims, amounting to about \$60,000, against the New Jersey & New York Railway Company, may be audited by the purchasing committee, and they may adjust and allow fifty per centum of the amount thus audited in common stock

at par.

The holders of the common stock not to have the privilege of voting for directors and managers until the dividends, as above provided, have been paid upon the preferred stock.

Philadelphia & Reading .- The following is the monthly comparative statement of gross receipts, tonnage and passengers of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company for the worth of Santember 1879 and 1878.

month of September,	1010 and	1010:		
	GROSS 1	RECEIPTS.		
	19	79	10	79
Railroad traffic	Month. \$1,197,161	Year to date. \$10,388,665 665,908		Year to date. \$3,977,389 640,964
Richmond coal barges	16,618	124,098	11,022	79,041
Total Raiiroad Co				\$10,144,425 6,152,475
Total of all	2,352,758	\$19,818,332	\$1,401,747	\$16,296,900
TO	NNAGE AN	D PASSENGER	S.	
Tons of coal on Railroad Tons of merchandise Passengers carried Coal transported by	810,314 523,049 893,314	3,797,037	262,329	2,599,987
steam colliers	56,715	497,713	49,218	484,720
	TONS OF	COAL MINED.		
By Coal & Iron Co	419,241	3,440,496	139,736	

Total mined from lands owned and controlled by Co. and from lease-hold estates.....

547,960 4,468,172 202,816 2,872,578

For the month of September last year the gross receipts reached \$1,401,747, while the total for the year to date was \$16,296,900. The total coal mined during the month was 202,816 tons, the total for the year being 2,872,578 tons.

Quincy Missouri & Pacific.—A special to the Chicago Tribune from Quincy, Ill., reports: "The stockholders of the Quincy Missouri & Pacific Railroad have ratified the action of the directors in leasing that road to the Wabash Company. Possession is to be given on Jan. 1. The work of extending the present western terminus of the Quincy Missouri & Pacific to Milan, as agreed upon in the lease with the Wabash, is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. Over 600 men are now employed in grading and track-building on this extension. Great difficulty has been experienced by those having the work in charge, on account of the rainy season in that locality. All the bridge work has been let and the grading contracted for up to Milan. This, with the ironing of the entire road, was to have been completed by the 1st of January next, but it is possible that, under the present difficulties, it may not be finished at that time. The management have contracts with Eastern manufacturers for 2,000 tons of iron to be delivered the present that time. The management have contracts with Eastern manufacturers for 2,000 tons of iron to be delivered the present month, and also has agreements to furnish an additional 450 tons at a very early date."

St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba.—The branch from Fisher's Landing, Minn., northwest to Red River, opposite Grand Forks, Dakota, 15 miles, is finished, making a-total length of the branch from Crookston to Grand Forks, 27 miles. On the main line the grading is about finished on the entire extension from Alexandria via Fergus Falls to Bamesville; some 80 miles of track have been laid from Alexandria west, and track-laying from Bamesville east commenced October 20. General Manager J. J. Hill informs us that he expects to have the gap closed by November 15, and trains running December 1.

St. Louis & San Francisco.—A despatch from St. Louis, Mo., October 28, says that Judge Baker, Vice-President of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, has just returned from New York, and reports: "Preliminary arrangements are now being made for the completion of the above-named road from Venita, Indian Territory, its present terminus, to the Pacific

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Ocean. Twenty millions of German capital, at 5 per cent, is offered to construct the road. If this arrangement is completed, the road will be built under the land grant originally given by Congress to the Atlantic & Pacific Railway."

the road will be built under the land grant originally given by Congress to the Atlantic & Pacific Railway."

The New Stock Exchange.—A meeting of the members of the Open Board of Stock-brokers was held on Tuesday of this week, at which the constitution and by-laws of the organization were adopted and officers elected for the ensuing year. The board will begin business on Saturday next. Upon the completion of a membership of 508, the initiation fee will be raised from \$1,000 to \$5,000. Seats will not be transferable until after 90 days. The number of votes cast at the election was 212, but the organization claims already to have a list of 400 members. Following is a list of the officers: President, George W. McLean; vice-president, James H. Conant; chairman, Cortlandt L. Parker; vice-chairman, Thomas A. Massett; treasurer, David O. Wotherspoon; secretary, Lemuel W. Morse; assistant secretary, W. Oakley. The governing ommittee is as follows: To serve one year—H. P. Chapman, J. A. Brown, George H. Moller, Darley Randall, Isaac Moses, J. D. Purss. To serve two years—Zachariah Nye, Jas. Kitchen, E. Tietzel, Mortimer Hendricks, Eugene J. Jackson, R. W. Gulager. To serve three years—F. Kuhne, L. W. Morse, Henry Dater, George P. Payson, Stratford P. Davidson, C. L. Parker. Following are the members of the several standing committees: Finance—J. M. Lichtenhauer, J. H. H. Nesslage, James Turner, J. O. Fowler, W. Oakley. Admissions—Abraham Disbecker, Jonas Hess, Edward C. Brodhead, N. Campbell, Hurlbut Chapman, G. L. Hoppenstedt, Archer N. Martin, Securities—E. G. Comstock, John E. Coale, Wm. M. Shaffner, H. K. Southwick, John F. Zebley, Jr., F. E. Trowbridge, Henry Demarest. Arbitration—N. S. Washburn, George W. Livermore, A. J. Winterton, Louis D. Beck, Adam C. Martin, Anthony Dey, P. Schuyler Hunter. The chairman of each of these four committees will be ex-officio a member of the governing committee, making, with the eighteen elective members, a full committee of twenty-five.

Western Union Telegraph—American Union Te

Western Union Telegraph—American Union Telegraph.—Below is the opinion of Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court, in the case of the Western Union Telegraph Company 18. the American Union Telegraph Company, the Wabash Railway, and the Central Union Telegraph Company. This was a motion for an injunction, which was argued before Justices Harlan and Drummond, in Chicago, last July:

Wabash Railway, and the Central Union Telegraph Company, This was a motion for an injunction, which was argued before Justices Harlan and Drummond, in Chicago, last July:

"First—That the Wabash Railway Company, by its numerous acts of ratification subsequent to its organization, became bound by the contract of May 2, 1570, as fully as the Toledo Wabash & Western Railway Company, and the contract of May 2, 1570, as fully as the Toledo Wabash & Western Railway Company nuestion.

"Second—Notwithstanding the relations which some of the promoters of the American Union Telegraph Company hold to the Wabash Railway Company, the former must be regarded in this suit as an entirely distinct construct and operate lines of telegraph in that State.

"Third—It was competent for the Railway Company, which entered into the contract of 1570, to grant to the Western Chion Telegraph Company the privice, for a term of years, of using its right of way for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating lines of telegraph.

"Approved July 24, 1866, and with the principles announced in the case of Penascool Telegraph Company s. Western Union Telegraph Company, 96 U. S., 18, the Railway Company could not, by contract, put it in the power of the Western Union Telegraph Company, accepted the provisions of the said act of 1866, and whose lines, when constructed and in operation, would not disturb the possession or materially obstruct the operation of the lines of that Company. The defendant Railway Company interposes no objection to the ecupancy of its right of way by the American Union Telegraph Company; on the contrary, it has assented thereto, and walved, or does not demand the provisions of the said act of 1866, and whose lines, when constructed and operated thereto, and walved, or does not construction of the contract of 1870, contrary, as I think, to way for telegraph purposes. I am satisfied that the new lines are construction of the long way the contract of 1870, contrary, as I think, to way the defendant Railway Company i

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, October 31, 1879.

The stringency of the money market, to which we have had occasion to refer throughout the month now closing, has increased in severity, until extreme high rates are paid for temporary loans, causing at times much depression in the markets for merchandise as well as in railway securities. Those staples whose prices had been forced up by speculation have suffered somewhat in values. Conspicuous among these are pork, lard, coffee, breadstuffs, and some minor articles. The weather has become more seasonable, and yet is quite pleasantfavorable, in fact, to the progress of regular trade, which continues active.

In the provisions market a decisive break in prices has occurred; an influential wing of the speculative party has retired, leaving little support to values. To-day pork was again lower at \$11 25 for mess on the spot; December, old and new, options were sold at \$10, and January, new, at \$11 50 and \$11 45. Lard recovered somewhat toward the close; prime Western was sold on the spot at 6.65@6.75c., do. for December at 680c., January 680@702½c., February 7.10c., March 7.22½ @7.12½c.; refined sold to the Continent at 7.27½@7.12½c. Bacon was very quiet at 61/6c. for long and short clear together, deliverable here in December. Beef hams have been advanced to \$15 50@\$15 75. Beef has sold fairly at full rates. Butter has been active at advanced prices. Cheese has continued weak and unsettled; prime factories 12@13c.

In Brazil coffees a large movement has been effected, with a decline of '4c. per lb. reported. Fair cargoes now quoted at 163/4c. Stock on the 29th instant in first hands, 66,442 bags. Mild grades have ruled firm, with a steady jobbing movement. Molasses has been rather quiet, but essentially firm at 30e.

Refined sugars close higher and fairly active; standard crushed, 10%c. Raw grades are held very strongly at 8@8%c. for fair to good refining, with a good movement.

	Hhds.	Boxes.	Bags.	Melado.
Receipts since Oct. 1, 1879	24,916	543	155,116	121
Sales since Oct. 1, 1879	55,867	14,988	260,160	1.045
Stock Oct. 29, 1879	34,414	10,378	417,486	1,550
Stock Oct. 30, 1878	50,988	9,661	143,565	1,772

The market for Kentucky tobacco has continued very quiet, and the sales for the week are only 500 hhds., of which 400 for export and 100 for consumption. Prices are nominally unchanged; lugs are quoted at 31/2051/2c. and leaf 6@12c. The movement in seed leaf has continued large, the feature of the transactions of the week being the sales of Ohio growth, crop of 1878; sales of the week 2,469 cases, as follows: 450 cases crop of 1878, New England, private terms; 200 cases crop of 1878, Pennsylvania, 11@14c.; 119 cases crop of 1877, Pennsylvania, 27@30c.; and 1,700 cases crop of 1878, Ohio, 834@16c. There has been a better business in Spanish tobacco, and the sales are 600 bales Havana at 80c.@\$1 10, and 162 bales Yara on private terms.

In ocean freights a very moderate trade has been reported, and in some instances, particularly berth room, a slight irregularity in rates has occurred. Charter tonnage, however, by its scarcity, is firmly maintained. The engagements and charters included: Grain to Liverpool, by steam, 6%@7d.; butter and cheese 40s.; bacon 35s.; cotton 7-32@1/d.; grain, by sail, 61/2@ 63/4d.; do. to London, by sail, 5s. 3d. per quarter; do. by steam. 7½@7¾d., 60 lbs.; do. to Glasgow, by sail, 6½d., 60 lbs.; do. to Hull, by steam, 71/2@75/6d.; do. to Cork for orders, spot loading, 6@7%d.; do. by steamer to Phillipville, 6s. 3d. per quarter; refined petroleum to London, 3s. 10 1/2 d.

Naval stores have continued to advance under rampant speculative efforts, and partly due to legitimate causes, particularly the materially-curtailed production throughout the South; good strained rosins are quoted at \$1 75, and others quoted \$1 80; spirits turpentine held at 47@47%c. Petroleum has latterly been in better request, and closes steadier at 71/6c. for refined, in bbls., here. In metals nothing of special interest has transpired; iron is less firm, but few actual changes are noted. Oils of all descriptions are higher, lard oil excepted; linseed is now held at 80c. for American. Ingot copper remains firm at 2114@211/2c. for Lake. Whiskey nominal at \$1 15. Clover seed has declined, and prime Western sold at %%c. for November.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., October 31, 1871.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our relegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Oct. 81), the total receipts have reached 245,613 bales, against 214,461 bales last week, 181,714 bales the previouweek, and 169,468 bales three weeks since: making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1879, 1,222,155 bales, against 1,005,355 bales for the same period of 1878, showing an increase since September 1, 1879, of 216,780 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of four previous years are as follows:

Receipts this w'k at	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.
New Orleans	69,076	16,611	50.098	54,280	48,245
Mobile	15,755	7,669	14,707	18.771	12,726
Charleston	28.834	25,385	28,698	30,398	22.079
Port Royal, &c	1,993	251	162	3,173	1,022
Bavannah	40,706	33,622	27,196	21.167	29,775
Galveston	26,071	26,843	17,621	22,696	24,452
Indianola, &c	296	884	383	560	847
Tennessee, &c	14,219	7,782	2,514	8,159	8,833
Florida	438	3,591	163	391	464
North Carolina	8,591	7,902	7,206	7,222	5,173
Norfolk	28,841	20,464	24,953	33,108	20,337
City Point, &c	10,793	6,276	3,635	1,979	1,291
Total this week	245,613	157,280	177,336	201,904	175.214
Total since Sept. 1.	1,222,135	1,005,335	732,374	1,009,547	915,744

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total i 136,750 bales, of which 74,081 were to Great Britain, 16,979 to France, and 45,690 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 524,688 bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season:

Week	EXP	EXPORTED TO-			Same	STO	CK.
ending Oct. 31.	Great Britain.	France.	Continent.	week.	Week 1878.	1879.	1878
N. Orl'ns	30,850	4,849	5,736	41,435	15,508	185.198	52 039
Mobile						25,893	14.177
Charl't'n	8,816	7,993	11,960	28,769	15,536	49,180	85,654
Savan'h.	10,628		16,179	26,807	41,068	94,173	106.266
Galv't'n-	3,770	2,477	4,758	11,005	13,338	72,426	77,314
N. York.	2,813	1,660	4,955	9,428	14,783	35,818	45 374
Norfolk-	8,033			8,033	5,704	36.000	17,830
Other*	9,171		2,162	11,273	9,110	26,000	25 5 m
Tot. this week	74,081	16,979	45,690	136,750	115,047	524,688	424.154
Tot.since Sept. 1.	440,422	53,770	95,414	589,606	432.842		-

The exports this week under the head of "other ports" include, from Baltimore, 657 bales to Liverpool, and 2,102 bales to the Continent; from Boston, 4,80 bales to Liverpool; from Philadelphia, 1,144 bales to Liverpool; from Wilmington, 2,890 bales to Liverpool;

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an incr ase in the exports this week of 21,703 bales, while the stocks to-night are 100,534 bales more than they were at this time a year ago. In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also givens the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add also similar figures for New York. which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert. 60 Beaver street:

Contract the	On					
Ост. 31, ат-	Liver- pool.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Stock.
New Orleans Mobile	32,329 8,000 3,250 17,400 23,871 1,500 13,000	25,723 None. None. 2,500 4,842 1,500 None.	3,100 15,800 2,689	213 None. 1,050 3,0.0 1,867 None. 5,000	68,713 8,500 7,400 38,700 33,269 47,500 20,000	116,485 17,393 41,780 55,473 39,157 28,318 42,000
Total	99,350	34,56	37,037	11,130	184.092	343,606

Included in this amount there are 2,000 bales at presses for foreign ports, the destination of which we cannot learn.

The following is our usual table showing the movement of otton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to Oct. 24, the latest mail dates:

1	RECEIPT		EXPOR	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO-					
PORTS.	1879. I	1878.	Great Britain.	France.	Other	Total.	Btock		
N.Orlns	209,653	74.418	67,217	20,724	11,940	99.881	155.153		
Mobile.	76,965	29,865					17.933		
Char'n*	137,281	171,675	38,969	1,825	5 280	46,074	53,932		
Bav'h	206,708	247,254	34,298		11,450	45,748	91 430		
Galv.*.	130,067	146,093	35,619	4,544	5,481	45,644	58 652		
N. York	14,936	14,381	108,926	9,698	9,452	128,076	24,390		
Florida	2,966	5,613							
N. Car.	30,869	33,108	3,497		142	3,639	11,514		
Norf'k*	137,531	112,374	31,997		2,460	34,457	27,175		
Other	29,547	13,265	45,818		3,519	49,337	7.250		
This yr.	976,522		366.341	36,791	49,724	452.856	447.429		
Last To	A*	848 075	249,449	17,099	51.218	317 795	416,398		

*Under the head of Oherission is included Fort stoyal, &c.; under the head of Gamesson is included Indianola, &c.; under the need of Artfola is included Cit Point, &c.

he market has remained quiet for cotton on the spot, and prices have been variable and unsettled. There was a decline of i.c. on uesday folk wed by an advance of 1-14c. on Wednesday and a decline of 1-16c on 'I hu sday. Stocks have been so much reduced by free shipments to Liverpool that quotations are for the most part nominal. To day there was an advance of 1-16c, middling uplands closing at 115-16c. and quiet. The speculation in futures, though relieved from the effect of the efforts towards a "corner" on October contracts at Livepool, hes yet continued excited and feverish and the course of prices irregular. October has felt the influence of our reduced sitck, though the short in errist app ared to be not large, while the winter and spring months responded to the large receipts at the ports and the stringency of the money market. Thus, on Tuesday October was lower and the other mont's slightly de rer. On Wednesday October advanced 15-100c and November 100c, but the winter months only slightly dearer. Yesterday the feature was the wide difference between November and December, growing out of the anticipation that shipments to Europe will continue specially urgent in November, as they have be n in October, but the whole market closed depressed. To-day, however, the decline of yesterday was more than recovered the better accounts from Manchester stimulating an active speculation, in the face of a very free mover et of the crop.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 847,300 bales, including — free on board. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 5,559 bales, includin 2,000 for export, 2,985 for consumption, 574 for speculation, and — in transit. Of the above, 2,250 bales were to arr ve. The following tables show the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week:

Oct. 25 to	U	PLANL)s.	NEW	ORLE	ANS.	7	TEXAS	
Oct. 31.	Sat.	Mon	fuer	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Nut.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin'y. 19 10	91516	91516	91318	10116	10118	9151	10116	10116	91516
	10516	10518	10316	10716	10718	10516	30710	10718	1(1074
Good Ord	101116	101116	10918	101316	101316	101116	101316	10131	10111
Str. G'd Ord	101018	101516	101316	111114	111116	10151	11118	111110	1015
Low Midd's	11116	111118	101516	11316	11316	11116	113.6	11316	11116
3r. L'w Mid	1114	1114	1118	1138	1138	1114	1138	1138	114
		1138			1112	1138	1119		1138
									1158
Str. G'd Mid						1178	12		1178
Midd'g Fair			1:14	1212	124	1238	1249		1238
Fair	1318	1318	13	134	134	1318	134	134	1348
	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Tb.	Fri.
Ordin'y. PD	978	91316	978	10	91516	10	10	91516	10
Strict Ord.	104	10316	1014	1038	10516	1038	1038	10518	1038
Good Ord	1058	10916		1034	101116	11 34	11.3	101116	10%
Str. G'd Ord		101316	1078	11	101016	11	11	101516	11
	11	101516	11	1118	11118	11,8	1118	11116	1118
Str.L'w Mid		1118	11316		114	11516	11516	1114	11516
Middling		1114	11516			11711		1138	11716
Good Mid.	11916	1119	11916	1111116	1128	1111116	1111116	1108	11111
Str. G'd Mid	111316	114	111316	111516	1178	111516	11.516	1178	11151
Midd'g Fair	12018	124	12516	12716	1238	12716	12716	1238	12716
Fair	13118	13	13116	113316	1348	13316	13316	1348	13316
8	TAINE	ED.		Nat.	Mon	fues	Wed	Tb.	Fri.
Good Ordin	arv		39 Th	1010	1018	10	10116	10	10116
Brriet Good	Ordina	rv			1010	1038	10716	088	10716
Low Middli	000			1013,		101110	103	101119	103
Middling				111.	111.	101518	11	101616	

MARKET AND SALES

		SALE	SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT.					FUTURES.	
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.		Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	Deliv- eries.	
Bat	Firm		879	74			144,300	700	
	Quiet		720				143,700	500	
	Quiet at 18 dec	450					171.200	400	
Wed .	Qu't, firm, 116 ad.	800		500		1,789	156.900	600	
Thurs	Steady at 118 dec.	550				770	93,200	1,100	
Fri	Qu't, st'dy, 116 ad.	200	430			630	138,000	2,000	
Fotal		2,000	2.985	574		5,559	817,300	5,306	

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day pre-ious to that on which tuey are reported.

For forward delivery the sales have reached during the week 847,30 bales (all middling or on the basis of middling), and the following is a tatement of the sales and prices:

		a es anu prices :	
For October.	Bales. Cts.	Bales. Cts.	Bales. Cts.
Bales. Ct.	1,500 10.89	100 s.n. 5th .1 '25	4,9001!10
. 0011.05	2.3 0	1.300 11.25	6 400 11 10
60011.07	2, 00 10-91	2,20011 6	8,200,
1,100 11.08	1. 00 10 93	1.800 1.27	7.000 11.12
900 11.09	800	400 11:28	2,700 11.18
40011.10	8.0 10'94		4. 00
500 11 12	1, 0010 95	20	10.5 0 11:15
1,000 11.13	1.70010 6		4,80011 18
00 11 14	400, 10-97		1,200 11:17
1 500 11:15		1 8,600	2,300 11 18
1,30011:18	1,600 10.99	1 0,000	1.800 11.10
1,40011.0	6,70011.00	F r December.	2 60011-20
200 s n 3 t 11.21	1,5 0 11'01	800 10.85	4,40011.91
200 s . Slat 11:21	4,10 11 0:	1,000 10 86	2,600 11.22
1,700 11-21	8,800 . 11 8	1,80 1 -7	
500	3,40011'04	8,5 0 10.88	2,50011.28 1,900 11.24
500 11-23	1.1:0 11:05	2,100189	d 900, 11:25
1.500 11 24	4.200 11'05	1,000 10 90	3.50011:28
	1,700 11'07	6, 00, 10 91	8.200. 11.27
200 .n. 8th11.25	4.300	11,5001 93	5, 0011 28
	5 500	4.400 . 10-93	2.4 0
2.000 11.5		6, 00 10 4	
1,50011: 4	8,100 110	4,000 10.9	800 11.90
1,4011.27	4,7(C 11'11	2,000 10-9	20011-35
2,800 11.28	5, 60,11'19	70010.94	001 000
1 0011.29	2, 00 11.13	1,400 10-97	201,800
7 100 11.80	1,3001 14	7,4001 38	
1,2 0 11 81	8,8 0	4,500 10: 9	For January.
20011 82	1,,000 11'16	14,200 11.0	1,100 10-98
300 11.33	4,40011'17	3,500 11 01	1,400 10 90
200 11 84	8.3 0 11'18	5, 0011 02	5,1001 100
500135	8,40011'19	7,80011.0	.40011 01
82,900	5, 001 0	3,700	
82,900	1, 00,11'21	6 100 11.0	
	2,80011.23	5,9001 .03	
For November.	2,100 11'23	8,400 11.07	
70010-88	5,40011 24	10,20011-08	e,900 11:00

Bales. Cts.	Bales. Cts.	Bales. Cts.	Bales. Cts.
6,000 11 07	1,3 011:34	20011.63	80011.70
7,90011.08	8,400	1,40011.65	1,50011.71
4,80011 9	1,100 11.48	2,000. 11.68 200. 11.67 1,100. 11.68	50011 72 50011 78
8,70	1,00	1 100 11:00	900 11:71
5,900111	1,70011.88 1,40011.89	300 11.69	30011·74 20011·75 70011·76
8,0001113	4.300 1 49	10011.70	700 11.78
9,100	40011.41	100	1 600 11:7
11, 00	700 114	59,800	100 11 78
10,10011.18	1,50011 43	00,000	10011 78 50011 80
2 200 11. 7	4,200 11.44	For April.	60011.81
5 90011'15	3.0 011.45	2,200 1 '42	70011.82
10.50011.19	2,200 11:46 30011:47	2,2001 42	50711.88
19 900	30011.47	80011·43 10011·44	30011 84
8.20011.21	500 11.48	100 11'44	60011.85
10,500 11.22	1,70011.49	1,90011.45	50011.86
10,64011.23	3,40011.50	70011.47	40011.87 50011.89
7,700	1,30011.51	40011 0	90011:90
	4,00011.58	80011.51	6 011.91
9,500 11:97	1 400 11:54	80011.53	700 11.92
3,50011 27 11,50011 28	1,80011·54 80011·55 60011·57	20011 3	40011.93
	600 11:57	10011:54	10011.94
7.600 11:30	1,00011.58	300 11·5) 10011·58	
4,40011.81	30011:60	100,11.58	19,100
1.70011:32	6001:62	1.300 11:57	
1,100 11·33 5,40011·34	60011.63	70011.58	For June.
5,40011 4		40011.59	70011.70
6,50011.35 8,00011.34	77,400	300 11.60	10011 71
4.20011.37	For March.	30011·61 40011·62	10011·72 800 11·74
7,800	1,40011.28	400 11:62	20011.78
4,00011:39	1,000 11:99	1,90011:84 90011:65	20011.81
7,400	1,00011·29 1,60011·30	900 11:65	20011:43
800 11.41	2,40011.31	1,30011.66	50011:84
20011.48	2,40011.32	300	50011·84 10011·90
50011.44	7 600 11.99	2.200 11.68	20011.91
2,50011 45 2,50011 49	1,700	80011.69	700 11.92
2,50011.49	3,100 11.35	1,600 11.70	1,000 11.93
	1.50011'395	10011.71	100,11 94
302,700	40011 37	10011.72	20011.97
For February.	600 11.34	50011.78	200 11.98
40011.13	5,40011.40	20011.78	30012.00
1,60011.14	800 11.41	1,50011.77	10012.07
1,70011.15	2, 0011 42	20011.78	100
1,20011.16	4.00011.43	500 11.80	5,500
1.500 11.17	2,6:011:44	30011.81	0,000
2,50011.18	2,500 11.45	10011.83	For July.
50011.19	1,300 11.46	30011.84	400 11.82
1,300 11:20	1,80011.47		40011.83
1,30011.21	90011 48	25,100	200
2,300 11.22	2,90011:49	· · ·	40011.91
40011.23	3,80011.50	For May.	50011.02
400 11:24	1,00011·51 1,40011·52	1,00011.59	100 11:94
2,000 11.25 2,400 11.26	1.50011.53	400 11.80	1,000 12.00
2,90011.27	2:011:54	20011.68	30012.05
1.700. 11.28	10011.56	400 11:64	500 12:12
1.700	1.00011 57	700 11:65	500,11.14
2,300 1 30	1,00011 57 1,40011 58	700 11.45 600 11.66	80012.15
1.200 11.31	. 200	20011.67	
2,50011.32	1.50011.60	10011 68	5,400
1,00011:33	200 11.61	80011.69	

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

10 pd. to exch. 100 Nov. for Oct.
10 pd. to exch. 200 a. n. for regular.

The following will show the range of prices paid for futures, and the closing bid and asked, at 3 o'clock P. M., on each day in

Futures	Satur	day.	Mond	ay.	Tuesd	lay.	
Market.	Varia	ble.	Depres	sed.	Irregu	lar.	
4	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing	
October	High. Lon. 11:35-11:25		High. Low. 11:30:11:21	Bid. Ask 11.21 23	High. Low. 11.15-11.05	Bid. Ask	
" s.n.	11.25		11-21				
			11.19-11.01		11.04-10.88		
		11.23 24				11.01 02	
	11.49-11.30				11.17-10.99	11.15 -	
Feb'ry	11.63-11.44	11.49 50			11.30-11.13	11.29 30	
March .	11.70-11.62	11.64 65		11.41 42	11.44-11.58	11.44 -	
April				11.55 57	11.59-11.41	11:58 59	
Мау	11.91-11.95				11.70-11.58	11.73 76	
June			11.97-11.84		11.84-11.70		
July			12.05-11.92				
Tr. ord.	11:3		11 2		11·15 Firm.		
Closed.	Sterio	ly.	Wea	k.	Firm	a.	
Futures	Wedne	sday.	Thurs	day.	Friday.		
Market.	Firm	er.	Lowe	er.	Higher		
-1-2-	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing	
	Bigh. Lore.	Bid. Ask	High, Low.	Bid. Ask	High. Low.	Bid. Ask	
	11-32-11-21	11.30 -	11.30-11.13				
Nov'ber	11-32-11-21	11.10 -	11.08-10.99	10.38 99	11.21.10 96	11-14 15	
Nov'ber Dec'ber	11.32.11.21 11.18.11.04 11.16.11.00	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06	11.08-10.99 11.03-10.90	10.98 99 10.90 91	11.1 1-10.85	11.10 -	
Nov'ber Dec'ber Jan'ry .	11:32:11:21 11:18:11:04 11:16:11:00 11:30:11:12	11.10 -	11.08-10.99	10°38 99 10°90 91 11°03 04		11.10 -	
Nov'ber Dec'ber Jan'ry . Feb'ry .	11.32.11.21 11.18.11.04 11.16.11.00	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32	11.08-10.99 11.03-10.90	10.98 99 10.90 91 11.03 04 11.17 18	11.1 1-10.85	11·10 - 11·22 23 11·37 38	
Nov'ber Dec'ber Jan'ry . Feb'ry . March	11:32:11:21 11:18:11:04 11:16:11:00 11:30:11:12	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47	11.08-10.99 11.03-10.90 11.17-11.03 11.30-11.18 11.45-11.34	10*38 99 10*90 91 11*03 04 11*17 18 11*33 34	11:10:10:85	11:10 - 11:22 23 11:37 38 11:54 55	
Nov'ber Dec'ber Jan'ry . Feb'ry . March April	11:32:11:21 11:18:11:04 11:16:11:00 11:30:11:12	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47 11:60 61	11.08-10.99 11.03-10.90 11.17-11.03 11.30-11.18 11.45-11.34 11.59-11.52	10.98 99 10.90 91 11.03 04 11.17 18 11.33 34 11.47 49	11:10:10:85	11·10 - 11·22 23 11·37 38 11·54 55 11·69 70	
Nov'ber Dee'ber Jan'ry Feb'ry March April	11 32-11 21 11 18-11 04 11 16-11 00 11 30-11 12 11 45-11 26 11 53-11 15 11 73-11 5 11 86-11 77	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47 11:60 61 11:75 77	11·08·10·99 11·03·10·90 11·17·11·03 11·30·11·18 11·45·11·34 11·59·11·52 11·72·11·64	10.38 99 10.90 91 11.03 04 11.17 18 11.33 34 11.47 49 11.62 64	11·1·-10·85 11·30·10·98 11·44-11·13 11·61-11·31 11·77-11·45 11·90-11·60	11·10 — 11·22 23 11·37 38 11·34 53 11·69 70 11·84 86	
Nov'ber Dee'ber Jan'ry . Feb'ry . March . April May June	11 32 11 21 11 18 11 04 11 16 11 00 11 30 11 12 11 45 11 26 11 53 11 42 11 73 11 5 11 86 11 77 11 98 11 90	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47 11:60 61 11:75 77 11:92 94	11·08·10·99 11·03·10·90 11·17·11·03 11·30·11·18 11·45·11·34 11·59·11·52 11·72·11·64	10.38 99 10.90 91 11.03 04 11.17 18 11.33 34 11.47 49 11.62 64 11.74 77	11.1 -10.85 11.30-10.98 11.44-11.13 11.61-11.31 11.77-11.45 11.90-11.60 12.00-11.71	11·10 — 11·22 23 11·37 38 11·54 55 11·69 70 11·84 86 11·97 99	
Nov'ber Dec'ber Jau'ry . Feb'ry . March April May June July	11-32-11-21 11-18-11-04 11-16-11-04 11-30-11-12 11-45-11-26 11-58-11-42 11-73-11-5 11-86-11-77 11-98-11-90 12-0-12-00	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47 11:60 61 11:75 77 11:92 94 12:00 02	11·08·10·99 11·03·10·90 11·17·11·03 11 30·11·18 11·45·11·34 11·59·11·52 11·72·11·64	10°38 99 10°90 91 11°03 04 11°17 18 11°33 34 11°47 49 11°62 64 11°74 77 11°84 87	11.1 -10.85 11.30-10.98 11.44-11.13 11.61-11.31 11.77-11.45 11.90-11.60 12.00-11.71 12.12-11.53	11·10 - 11·22 23 11·37 38 11·54 57 11·69 70 11·84 86 11·97 96 12·07 06	
October Nov'ber Dec'ber Jan'ry . Feb'ry . March . April May June July Tr. ord . Closed .	11 32 11 21 11 18 11 04 11 16 11 00 11 30 11 12 11 45 11 26 11 53 11 42 11 73 11 5 11 86 11 77 11 98 11 90	11:30 — 11:10 — 11:05 06 11:17 — 11:31 32 11:45 47 11:60 61 11:75 77 11:92 94 12:00 02	11·08·10·99 11·03·10·90 11·17·11·03 11·30·11·18 11·45·11·34 11·59·11·52 11·72·11·64	10°38 99 10°90 91 11°03 04 11°17 18 11°33 34 11°47 49 11°62 64 11°74 77 11°84 87	11.1 -10.85 11.30-10.98 11.44-11.13 11.61-11.31 11.77-11.45 11.90-11.60 12.00-11.71	11·10 — 11·22 23 11·37 38 11·34 55 11·69 70 11·84 86 11·97 99 12·07 09	

Also, Friday, November, short notice, at 11'25.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Oct. 31), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

Friday only:				
	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Stock at Liverpool	273.000	302,000	409,000	474.000
Stock at London	56,193	31.250	27,000	32.250
Total Great Britain stock .	329,183	333.250	433.000	506 250
Stock at Havre	89,800	120,000	160,000	170 730
Stock at Marseilles	436	1.500	7,000	4.000
Stock at Barcelona	3,973	7.750	44 000	50.000
Stock at Hamburg	1.500	4.500	11.000	9.000
Stock at Bremen	22,004	23,750	43.0 0	47.0 0
Stock at Amsterdam	19,400	33,250	3 .000	53.000
Stock at Retterdam	1,283	7,000	9,000	12,750

84	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Stock at Antwerp Stock at other conti'ntal ports.	6,692	3,250 8,750	5,000 8,250	
Total continental ports	144,988	209,750	318,250	373,250
Total European stocks	474,171	543,000	751.250	880,500
India cotton affoat for Europe.	81.374	108,000	40,000	
Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe	342,468		172,000	243,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., aft for E'r'pe	36.914	21,000	29,000	40,000
Stock in United States ports	524,688	424,154	421,198	642,356
Stock in U. S. interior ports	41,330	53,734	60,173	71,872
United Str.es exports to-day	31,000	21,000	5,000	8,000
Total visible supply	,531,945	1,440,888	1,478,621	2.085,728
Of the above, the totals of A follows: American—	American	and other	description	ns are as
Liverpool stock	142,000	151,000	173,000	160,000
Continental stocks	51,000	159,000	231,000	245,000
American afloat for Europe	342,468	270,000	172,000	243,000
United States stock	524,688	474.154	421,198	642,356
United States interior stocks	41,330	53,734	63,173	71.872
United States exports to-day	31,000			8,000
Total American	,132,486	1,078,888	1,062,371	1,370,228
East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock	131.000	151,000	233,000	314.000
London stock.	56.183	31,250	27,000	
Continental stocks	93,988			
India afloat for Europe	81,374	108,000	40,000	
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	36,914	21,000	29,000	40,000
Total East India, &c	399,459	362,000	416,250	715,500
Total American	1,132,486	1,078,888	1,062,371	1,370,228
Total visible supply	7.531,945 7%d.	1,449,888 511 ₁₆ d.	1,478,621 638d.	2,085.728 63 ₁₆ d.

The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 91,057 bales as compared with the same date of 1878, an increase of 53,324 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1877, and a decrease of 553,783 bales as compared with 1876.

AT THE INTERIOR PORTS the movement—that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to night, and for the corresponding week of 1878—is set out in detail in the following

	Week en	ding Oct.	. 31, '79.	Week er	ding Nov	. 1, '78.
	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.
Augusta, Ga	10,156	8,406	4,737	11.042	9,316	10,152
Columbus, Ga	4.166	2.758	5,792	3,985	4,106	5,676
Macon, Ga	2,922	2,174	3,590	3,712	3,112	7,459
Montgomery, Ala		4,591	7,101	4,454	4,129	10,070
Selma, Ala	6,812	5,266	8,921	3,727	3,409	6,561
Memphis, Tenn.	1,500	1.438	4,560	5.134	569	10,000
Nashville, Tenn	6,253	2,822	6,689	1,705	701	3,816
Total, old ports.	38,307	27,455	41,330	33,659	25,342	53,734
Dallas, Texas	3.695	3,914	2,523	1,150	1,546	1.167
Jefferson, Tex.*	700	700	200	673	463	990
Shreveport, La	4,725	3,791	5,595	2,286	1,406	4,970
Vicksburg, Miss	6,526	5,772	3,329			33
Columbus, Miss	1,780	1,627	1,519	837	283	2,423
Eufaula, Ala	1.573	1,861	1,840	3,536	3,653	1,516
Griffin, Ga	1,769	1,426	1,225	2,261	1,816	2,188
Atlanta, Ga	6,875	5,482	6.878	3,016	2,701	6,469
Rome, Ga	4,297	4,286	3,388	3,526	3,743	3,498
Charlotte, N. C	2,634	3.023	208	2,100	2,081	500
St. Louis, Mo	23,460	18,294	43,844	23,209	16,358	35,442
Cincinnati, O	6,465	5,423	3,856	9,309	9,023	2,104
Total, new p'rts	64,489	55,599	74,403	51,903	43,073	61,300
Total, all	102,796	33.054	115,735	85,562	68,415	115,034

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 10,852 bales, and are to-night 12,404 bales less than at the same period last year. I'be receipts at the same towns have been 4,648 bales more than the same week last

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the out ports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another, at the expanse of the interior stocks. We reach, therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following:

M	7eek	Receipt	s at the	Ports.	Stock a	t Inter'	Ports	Rec'pue	from P	lant'ns
en	ding-	1877.	1878.	1879.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1877.	1878.	1879.
June	6	9,390	12,380	11,089	57,509	34,154	37,570		7,509	6,461
66	13	8,526	11,231	6,612	52,154	29,315	32,429	3,171	6,392	1,471
**	20	8,526	10,721	7,188	45,769	23,287	29,306	2,141	4,693	4,065
44	27	6,519	6,879	6,293	35,811	21,240	25,223		4,832	2,210
July	4	6,102	5,949	3,637	32,077	19,675	22,388	2,368	4,384	802
66	11	4,404	5,287	3,032	28,997	18,033	20,691	1,324	3,645	1,335
44	18		3,782	2,809	27,979	15,494	15,528	2,658	1,243	
44	25	3,299	4,086	3,272	25,361	12,527	14,410	681	1,119	2,154
Aug.		2,691	3,671	2,503	22,472	11,005	13,966		2,149	2,059
**	8	2,103	3,049	3,945	21,574	8,346	13,049	1,204	410	3,028
66	15	1,733	4,657	3,462	19,118	6.238	11,477		2,549	1,890
**	23	2,644	5,699	4,843	17,600	5,999	7,463	1,126	5,460	829
**	29	4,335	15,784	4,875	16,278	6,593	7,301	3,013	16,378	4,718
Sept.	5	5,885	26,750	13,920	16,449	9,979	9,598	6,056	30,138	16,217
**	12	12,109	47,431	30,054	16,272	18,971	14,563	11,932	56,423	35,019
	19	22,345	74,355	76,933	15,104	26,377	23,896	21,177	81.761	86.266
	26			127,729	20,510	37,872	40.774	48,534	110.358	144,607
Oct.	8			162,303		47,208	52.207	79,350	140,326	173,786
44	10	109.264				59,823	68,913	121,435	160,773	186,114
	17	135.054				79,597	61,227	151.908	180.007	194,000
	24	157,600	162,236	214.461	80,374	97,887	95,993	179,238	180,526	229,297
	81	177,990	157.2-0	245 619	103 814	115 031	118 -05	970 778	171 107	3.6 Sec.

The above statement shows-

1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in 1879 were 1,339,569 bales; in 1878 were 1,114,737 bales; in 1877 were 833,306 bales.

2. That the receipts at the out ports the past week

1877 were 833,379 bales.

2. That the receipts at the out ports the past week were 245,613 bales and the actual movement from plantations 265,335 bales; the balance being added to stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 174,427 bales, and for 1877 they were 202,776 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—There has been but little rain the past week, and the weather has generally been favorable for maturing and gathering the crop. There were hard frosts at Memphis again on Saturday and Sunday, which were very welcome in putting an end to the fever, but the frosts do not appear to have extended much further south with any

Galveston, Texas.—There has been rain here on two days of the week, drizzles, but not enough to do much good, the rainfall reaching only eight hundredths of an inch. The drought is now reaching only eight hundredths of an inch. The drought is now more severe than at any time during the year, but as the week closes there has been a favorable change in the weather, with indications of rain. The thermometer has averaged 65, the highest being 78 and the lowest 51. The rainfall for the month of October is thirty-eight hundredths of an inch. Indianola, Texas.—We have had no rainfall during the week and are needing none. Average thermometer 65, highest 79 and lowest 52. There has been a rainfall during the past month of six inches and sixty hundredths.

Corpicana. Texas.—It has not rained here the past week, and

Corsicana, Texas.-It has not rained here the past week, and we are needing some. We have had a frost, but not a killing frost, Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged 62, ranging from 39 to 84. During the month of October rain fell to a depth of two inches and twenty-five hundredths.

Dallas, Texas.—We have had a frost during the week, but it was not a killing frost. There has been no rainfall, and we are

was not a killing frost. There has been no rainfall, and we are needing rain terribly, wheat planting being still retarded. Many sections in this vicinity will make a fair top crop of cotton. Grasshoppers are spreading throughout all the region west and southwest of this point, but it seems they are not doing any considerable damage. Average thermometer 62, highest 84 and lowest 89. The rainfall during October has reached sixty-six hundredths of an inch.

hundredths of an inch.

Brenham, Texas.—It has not rained at this point during the week, and there is terrible suffering, but the picking season has been excellent. The thermometer has ranged from 46 to 84, averaging 63. Not a drop of rain has fallen the past month.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—Rain has fallen during the week

e day, the rainfall reaching seventy-nine hundredths of an The thermometer has averaged 63.

Shreeport, Louisiana.—Telegram not received. List week the weather was clear and cool, the thermometer averaging 53, and ranging from 44 to 62.

and ranging from 44 to 62.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We have had no rainfall during the week. The weather is warm.

Columbus, Mississippi.—The days have been warm but the nights have been cold the past week, and there has been no rainfall. The thermometer has averaged 58, with a range of 68 to 48. The rainfall during the past month has reached six inches and thirty-two hundredths.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—Sunday and Monday last were cloudy, but the remainder of the week has been clear and pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 54, the highest being 77 and the lowest 33. It is now (Friday P. M.) turning colder, with indications of rain or snow. tions of rain or snow.

Nashville, Tennessee.—There has been no rainfall during the past week. The thermometer has averaged 53, with an extreme range of 37 to 74. Planters are sending their cotton to market

Memphis, Tennessee.—Telegram not received.
Mobile, Alabama.—It has been showery one day, and has rained severely one day, but the balance of the week has been pleasant. The killing frost this week was confined to the middle and northern portions of the Sta'e, and no serious damage has been done. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest being 73 and the lowest 48. The rainfall has reached sixty-two hundredths of on inch dredths of an inch.

Montgomery, Alabama.—It rained the earlier part of the week on one day, the rainfall reaching twenty-nine hundredths of an inch, but the latter portion has been clear, though colder. The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 75 and the lowest 43. The rainfall for the past month is ten inches and twenty hundredths

twenty hundredths.

Selma, Alabama.—We had rain on one day the earlier part of hundredth hundredther is now fine. Planters are send-

Seima, Alabama.—We had rain on one day the earlier part of the past week, but the weather is now fine. Planters are sending cotton to market freely.

Madison, Florida.—Rain has fallen on two days, but at the close of the week a favorable change has taken place in the weather. Much damage has been done. Planters are sending cotton to market freely. The thermometer has ranged from 41 to 85 averaging 61. to 85, averaging 63.

to 85, averaging 6;

Macon, Georgia.—We have had rain on one day, but the rest of the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 65. Columbus, Georgia.—It has rained during the week on one day, the rainfall reaching sixty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 85. The rainfall for the month of October is six inches and seventy-three hundredths.

Eavanuah, Georgia.—Rain has fallen on two days, the rainfall reaching eighty-two hundredths of an inch, but the balance of the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest point touched having been 75 and the lowest 43.

Augusta, Georgia.—During the earlier part of the week we had light rains on two days, with a rainfall of fifty-nine hundredths of an inch, but the latter portion has been clear and pleasant. Picking is making rapid progress and cotton is being sent to market freely. The thermometer has averaged 73, the highest being 77 and the lowest 40. There has been a rainfall during October of two inches and seventy-six hundredths.

Charleston, South Carolina.—We have had rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and nine hundredths. Average thermometer 58, highest 70, and lowest 44.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock Oct. 30, 1879, and Oct. 31, 1878. Oct. 30, '79, Oct. 31, '78.

l		Feet.	Inch.		
ļ	New Orleans Below high-water mark	13	8	13	3
ı	MemphisAbove low-water mark	4	9	4	5
l	Nashville Above low-water mark	1	8	1	2
I	Shreveport Above low-water mark	Miss	ing.	4	2
l	Vicksburg Above low-water mark	6	8	Miss	sing.

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT. COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT.—A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. First we give the receipts at each port each day of the week ending to night,

PORT RECEIPTS FROM SATURDAY, OCT. 25, '79, TO FRIDAY, OCT. 31, '79.

D'ys of we'k	Or-	Mo- bile.	Char- leston.	Savan- nah.	Gal- vest'n.	Nor- folk.	Wil- ming- ton.	All others.	Tota!.
Bat	3,227	2,542	3,066	6,648	4,545	3,559	1,222	1,625	26,434
Mon	15,204	5,548	6,342	8,855	7,655	3,494	1,134	2,175	50,407
Tues	13,506	3,406	3,918	6,367	1,515	5,732	2,575	4,607	41,656
Wed	2,851	1,628	3,614	6,053	5,436	4,996	707	2,267	27,552
Thur	15,197	1,172	6,216	4,578	3,576	5,648	1,347	1,716	39,450
Fri	19,091	1,459	5,648	8,205	3,344	5,412	636	16,259	60,114
Tot	69,076	15,755	28,834	40,706	26,071	28,841	7,681	28,649	243,613

The movement each month since Sept. 1 has been as follows:

Monthly	Year Beginning September 1.										
Receipts.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.					
8ept'mb'r 333,643 October 888,492		288,845 689,264	95,272 583,687	236,868 675,260	169,077 610,316	134,376 536,968					
Total year Perc'tage of receipts	f tot. port	978,112 21:99	678,959 15:62	912,128	779,393 18:59	671,344					

This statement shows that up to Oct. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 244,023 bales more than in 1878 and 543,176 bales more than at the same time in 1877. By adding to the above totals to Oct. 31 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.
Tot.Sp. 30	333,643	288,848	95,272	236,868	169,077	134,376
Oct. 1	20,785	23,599	13,941	8.	14,531	10,714
٧ 2	21,495	23,283	9,741	30,712	12,096	10,511
" 3	35,016	17,537	12,179	15,621	S.	12,251
" 4	25,784	24,181	10,720	19,954	19,503	8.
" 5	S.	22,862	12,903	19,197	20,116	17,584
" 6	37,355	8.	10,210	22,115	15,078	17,743
" 7	25,809	25,800	8.	19,247	16,384	14,766
" 8	21,335	24,369	18,609	S.	19,445	14,416
" 9	23,504	24,966	21,523	32,049	17,384	18,207
" 10	35,621	22,539	19,304	24,533	S.	14,587
" 11	21,819	27,622	18,399	20,722	32,312	8.
" 12	S.	25,343	21,302	18,950	21,822	27,582
" 13	41,177	S.	14,875	20,348	20,576	20,714
" 14	27,876	26,402	S.	19,812	20,518	18,726
" 15	26,622	29.014	35,142	8.	25,171	18,542
" 16	23,825	27,764	21,081	38,513	19,629	20,731
" 17	40,395	20,549	20,815	21,034	8.	16,819
" 18	34,763	31,161	21,359	27,821	28,753	8.
" 19	8.	22,510	23,632	24,796	25,981	28,164
" 20	43,101	S.	21,673	21,843	23,463	21,432
" 21	32,554	34,634	8.	26,617	22,054	20,034
" 22	25,507	22,873	36,656	S.	27,825	23,267
" 23	35,566	23,157	27,174	38,824	20,782	23,876
" 24	42,970	25,275	26,606	25,325	8.	19,523
. " 25	26,434	33,787	22,098	23,574	43.015	S.
" 26	8.	22,759	29,489	29,176	30,784	34,318
" 27	50,407	8.	27,118	28,761	21,477	24,071
" 28	41,656	32.576	8.	28,715	27,845	19,415
" 29	27,552	24.936	34,194	8.	24,746	22,106
" 30	39,450	21,942	31,020	44,561	20,415	29,145
" 31	60,114	27,824	27,924	32,532	18,611	18,704
Total		978,112	678,959	912,128	779,393	671,344
Percentag	e of total	21.99	15:62	22:59	18:59	19:20

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 244,028 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1878, and 543,176 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1877. We add to the last table the percentages of total pert receipts which had been received Oct. 31 in each of the years named.

Gunny Bass, Bagging, &c.—Bagging has been very active since our last, but there is rather less doing at the close. There have been transactions at full figures—in all, about 4,000 rolls—and the market is firm at 95%@10c. for 1¾ lbs., 10½c. for 2 lbs., and 11@11½c. for standard quality. Jute butts have been active and large transactions have taken place. The parcels coming to hand, ex Lord Canning` 3,586 bales, Exporter 1,975 bales, and Star of Persia 2,831 bales, were mostly sold, and the sales aggregate 15,000 bales, part on spot and part to arrive, beginning at 27%c. up to 3%c., with the market closing strong at 3c. The market at Calcutta is firmer, and, together with advance in freights and exchange market, the cost of importation is fully ½c. per lb. higher.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The figures which are now collected for us, and forwarded by cable each friday, of the shipments from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., enable us, in connection with our previously-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a full and complete India movement for each week. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to October 30.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	nts thi	s week	Shipme	ents since	Receipts.		
	Great Brit'n.		Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1879	1,000				354,000	606,000	7,000	
$\frac{1878}{1877}$	1.000	4,000			393,000 116,000	710,000	4,000 5,000	1.011.000
1876	4,000	9,000	13,000	561,000	363,000	944,000	7,000	1,036,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 3,000 bales and a decrease in the shipments of —— bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 104,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., for the same week and years has been as follows.

CALCUTTA, MADRAS, TUTICORIN, CARWAR, RANGOON AND KURRACHBE.

	Shipm	ents this	week.	Shipments since January 1.					
Year.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.			
1879	4,000		4,000	243,000	129,000	372,000			
1878 1877	3,000		3,000	133,000 79,000	69,000 51,000	202,000 130,000			
1876	7,000	1,000	8,000	138,000	90,000	228,000			

The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 1,000 bales *more* than same week of last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week and since January 1, 1879, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	18	79.	18	78.	1877.		
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
BombayAll other ports.	5,000 4,000	606,000 372,000	5,000 3,000	710,000 196,000	5,000	795,000 130,000	
Total	9,000	978,000	8,000	906,000	5,000	925,000	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending Oct. 30, and for the three years up to that date, at all India ports.

ALEKANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we shall hereafter receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments the past week, and for the corresponding weeks of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, Oct. 30.	18	79.	18	78.	18	377.
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1		90,000 40,000		80,000	170,00 679,00	
n over beerbook varie	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	8,000 4,724	41,606 10,934	5,000 1,500		8,000 3,000	
Total Europe	12,724	52,540	6,500	29,000	11,000	57,800

* A cantar is 98 lbs.
The total receipts for 1878 and 1877 we have corrected this week.

This statement shows that the receipts the past week have been 190,000 cantars, and the shipments to all Europe 12,724 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our market report received from Manchester to-day (Oct. 31) makes no change in the quotations, and states that the market is strong, but held in check by Liverpool. We leave previous weeks prices for comparison.

		1879.							1878.					
	32s Cop. Twist.			8 ¹ 4 lbs. Shirtings.			Cott'n Mid. Uplds	32s Cop.		84 lbs. Shirtings.			Cott'n Mid. Uplds	
Aug. 29 Sept. 5 " 12 " 19 " 26	d. 8 ⁷ 8 8 ⁷ 8 8 ⁷ 8 8 ⁷ 8	d. @912 @913 @915	6666	33333	8. @7 @7 @7 @7	d. 6 6 6 6	d 61316 61316 61316 658 658	8340	938 938 914 918	6555		8. @8 @8 @7 @7	d. 0 0 9 9	d. 61116 61116 619 6716
Oet. 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 " 31	9 91 ₁₆ 946	6-97 ₁₈ @95 ₈ -11 ₁₆ @93 ₄ @93 ₄	666	419	07	6 71 ₂ 9 71 ₂ 71 ₂	658 61116 61116 678	8382 8142 8182 8	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5	6 410	@7 @7 @7 @7	719 719 6 419	6716 6516 6316

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 9,428 bales against 14,696 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since Sept. 1, 1879, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1879.

		Week ending-				Same
Exported to—	Oct. 8.	Oct. 15.	Oct. 22.	Oet. 29.	Total to date.	period previ'us year.
LiverpoolOther British ports	24,472 780	21,942 750	9,359	2,813	108,859 2,880	
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	25,252	22,692	9,359	2,813	111,739	80,697
HavreOther French ports	1,453	1,540	2,431	1,660	11,358	2,776
TOTAL FRENCH	1,453	1,540	2,431	1,660	11,358	2,776
Bremen and Hanover Hamburg Other ports		2,300 394	1,651 1,255	1,299 300 400	2,399	2,431 423
TOTAL TO NORTH. EUROPE	1,850	2,694	2,906	1,999	11,451	2,854
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r,&c				2,936	2,956	
TOTAL SPAIN, &c				2,956	2,956	
GRAND TOTAL	28,555	26,926	14,696	9,428	137,504	86,327

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1879:

Receipts	New	York.	Во	Boston.		Philadelphia.		Baltimore.	
from- This	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept.1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
N. Orl'ans	1,129	21,194							
Texas	1,209	29,312							
Savannah	5,795	55,148	1,569	8,383	14	5.566	2.441	11,158	
Mobile									
Florida	98	1.226			000000				
S. Car'lina		28.821					532	2,542	
N Car'lina	1.652						270		
Virginia	9,425						5,669		
North. pts									
Tenn., &c.					2,169		100000		
	38			10,401	2,109	0,012	******	*****	
Foreign	38	122					******	******	
This year.	27,279	222,584	13,168	60,716	2,183	13,938	8,912	33,899	
Last year.	20 831	227 400	4.899	12.459	2.028	13.223	4.974	36.171	

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 107,417 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concoraed, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Cheonicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week.

night of this week.	
	al bales.
New York—To Liverpool, per steamers Scythia, 92 Wyoming, 930Italy, 210 Sirius, 963 Celtic, 587 and 31 Sea	
Island	2,813
To Havre, per steamers Harald, 883John P. Best, 777	1,660
To Bremen, per steamer Oder, 1,299	1,299
To Hamburg, per steamer Wieland, 300	300
To Retterdam, per steamer Schiedam, 400	400
To Genoa, per steamer Pontlac, 2,956	2,956
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per steamers Highbury, 5,391	2,000
Timor, 5,894. Borussia, 3,717. To Havre, per steamers Potaro, 3,676. Scio, 4,208	15,002
Ambrose, 2.768.	10,652
To Bremen, per steamers Hannover, 2,501Lartington,	10,002
	7.237
4,736	2,039
Charleston—To Liverpool, per steamer Pedro, 2,710 Upland and 100 Sea Islandper bark Pembroke Castle, 1,155	2,039
and 100 Sea Islandper bark remotoke Cashe, 1,100	3.965
Upland To Genoa, per bark Laugen, 850 Upland	850
SAVANNAH-To Liverpool, per steamer Elpis, 5,602 Upland	300
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per steamer Eipis, 5,002 Upland	8,499
per bark Tikoma, 2,897 Upland	1,100
To Barcelona, per steamer Elvira, 1.100 Upland	1,200
To Malaga, per steamer Elvira, 1,200 Upland	1,200

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ti

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12

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32

37

	Bales.
TEXAS-To Liverpool, per steamers Marlborough, 5,750 Tunts,	
3.399 Australian, 6.767	15,916
WILMINGTON-To Liverpool, per bark D. H. Bills, 2,150	2.150
NORFOLK-To Liverpool, per steamers Monarch, 6,475 Nor-	
man Monarch, 3,852per bark Condor, 3,575	13,902
To Barcelona, per bark Ida, 1,210	1,210
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamers Serra, 2,000 Carib-	1,210
bean, 500Nova Scotian, 1,607 and 187 bags Sea Island	
Fernwood, 640.	4.934
Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Bulgarian, 1,965Bavar-	
ian, 2,797Marathon, 300Pembroke, 1,529Bohe-	
	8.189
mian, 1,598	
PHILADELPHIA-To Liverpool, per steamer Lord Gough, 1,144	1,144
Motel	107 417
Total	107,41,

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	Liver- pool.		Bremen & Ham- burg.	Rotter dam.	Barce- lona.	Malaga.	Genoa.	Total.
New York	2.813	1.660	1,599	400			2.956	9.428
N. Orleans			7.237	2,039			-,	34,930
Charleston							850	4,815
Savannah	8,499				1,100	1,200		10,799
Texas			****					15,916
Wilmington .					- 2555			2,150
Norfolk					1,210			15,112
Baltimore								4.934
Boston								8,189
Philadelphia	1,144	****			****		****	1,144
					-			

Total... 76,514 12,312 8,836 2,439 2,310 1,200 3,806 107,417

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, etc.:

carrying cotton from United States ports, etc.:

Attox, steamer (Br.), Robertson, from New Orleans, Oct. 2, for Rouen, with wheat and cotton, ran ashore on Wood Cay, Grand Bahama, Oct. 9, and was assisted off by the crews of a number of wrecking vessels. She was not damaged by the accident. (The Ayton arrived at Halliax, N. S., Oct. 22, reported short of coal, and sailed 24th for destination.)

COMMANDER, steamer (Br.) Steamer Highbury (Br.), from New Orleans, for Liverpool, with cotton, which arrived at Norfolk, Oct. 27, for coal, reports having spoken, at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 21st inst., in the Straits of Florida, the British steamer Commander, from New Orleans, for Liverpool, with a cargo of cotton, and with all well on board. The Commander's engines were working badly, with her shaft bent. The necessary repairs cannot be done at sea.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Liverpool, steam d.	14@932	14@932	14@932	140	140	732@14
Do saild.	732@14	732@14	732@14	7320	7320	316@732
Havre, steam c.	34*	34*	34*	34*	34+	34,
Do sailc.	120	120	120	120	190	120
Bremen, steamc.	1116*	1116*	1116*	1116*	1116*	1116*
Do sailc.		716	716	716	716	716
Hamburg, steam c.		34*	34*	34	34*	34*
Do sailc.	12	19	12	19	19	19
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	1116	1116	1116	1116	1116	1116
Do sail c.	a		@	@		@
Baltic, steamd.	1332	1332	1332	1333	1332	1332
Do sail d	@		2	0	20	0

* Compressed.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port:

2000 14 1/2 per hij 2 .	Oct. 10.	Oct. 17.	Oct. 24.	Oct. 31.
Sales of the weekbales.	43,000	43,000	65,000	38,000
Forwarded	2,000	3,000	2,000	4,000
Sales American	31,000	28,000	41,000	20,000
Of which exporters took	3,000	2,000	3,000	6,000
Of which speculators took	1,000	900	8,900	5,000
Total stock—Estimated	213,000	216,000	226,000	273,000
Of which American-Estim'd	69,000	71,000	87,000	142,000
Total import of the week	26,000	50,000	68,000	81,000
Of which American	15,000	33,000	53,000	73,000
Actual export	5,000	4,000	3,000	3,000
Amount afloat	177,000	210,000	273,000	258,000
Of which American	118,000	166,000	226,000	215,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the reek ending Oct. 31, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have een as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y	Friday.
Market, 2:30 P.M.	Unsettled	Firm.	Quite nominal.	Quite nominal.	Quite nominal.	Quite nominal.
Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'ns.	7 71 ₈	718 714	718 714	73 ₁₆ 75 ₁₆	75 ₁₆ 77 ₁₆	738 7716
Market.	-	-	-	-	-	_
Sales Spec.& exp.	9,000 2,000	7,000 2,000	5,000 1,000	5,000 1,000	4,000 2,000	4,000 2,000
Futures. Market, { 5 P. M.	Dull.	Flat.	Dull but steady.	Flat.	Flat.	i i

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool, for the same week, are given slow. These sales are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, aless otherwise stated.

Delivery. d.	Delivery. d.	Delivery, d.
Delivery. d. Oct7 ¹ 4@11 ₃₂ @38 @83 ₃₂ @38 OctNov615 ₃₂ @1 ₂ @15 ₃₂ NoyDec6 ³ 6@13 ₃₂	DecJan638@1132	June-July 6916
OctNov61532@12@1532	FebMar 61332 a 38	DecJan6516
NoyDec 638 @ 1332	MarApr6716@1332	May-June61732@12

A SECTION OF STREET	MONDAY.	CONTRACTOR OF SECTION
Dell'assaura d		HARD WILLIAM SHEET OF STREET
Delivery. d. Oct. 78a@13a@3a OctNov. 61532 DecJan	Delivery. d. OctNov. 613 ₃₂ NovDec. 68 ₅₂ DecJan. 68 ₅₂ JanFeb. 68 ₅₂ JanFeb. 68 ₅₂ AprMay 611 ₃₂ OctNov 63 ₈	Delivery. d. Nov.Dec. 6\frac{1}{2} Dec. Jan. 6\frac{1}{4} Dec. Jan. 6\frac{1}{4} Feb. Mar. 6\frac{1}{4} Mar. Apr. 6\frac{1}{4} May-June 6\frac{1}{3} 6\frac{1}{3} 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	TUESDAY.	
$\begin{array}{cccc} & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & Detivery. & & & & & & & & & \\ Oet. & & 7^{3}8@^{11}_{32}@^{5}_{16} & & & & & \\ Oet. & Nov. & & 6^{3}_{32}@^{1}_{4} & & & \\ Nov Dec. & & 6^{7}_{32}@^{1}_{4} & & & & \\ Jan. Feb. & & 6^{7}_{32} & & & \\ Feb. Mar. & & 6^{3}_{4} & & & & \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} & Delivery. \\ \text{MarApr.} & .69_{32} \\ \text{AprMay} & .611_{32} \\ \text{May-June} & .63_8 \\ \text{NovDec.} & .67_{32} \\ \end{array}$	Delivery. 613 ₃₈ June-July. 615 ₃₂ 07 ₁₆ NovDec. 64 July-Aug. 615 ₃₂
The state of the s	WEDNESDAY.	
$\begin{array}{c} Delivery.\\ \text{Oct.} & 79_8@13_{32}\\ \text{OctNov6l}^{5}_{32}@1_{2}@17_{32}\\ \text{NovDec.} & 69_{32}@1_{6}\\ \text{DecJan.} & 69_{22}\\ \text{Jan-Feb} & 65_{16}\\ \text{Oct.} & 70^{5}_{52}@7_{16}@13_{32}\\ \text{OctNov.} & 61^{7}_{32}\\ \text{DecJan.} & 611_{32}\\ \end{array}$	Delivery. G12 Oct. Oct	Delivery. Mar. Apr. 63s Dec. Jan 65 ₁₆ Jan. Feb 611 ₃₂ Jan. Feb. 65 ₁₆ Oct. Nov. n.ep, sl.611 ₃₂ Nov. Dec., n. crop, sail 61: ₃₂
Along Male at distance of	THURSDAY.	The Paris of the P
$\begin{array}{c} Delivery,\\ \text{Oct.} 715_{32} @^3_{18} & \text{miss}_{32} @^3_{8}\\ \text{Oct.} \text{Nov} 68_{18} @^{19}_{32}\\ & @^3_{18} @^{17}_{32}\\ \text{Nov.} \text{Dec.} 6^3_{8} @^{11}_{32}\\ \text{Dec.} \text{Jan.} 6^3_{8} @^{11}_{32} & \text{diss}_{32} & \text{diss}_{32} \\ \text{Jan.} \text{Feb.} 6^3_{8} @^{3}_{16}\\ \text{Feb.} Mr 6^1_{32} g^{2}_{32} @^{3}_{32} & \text{diss}_{32} & \text{diss}_{32$	May-June 6 2 @ 716	$\begin{array}{c} Delivery, \\ \text{Oct.} .73_{16}a^{5}_{16}a^{5}_{16} \\ \text{OctNov.} .615_{32}a^{5}_{16} \\ \text{OctNov.} .69_{32} \\ \text{NovDec.} .69_{32} \\ \text{MarApr.} .69_{32} \\ \text{MarApr.} .63_{8} \\ \text{June-July.} .63_{16} \\ \end{array}$
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	FRIDAY.	
Delivery. Oct713ag 26 1e 6 4	Delivery. FebMar	Delivery. Nov. Dec

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., October 31, 1879.

The flour market has been quite depressed, in sympathy with the decline in wheat, and prices have given way 25@40c. per bbl. Receipts have been moderate, and there has been no great pressure to sell; but accounts from the interior say production has increased, the recent rains having caused a rise in the mill streams. The higher grades have been best supported. Rye flour and corn meal have also yielded somewhat in values, without leading to important transactions. To-day the market was steadier but quiet.

The wheat market has declined materially. The support given to the market by Western operators did not prove effective in the face of reduced exports, increased receipts and accumulating stocks. The greatest depression prevailed on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday morning, when No. 2 spring sold at \$1 26@\$1 28 on the spot and \$1 31½ for December; No. 2 red winter, \$1 361/4@\$1 37 on the spot and \$1 40@ \$1 40% for December; No. 1 white at about the same prices as No. 2 red winter. Yesterday afternoon there was a sharp rally and prices improved 3@4c., No. 2 spring closing at \$1 30@\$1 31 on the spot and \$1 35 for December; and No. 2 red winter and No. 1 white, \$1 40@\$1 40\\(2\) on the spot and \$1 45\\(4\)@\$1 45\\(2\) for December. To-day there was some further improvement, with an active speculation in No. 2 red winter at \$1 42@1 43 for November and \$1 47@\$1 47% for December, and the close was firm.

Indian corn also declined, especially for Western mixed; other grades, being quite scarce, were better supported. No. 2 mixed sold on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday morning at 58c., spot and November, and 60c. for December, but recovered and closed last evening at 59 1/2c. for November and 62c. for December. Choice Western white has brought about 70c. To-day the opening was firmer, but the early improvement was lost at the close.

Rye has been dull, drooping and unsettled. But to-day there was more steadiness and prime State sold at 89c. Barley has declined, with sales yesterday of No. 1 Canada at 95c. To-day the market was weak and irregular. Oats have declined two or three cents a bushel, with trade slow and the market unsettled. The close yesterday was steadier, however, No. 2 mixed selling for December at 413/4@42c. To-day the market was firmer, with No. 2 graded quoted at 40%c. for mixed and 411/4c. for white.

The following are closing quotations:

NOVEMBER 1, 1579.	THE CP
No. 2	Wheat— GRAIN.
Superfine State and Western 500% 540	No. 3 spring. 3 bu.\$1 26 @1 28
Western	No. 2 spring 1 31 @1 33 Amber winter 1 35 @1 41 Red winter, No. 2 1 41 @1 42
extras	Willie 13/ @142
Western winter ship-	Corn-West, mixed 58 @ 60
ping extras 5 75@ 6 10 do XX and XXX 6 25@ 7 25	
Minnesota patents 675@ 850	Western White 62 & 67 Rye—West'n, No 2. 87 @ 88 State and Canada 88 @ 89
Southern, bakers' and	State and Canada 88 @ 89
City shipping extras. 5 65% 6 40 Southern, bakers' and family brands 6 75% 7 73 South'n ship'g extras. 6 00% 6 40 Rye flour, superfine. 5 25% 5 73	White 40 2 44
Rye flour, superfine 5 25@ 5 75 Corn meal—	Barley-Canada W. 87 @ 94
Western, &c 2 75@ 3 10	State, 4-rowed 73 @ 85 State, 2-rowed 70 @ 77
Brandywine, &c 3 300 3 40	at Western lake and river ports
for the week ending Oct. 25:	· 10 10
Flour, Wheat, bbls. bush.	Corn, Oats, Barley. Rye, bush. bush. bush. bush.
At— (196 lbs.) (60 lbs.) Chicago 62,192 1,240,049 1	(56 lbs.) (32 lbs.) (48 lbs.) (56 lbs.) ,468.186 393,794 258,873 90,683 25,210 28,050 294,269 42,590
Milwankee 66.689 804.149	25,210 28,050 294,269 42,590
Toledo	145,479 86,169 2,199 1,619 10,844 7,745 52,005 47,720 9,050 3,150
St. Louis 43,419 513,159	1,619 10,844 7,745 52,005 47,720 9,050 3,150 120,105 98,565 78,879 22,262
Peoria 1,615 9,600 Duluth 3,100 182,958	192,950 174,400 44,500 40,600 17,293
Total 191,596 3,849,820 2 Previous week. 175.823 3,943.954 1 Same time '78 138,639 2,020,852 1	,701,743 941,542 648,316 181,484 ,701,743 729,211 659,551 145,6 8
for four years:	from Jan. 1 to Oct. 25, inclusive,
1879.	1878. 1877. 1876. 477,914 3,821,858 4,405.970
1291, 129	
Wheat bush. 82,662,912 70, Coru 82,024,630 82,	792,268 40,081,179 45,516,194 120,293 68,750,596 70,914,025
Oats	648,471 20,286,663 21,907,302 848,552 6,464,984 6,707,673
Rye 4,042,663 4,	256,528 4,492,201 2,058,903
	666,112 140,075,623 147,134,397
	at the same ports from Aug. 1
to Oct. 25, inclusive, for four ye	1878. 1877. 1876.
Flour bls. 1,836,693 1.	481,285 1,585,016 1,470,202
Wheatbush. 45,397,444 36,	785,279 29,789 561 19,072,356
Corn. 28,996,513 29, Oats. 10,461,086 12,	616,141 25,845,009 28,509,677 987,430 9.461,189 8,070,594 917.701 3,611,198 3,738,434
Oats 10,461,086 12, Barley 4,867,490 4, Rye 2,260,829 2,	987,430 9.461,189 8,070,594 917,701 3,611,198 3,738,434 197,219 1,539,094 1,021,487
	503,770 69,246,051 60,412,548
Comparative chipments of fl	our and grain from the came
ports from Jan. 1 to Oct. 25, inc.	lusive, for four years:
ports from Jan. 1 to Oct. 25, inc. 1879. Flourbbls. 5,949,042 4,	1878. 1877. 1876. 746,694 4,062,951 3,797,844
Wheat lunch 60 002 000 59	249 191 24 614 507 41 194 940
Corn	254,585 61,305,947 66,647,742 999,294 15,933,015 17,936,690
Barley 4,196,017 3,	254,885 61,303,947 66,647,742 999,294 15,933,015 17,936,690 949,216 4,218,715 2,680,688 300,454 2,118,169 1,707,525
PARTIES OF THE PARTIE	
	842,030 118,190,353 130,104,494
	ame ports for the last four weeks: Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye,
anding hhla hugh	bush, bush, bush, bush,
Oct 18 225 187 3 529 355 2 8	21 289 441 890 33 494 101 218
Oct. 11188,142 3,080,685 2,5 Oct. 4182,703 2,499,886 1,4	588,373 610,088 400,742 162,081 22,687 479,591 414,863 177,503
	206.736 1.972.234 1,454.650 540 768 70,956 2.245 322 1,379.652 448.967
ended Oct. 25:	at seaboard ports for the week
Flour, Wheat,	Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye,
At- bbls, bush. New York 145,681 2,726,618 Boston 69,053 217,799 Portland 3,600 18,400	bush. bush. bush. bush. 554,841 351,100 303,180 71,129 257,705 93,099 22,515 800 6,500 2,500
Boston 69,033 217,799 Portland 3,600 18,400	0 257,705 93,099 22,515 800 6,500 2,500
Montreal 22,209 241,107 Philadelphia 17,520 405,500	7 213,094 14,434 10,940 20,720 182,500 84,000 46,500 3,000
Baltimore 15,586 1.072,720	182,500 84,000 46,500 3,000 344,200 23,100 1,600 20,988 25,065
Previous week 281,829 4,909,253	\$ 1,579,828 602,398 383,135 97.249 2,301.549 476.420 271.667 270.629 1,1725,971 418,780 406,922 65,519 2 1,306,434 878,916 448,764 204,043
Cor. week '78 270,055 3,625,497 Cor. week '77 277,677 3,536,842	7 1,725,971 418,780 406,922 65,519 2 1.306,434 878,916 448,764 204,043
And from Jan. 1 to Oct. 25, in 1879.	clusive, for four years:
Flourbbls. 8,705,064 7,	1878. 1877. 1876. 614,282 6,340,645 7,913,162
The state of the s	
Wheat bush 122,230,709 87 Corn 91,125,492 91 Oats 18,288,961 20 Barley 2,691,094 4	$\begin{array}{cccccc} ,606,037 & 32,104,348 & 35,302,169 \\ ,739,062 & 72,667,226 & 72,901,728 \\ ,551,079 & 17,324,838 & 20.816,602 \\ ,035,385 & 4,257,650 & 4,581,317 \\ ,108,099 & 2,123,967 & 977,976 \end{array}$
Oats	,551,079 17,324,838 20,816,602 ,035,385 4,257,650 4,581,317 ,108,099 2,123,967 977,976
	,039,602 128,478,029 136,579,592
for week ending Oct 25.	aboard ports and from Montreal
for week ending Oct. 25: Flour, Wheat,	Corn, Oats, Rye, Peas,
From— bblg, bush	bush, bush, bush, bush
New York 142,493 1,778,245 Boston 25,959 146,027 Portland 85 18,400	
Portland 85 18,400 Montreal 10,740 288,716	96,158 18,617 52,214 292,726 47,715 50,005
Portland 85 18,400 Montreal. 10,740 288,716 Philadelphia 1,600 440,744 Baltimore 4,254 1,025,578	96,158 18,617 52,214 292,746 47,715 50,005 50,005
Total for w'r 185 131 3 696 710	1.095.119 23.670.114.339.300.507
Previous week. 127,907 3,617,390 Two weeks ago 127,794 4,604,154 Same time '78. 84,376 1,461,873	1,104,913 43,163 124,659 112,788 1,260,252 18,105 84,599 158,916 635,429 58,585 70,076 38,281
Same time '78. 84,376 1,461,873	635,429 58,585 70,076 38,281

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by lake, rail and canal, Oct. 25, was as follows:

In Store at-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York			733.764	89,661	150,503
Do. affoat (est.)					
Albany	62,000		156.000	105,000	88,000
Buffalo	1,580,532		4,000	168,544	18,135
Chicaro	4,259,593		694,287	636,382	139,590
Milwaukee	1,519,012		32,216	530,817	56,457
Duinih	45,769				
Toledo	1.102,416		195,543	7,800	5,020
Detroit	1,084,680		3,771	86	
Oswego	250,000		2,000	720,000	16,000
St. Louis	1,417,607		195,220	47,493	46,466
Boston	270,663		125,749	13,362	497
Toronto	224,704		1,000	331,294	17,633
Montreal (15th)			250	34,232	1,114
Philadelphia	845,578				25,332
Peoria	5,715		133,286	11,327	64,142
Indianapolis	81,000		183,000	*******	10,450
Kansas City	465,334		100,259	8,472	5,344
Baltimore					
Rail shipments		307,131	401,153	230,136	57,368
Lake shipments				71,415	
On Canal	2.800,000	1,105,000	94,000	784,000	71,000
Total	25,691,223	10,413,384	3,092,010	3,790,021	812,051
Oct. 19, '79	23,295,349	10,562,315	2.808,398	3, 17, 209	694.784
Oct. 11, '79	20,787,411	11,037,559	2,705,182	2,062,042	764,511
Oct. 4, '79		10,938,531			
Sept. 27, 79	17,180,443	11,342,110			
Oct. 26, '78					

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., Oct. 31, 1879.

The general market has been fairly active the past week, and there was a very satisfactory movement in spring woolens and nearly all makes of domestic cotton goods. The advancing tendency of wool and cotton has given confidence to buyers of manufactured goods, and even the most conservative merchants are now operating without hesitatancy, and anticipating future wants to an unusual extent. The supply of cotton goods lags far behind the demand at present, and many makes of brown and bleached goods are sold ahead for months to come. Spring woolens have of late been ordered with such freedom by the clothing trade that the entire product of many leading mills has already been disposed of and the samples withdrawn from the market. Under these circumstances prices are very firm, with a tendency toward still higher figures, and the business outlook is very encouraging.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS .- During the week ending October 28 the exports of domestics from this port to foreign markets reached 2,345 packages, including 821 to Great Britain, 402 to Hayti, 306 to Venezuela, 305 to Brazil, 192 to U. S. of Colombia. 179 to British Honduras, and several smaller shipments. There was an active demand for brown and bleached cottons, for which liberal orders were placed "at value" for future delivery. owing to the meagre supply of such fabrics at present on the market. Colored cottons were in improved request, and a good business was reported in cheviots, ticks, denims, ducks, osnaburgs, cottonades, &c. Prices continued to advance, and many additional makes of brown, bleached and colored cottons, wide sheetings, corset jeans, &c., were marked up from 5 to 7½ per cent. Dealings in print cloths were continued on a liberal scale, and prices ruled firm at 41/4c. cash for 64x64 spots and futures and 34@31/c. cash for 56x60s. Shirting prints were fairly active and fancies in moderate request. Ginghams met with liberal sales but cotton dress goods were a trifle quiet.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—The main feature of the woolen goods market was the active demand for spring woolens by the clothing trade. It has rarely been the case that light-weight woolens have been ordered with such freedom as of late, and stocks have probably never been so well in hand at this early stage of the season. Fancy cassimeres continued in good request, as were cheviots and worsted coatings, and, as above stated, agents have been compelled to discontinue taking orders for many prominent makes, because the entire spring product has already been engaged. For heavy woolens there was a fair hand-to-mouth demand, and flannels and blankets were in steady request and very firm, with a tendency toward higher quotations. Worsted dress goods were taken in moderate lots to a considerable aggregate, and rather more animation was noticed in shawls and felt skirts. Prices of woolen goods generally are very strong, in sympathy with the staple, and some makes of worsted coatings, &c., have been materially advanced.

advanced.

Foreign Dry Goods.—Business was only moderate with importers, but a favorable change in the weather has imparted more activity to the jobbing and retail branches of the trade; and this has caused a somewhat better demand for small re-assortments at first hands. Silks ruled quiet, and dress goods were in irregular demand, but fairly steady in price.

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Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Oct. 30, 1879, and for the corresponding weeks of 1878 and 1877, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 30, 1879.

Course to Company	1877.		1878.		1879.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of-		* \$		\$	-	*
Wool	349	120.251	573	204,287	435	147,75
Cotton	314	96,948	600	147,758	448	131,85
Silk	342	187,964	698	433,903	894	399,27
Flax	444	97,417	744	166,738	627	120,41
Miscellaneous	473	106,892	247	113,713	1,321	139,90
Total	1,922	609,472	2,862	1,066,399	3,725	939,19
WITHDRAWN FROM					IE MAR	KET DUR
	INC	THE SAM	E PERI	OD.		
Manufactures of-	295	107.416	317	119,331	230	00.00
Wool	86					89,36
Cotton	61	24,468	210	47,093	87	19,24
Silk		52,581	67		78	54,17
Flax	298	53,751	233		224	47,10
Miscellaneous	1,142	33,964	772	41,849	1,084	40,21
Total	1,872	272.180	1,599	303,299	1,703	250,09
Ent'd for consumpt.	1,922	609,472		1,066,399	3,725	939,19
Total on market	3,794	881,652	4,461	1,369,698	5,428	1,189,29
ENTERED	FOR W	AREHOUSE	DURIN	G SAME PI	ERIOD.	
Manufactures of-	1	1		1	1	
Wool	232	74,650	213		273	102,368
Cotton	68	26,039	133	43,519	184	47,539
8ilk	45	57,156	48	41,979	85	65,694
Flax	862	57,279	226	44,333	745	51,54
Miscellaneous	2,288	29,795	21	25,149	691	50,237
Total	3.495	244.919	641	251,253	1,978	317,379
Ent'd for consumpt.	1,922	600,472		1,066,399	3.725	939,199
Total at the port	5,417	854,391	0.500	1,317,652	F 500	1,256,578

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of leading articles at this port since January 1, 1879, and for the same period in 1878:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	1879.	1878.		1879.	1878.
China, &c	1.1		Metals, &c-		
China	14,456	12,516	Lead, pigs .	12,114	5,896
Earthenw .	35,135	31,773	Spelter, lbs	1,569,985	969,213
Glass	196,781	195,960		70,204	35,727
Glassware.	40,683	26,503		1,242,640	992,548
Glass plate.	4,120	4,229		13,059,566	9,222,590
Buttons	8,584	7,520	Paper Stock	121,325	108,363
Coal, tons	49,576	116,629	Sugar, hhds.	7	,
Cocoa, bags.	27,911	18,597	tcs., & bbls.	586,198	514,163
Coffee, bags.	1,920,546	1,373,383	Sugar, boxes	,	,
Cotton, bales	10.528	4,572	and bags	1,400,361	1,829,449
Drugs, &c-	20.020	-10	Tea	738,588	763,142
Bark, Peru.	37,305	34.022	Tobacco	42,978	47,691
Blea. powd.	16,052		Waste	4331	384
Cochineal.	3,518	2,812		200	00.
Gambier	37,276	15,272			
Gum, Arab.	4,564	3,280		89,331	76,005
Indigo	4,882	5,131	Wines	154,354	110,859
Madder, &c	2,429	4.298	Wool, bales.	49,314	26,312
Oil, Olive	42,167	33,330		20,013	20,012
Opium	884	858			
Soda, bi-cb.	14,215	17,702		1,064,256	1,260,112
Soda, sal	46,222		Corks	58,539	53,299
Soda, ash	62,242		Fancy goods	894,245	924,635
Flax	2,652	0 630	Fish	454,850	404,338
Furs	7,931	5,554	Fruits, &c.	*34,000	404,000
Gunny cloth		1,049		1,209,641	1,243,595
Hair	1,488 4,513	3,907		1,463,801	1,339,405
Hemp, bales		142,567	Oranges	599,366	624,586
	152,893	142,007		906.542	
Hides, &c	1011	1 107	Raisins	9,443,821	829,023
	1,311	1,107	Hides, undr.		9,049,638
Hides,dr'sd	4,590	4,177	Rice	262,818	229,674
India rubber	39,944	37,043	Spices, &c	000 100	100 000
Ivory	1,553	1,459		228,407	126,280
Jewelry,&c-	0.400	0.100	Ginger	118,462	48,889
Jewelry	2,426	2,125		392,955	322,684
Watches	611	466	Saltpetre	253,066	176,119
Linseed	316,344	213,968		000 000	040 =04
Molasses	86,669	74,790		390,339	340,784
Metals, &c-		0.444	Fustic	113,495	38,550
Cutlery	4,154	3,411		617,963	524,540
Hardware	534	5.11	Mahogany .	184,029	52,710

Exports of Provisions.

The following are the exports of provisions from New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Montreal, Portland and New Orleans, for the week ending October 25, 1879, and their distribution:

то-	Pork, bbls.	Beef, bbls.	Lard, lbs.	Bacon, lbs.	Cheese, lbs.	Tallow,
Liverpool	417	1,527	1,568,123	7,598,835		608,800
London	284	329	60,000		1,014,060	
Glasgow		70	109,400			272,300
Bri tol		99	400	185,250		
Hull			10,400	219,450	6,000	
British ports.			32,000	335,650		126,600
Hamburg	75	102	496,980		-3,-00	
Bremen		. 3	64,327	54,625		
Rotterdam		273	106,000	226,075		262,000
Antwerp			506,000	1,052,675		7,000
Havre	4	125	506,757	1,063,135		,,000
Marseilles			234,640		1000	
Contin'l ports				do dita	100 Automit	******
West Indies!	1,784	271	344,501	123,863	19,261	3,767
8.&C.America	392	106	595,788	44,691	2,431	15,446
B. N. A. Col	1,034	99	17,326	5,007		1,500
Oth'r countr's	879	150	16,790	169,300		1,800
Total week	4.869	3,154	4.759.432	13,520,681	3.334.427	1.335.213
Previous w'k	7.958		5,214,563		2.381,209	1,227,416

Receipts of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce.

The following table, based upon daily reports made to the New York Produce Exchange, shows the receipts of leading articles of domestic produce in New York for the week ending with Tuesday last (corresponding with the week for exports) also the receipts from January 1, 1879, to that day, and for the corresponding period in 1878:

Table to	Week ending Oct. 28.	Since Jan. 1, 1879.	Same time last year.
Ashesbbls.	97	5,106	3,464
Beansbbls.	2,232	62,775	61,601
Breadstuffs-			ALL COUNTRY OF
Flour, wheatbbls.	140,445	4,377,453	3,583,161
Corn mealbbis.	2,405	129,391	160,435
Wheatbush.	2,668,751	58,466,306	52,661,279
Ryebush.	53,821	2,759,503	3,344,542
Cornbush.	485,750	36,190,214	33,433,361
Oatsbush.	358,033	9,259,663	12,632,810
Barley and maltbush.	404,720	3,546,541	4,404.979
Peasbush.	29,946	325,001	569 736
Cottonbales.	22,563	649,758	718,731
Cotton seed oilbbls.	110	18,978	28,017
Flax seedbags.	21,053	299,667	273,439
Grass seedbags.	7,685	132,862	153,472
HidesNo.	5,148	176,182	139,028 101,502
Hidesbales.	1,212 7,215	99,164 90,532	101,502
Hopsbales.	72,154		62,751
Leathersides.	1,868	3,509,975 2,571,650	3,631,061
Leadpigs. Molasseshhds.	1,000	4,980	252,830
Molassesbbls.	173	76,380	117,825
Naval Stores—	1/0	10,000	117,820
Turpentine, crude bbls.		1,971	2,198
Turpentine, spirits bbls.	1.363	64,760	64,941
Rosinbbls.	9,284	279,964	335,085
Tarbbls.	0,202	22,263	18,219
Pitch bbls.		3,213	2,594
Oil cakepkgs.	12,947	363,486	383,902
Oil, lardbbls.	50	12,203	14,636
Oil, whalegalls.		22,200	116,084
Peanutsbush.	945	77.448	56,428
Provisions-	0.0	,	00,120
Porkpkgs.	1,839	186,355	188,244
Beefpkgs.	1,151	34,727	43,344
Cutmeatspkgs.	32,847	1,513,560	1,0:8,286
Butterpkgs.	36,289	1.198,444	1.03: 672
Cheesepkgs.	101,277	2,197,855	2,622, 506
Eggsbbls.	8,119	390,857	413 751
Lardtcs. & bbls.	10,213	575,310	192.191
Lard	2,126	56,599	36,276
Hogs, dressedNo.		49,869	20,083
Ricepkgs.	1,324	31,512	3 ,715
Spelterslabs.	483	65,769	62,920
Stearinepkgs.	141	22,462	16,533
Sugarbbls.	******	1,673	1,266
Sugarhhds.	2.532	31,478	16,033
Tallowpkgs.	3,259	85,037	66,440
Tobacco boxes & cases.	4,228	149,490	182,041
Tobaccohhds.	2,051	91,922	134,862
Whiskeybbls.	5,312	219,278	169,725
Woolbales.	5,662	108,375	72,901

Exports of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce.

The following table, based upon Custom House returns, shows the exports from New York of all leading articles of domestic produce for the week ending with Tuesday last; also the exports from the 1st of January, 1879, to the same day, and for the corresponding period in 1878:

Week ending Oct. 28.	Since Jan. 1, 1879.	Same time last year.
40	1,140	1,265
	144	196
1.805	61,763	142,650
-,		
145.123	2.826.421	2,021,935
		3,692
		170,527
1.468.705	54.162.739	45,345,435
		3,634,698
		3,350,969
		1,518,417
		345,938
		23,698,024
		38,965
		45,504
13,269		365,664
		119,407
		49,946
4,102	50,381	39,353
	150	135
0	8.335	15,169
1.800		211,98
	5.854	6,768
		4.938
		1,440,64
40,101	1,200,010	1,110,010
	201.725	391,920
******	115.295	452,965
9 989	1 072 471	1,058,751
799	10.765	8,915
		176,396,683
0,240,000	210,700,200	110,000,000
4 420	203 646	198,610
	42 460	
	45,405	42,029
		48,204
		371,586,379
		19,547,006
		117,538,401
3,974,433	195,662,327	213,372,637
214	12,416	19,613
1,060,913	54,481,113	60,985,919
1.691	55,400	101,981
2,429	31,464	75,499
81,540	5,405,709	6,114,848
	0ct. 28. 40 1,805 145,123 3,226 1,468,705 120,653 5,283 10,352 12,949 695,059 2,161 624 13,269 2,345 219 4,102 1,800 1388 117 43,707 8,968 4,439 1909 1,483 5,414,132 1,305,558 1,882,901 3,974,333 1,060,913 1,661	Oct. 28. 1879. 40 1,140 1,805 61,765 145,123 2,826,421 25 5,347 3,226 127,327 1,468,705 54,162,739 120,653 3,619,487 43,855 130,387 12,959 279,130 695,059 20,501,072 2,161 50,667 624 51,907 4,102 50,881 1,809 14,184 219 50,481 1,800 14,964 117 4,235 4,3707 115,295 1,072 115,295 1,072 115,295 1,072 216,733,296 4,439 203,646 4,439 203,646 4,439 203,646 4,439 203,646 1,882 1,935,558 1,1,230 45,228 5,414,132 455,313,586 1,397,333 195,662,327

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GENERAL	1
PRICES CURRENT.	1
ASHES— Pot, awor el	1
### ### ##############################	
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	-
do tally boards, com.to g'd, each. 22 @ 30 Oak	
Maple M. It. 20 00 @ 45 00	
##### - 104004.ccm.fen. & sh. \(\pi \) keg 3 61 \(\precest{3} \) 3 35 Clinch, 14 to 8 in. \(\pi \) to 8 in. \(\pi \) 10 8 dine. \(\pi \) 5 55 Cutspikes, all sizes. \(\pi \) 2 4 5 funds—Ld., in oh, com, price. \(\pi \) 18 \(\pi \)	
3d fine. 5 ts. Cutspikes, allsizes. 7 ts. Cutspikes. 7 ts. Cutspikes	1
BUTER—(Wholessie Prices)— State, palls & tube, far to choe, w b. Weet's creamery good to prime '23 28 Weet's creamery good to prime '25 28 Weet's State, fair to choice. '25 28 Weetern dary, fair to choice. '13 25	1
State factory, fair to prime 9 1148 124	1
Onco nat, tart to nee. 9 1850 COAL— Liverpool gas cannel. 9 8 100 Liverpool house cannel 21 100 ANTERACITE—The following will show prices at last auction or N. v. 1 schelule rates; the names immediately above the figures indicate the places of delivery.	
mediately above the ngures indicate the places of delivery; Penn. D. L.&W. Schedule. Auction. New Sept. 23. Diag. Hoboken. Vechedule. Port Schedule. Port Schedule. Diag. Hoboken. Vechewaykea. Johnst'n.	-
5t'mb\$ \$1 071/02 00 \$2 90 \$1 90	
8tove	-
do fair, do	-
Mexican	-
Laguayra	
COSTA RICA 5 18% COPPER— 5 18 5 28 Sheathing, new (over 12 0z) 5 26 Braziers' (over 16 0z.) 28	
American Ingot, Lake	
Alum, jump, Am	1
Bleaching powder. \$\mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{io} \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{18} \text{2} \\ \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{in} \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{io} \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{10} \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{18} \text{2} \\ \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{in} \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \text{2} \\ \mathbb{\mathbb{H}} \	
Camphor refined	
Cochineal, Handuras, silver 66	
Outebra	1
Change C	-
Nutgalls, blue Aleppo	-
Ranbarn, China, good to pr	
Sugar of lead, white, prime * b. 15 6 15% Viriol, blue, common 7 6 134	1
BBH	
do Layers, new 280 6	
Pranes, Turkish, new	1
Sardines, F quarter box 10%@ 10%	-
do State, sliced,	1
Peaches, pared, Ga., g'dtoch, new 9 a 15 do unp': halves and q:s. new 6 7, Blackberries (new). 27 6 29 Cherries, pitted, dry mixed (new). 114 8 12 Plums, State (new). 15	-
Piums, Siste (new). 15 16 10 Damsons (new) 1: @ 12 Whortleberries (new) 1242 12	1

THE CHRON	NICLE.
GUNNIKS.—See report under Cott HAY— North River shipping # 100	
HRMP ANDJUIK— American dressed	145 60a 160 00 125 (0a 170 00a 250 00a 534a 634 534a 43
Dry Buenos Ayres selected. #1 Montevideo, do " Corrientes, do " Bio Grande, do " Orinoco, do " California, do " Matamoras. do " Wet Salted Buen, Ay, selected "	22×6 23 18 6 19 11 c 12 10 6 10×
HOPS— New Yorks, new crop, fair to chol Eastern, new crop Western, new crop Olds, all growths. Yearlings.	00e 33 @ 48 30 @ 40 50 @ 40 4 @ 10 7 4 18
INDIA RUBBER— Para, fine. Para, coarse. Emeralda, pressed, strip. Guayaquil, pressed, strip. Pansma strip. Carthsgena, pressed. Nicaragua, sheet. Nicaragua, scrap. Mexican, sheet.	93
RON- Pig, American, No.1	00. 28 00 @ 29 03 27 00 @ 28 00 26 00 @ 27 00 26 50 @ 39 03
Ordinary foreign	be 6
LEATHER— Hemlock, Buen, A'res, h., m.&i., a' California, h., m. & i ' common uide, h., m. & i ' rough Slaughter crop. Oak, rough	23 6 253 2836 7 243 23 6 32 23 6 37 30 6 81
MOLASSES— Cuba, clayed Cuba, Mus., 50 test	23 @ 40 30 @
NAVAL STORES— Tar, Washington Tar, Wilmington Pitch, city Spirits turpentine Rosin, strained to good strd. w b low No. 1 to good 1/0. 1 low No. 2 to good 1/0. 1 low No. 2 to good 1/0. 2 low pale to extra ; a'c. window glass.	bbl. 2 58 3 2 62) 2 50 2 2 62) 3 2 50 2 2 63) 4 7 6 6 6 25 6 00 0 7 00
NUTS— Almonds, Jordan shelled	1b 55 6 846 113 1146 12 10 6 113
Oll.S— Cotton seed, crude	79 @ 81 81 6 82 45 6 76 49 6 60 42 6 48 9) 6 105 6
OIL CaKE— City, thin oblong, bags	ral. 642 7)
PROVIBIONS Pork, mess, spot	bl. 10 50 a
Inferior to common refining	b. 7% a 13

TALLOW- Prime city	7 @	735
TIN— Banca	26 0 25 % 2 7 8 % 3	2114
FREUGHTO— TO LIVERPOOL: \$.d. **. 7-320 \ \ Flour **. \ \$bi.	8-16@	

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